(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:21:00 ON 30 JUN 2008)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:21:32 ON 30 JUN 2008

L1 375 S LI AND MN AND NI AND CO AND (V OR AL OR MG OR CR OR TI OR CU

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:22:36 ON 30 JUN 2008

L2 116 S L1

L3 113 S L2 AND BATTERY

=> d 1-113 ibib ti it abs

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:441499 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:430069

TITLE: Blended mixed oxide cathodes for secondary

batteries and the secondary batteries

INVENTOR(S): Sho, Masaaki; Noquchi, Takehiro; Numata, Tatsuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NEC Tokin Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2008084743	Α	20080410	JP 2006-264739	20060928
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-264739	20060928

TI Blended mixed oxide cathodes for secondary batteries and the secondary batteries

IT Battery cathodes
Secondary batteries

(secondary batteries with Li Co Mn mixed oxide mixture cathodes)

IT 193215-97-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.25LiMn0.4Ni0.3502) 467253-79-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.35LiMn0.25Ni0.402) 532934-38-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.34LiMn0.33Ni0.3302) 1013625-43-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Al0.03Co0.03Li1.05Mn1.8904) 1013625-47-2, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Al0.07Co0.07Li1.1Mn1.7604) 1013625-70-1 1017558-73-4 1017558-76-7 1017558-79-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.4LiMn0.35Ni0.2502) 1017558-86-9 1017558-90-5

1017558-93-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (secondary batteries with Li Co Mn mixed oxide mixture cathodes)

AB The title cathode contains (A) Li1+xMn2-x-y-z-wAlyCozMgwO4 (0.03 < x < 0.25; 0.01 < y < 0.2; 0.01 < z < 0.2; 0 \le w < 0.1; x + y + z + w < 0.4) and (B) Li1+a(Ni1-p-q-rCopMnqMer)O4 (Me = Mg, Al, Fe, Cr, Ti, and/or In; 0 \le a < 0.1; 0.2 < p < 0.45; 0.2 < q < 0.45; 0 \le r < 0.15). Preferably, A is spinel-structured and/or B is layer-structured. Secondary batteries having the above stated cathodes are also claimed. The batteries show high performance for long period.

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1362190 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:508771

TITLE: Synthesis and characterization of metal (Fe, Al or Mg) doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 particle by ultrasonic

spray pyrolysis

AUTHOR(S): Myoujin, Kenichi; Ogihara, Takashi; Nakane, Koji;

Ogata, Nobuo

CORPORATE SOURCE: University of Fukui, 9-1 Bunkyo 3, Fukui-shi, Fukui,

910-8507, Japan

SOURCE: Transactions of the Materials Research Society of

Japan (2007), 32(3), 717-720 CODEN: TMRJE3; ISSN: 1382-3469

PUBLISHER: Materials Research Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Synthesis and characterization of metal (Fe, Al or Mg) doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 particle by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; synthesis and characterization of Fe, Al, Mg doped cobalt lithium manganese oxide powder by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis)

IT Crystal structure

Particle size Surface area

Surface structure

Thermal decomposition

(synthesis and characterization of Fe, Al, Mg doped cobalt lithium manganese oxide powder by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis)

IT 1021525-46-1

RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)

(synthesis and characterization of Fe, Al, Mg doped cobalt lithium manganese oxide powder by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis)

IT 346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 1021525-38-1P 1021525-39-2P 1021525-40-5P

1021525-42-7P 1021525-43-8P 1021525-44-9P

1021525-45-0P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and characterization of Fe, Al, Mg doped cobalt lithium manganese oxide powder by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis)

AB Spherical metal (Fe, Al or Mg) doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 precursor powders were synthesized by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis using aqueous solution of

metal nitrate. XRD, SEM and BET anal. were used for determination of the composition,

morphol., particle size and surface area. SEM observation showed that the size of as-prepared particles were .apprx.0.9 μm with narrow size distribution. The crystal phase of metal (Fe, Al or Mg) doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 was resulted in layered rock salt structure with R.hivin.3m space group after calcinations at 1023 K, 10 h. No impurity-related peaks are observed from the XRD pattern with various doping metals. Mg and Al doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02 showed a very good cycling stability. The Mg substitution for Ni led to the most excellent results. However, the capacity fading on cycling was observed for Fe(5%, substitution for Mn) and Mg(30%, substitution for Co and Mn) doped Li (Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02.

REFERENCE COUNT:

16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1146179 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:452241

TITLE: Method of preparing cathode active material for

lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Sun, Yang-Kook; Park, Byung-Chun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Industry-University Cooperation Foundation Hanyang

University, S. Korea

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SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 56pp.
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CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
    W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN,
            KP, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
            MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,
            RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
    KR 2007097923 A 20071005
KR 822012 B1 20080414
                                         KR 2006-28861
                                                                20060330
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          KR 2006-28861
                                                          A 20060330
    Method of preparing cathode active material for lithium battery
ΤI
    Secondary batteries
ΙT
       (lithium; method of preparing cathode active material for lithium
       battery)
    Battery cathodes
ΤT
       (method of preparing cathode active material for lithium battery
    146956-42-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.2Ni0.402)
ΤT
    179802-95-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.1Ni0.802)
    193215-53-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502)
    270918-91-7P 459408-76-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
    (Co0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2) 952209-16-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
    oxide (Co0.13LiMn0.07Ni0.802) 952209-18-6P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
       (method of preparing cathode active material for lithium battery
AB
    A pos. active material according to one embodiment of the present
    invention includes an internal bulk part and an external bulk part
    surrounding the internal bulk part and has a continuous concentration gradient
\circf
    the metal composition from an interface between the internal bulk part and the
    external bulk part to the surface of the active material. The provided
    pos. active material in which the metal composition is distributed in a
    continuous concentration gradient has excellent electrochem. characteristics
    as a cycle life, capacity, and thermal stability.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        4
                              THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                             RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L3 ANSWER 4 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1120922 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        147:430313
TITLE:
                       Cathode materials for lithium secondary
                       batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes
                      Abe, Isao; Matsumoto, Satoshi; Tsutsumi, Shuji;
INVENTOR(S):
```

Takeuchi, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita

Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 16pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20070231694	A1	20071004	US 2007-727410	20070326
JP 2007273106	A	20071018	JP 2006-93659	20060330
CN 101047246	A	20071003	CN 2007-10090083	20070326
KR 2007098562	A	20071005	KR 2007-29188	20070326
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-93659	A 20060330

TI Cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes

IT Battery cathodes

Secondary batteries

(cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes)

IT Carbon black, uses

Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes)

- ΙT 209908-08-7P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15LiNi0.82O2) 473701-51-8P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.02Ni0.82O2) 951656-94-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.16Li1.02Ni0.8102) 951656-95-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.14Li1.02Ni0.8302) 951656-96-5P 951656-99-8P, Aluminum lithium 951656-97-6P 951656-98-7P nickel oxide (Al0.01Li1.02Ni0.9902) 951657-00-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.47Li1.02Ni0.502) 951663-36-8P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.1Ni0.82O2) RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes)
- IT 872-50-4, N-Methylpyrrolidone, uses 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 24937-79-9, Polyvinylidene fluoride

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes)

- IT 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide, processes 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
 - (in preparation of cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes) $\,$
- IT 1310-66-3, Lithium hydroxide monohydrate 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, processes 7664-41-7, Ammonia, processes 7681-52-9, Sodium hypochlorite 10026-24-1 10034-99-8, Magnesium sulfate heptahydrate 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10101-97-0, Nickel sulfate hexahydrate 13465-27-5, Manganese sulfate pentahydrate

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (in preparation of cathode materials for lithium secondary batteries with non-aqueous electrolytes)

AB This cathode material consists of a Li/Ni composite oxide with high capacity, low cost, good heat stability and good safety in nonaq.

electrolyte-based secondary batteries. The Li/Ni composite oxide powder is obtained by H2O washing fired powders described by LiNi1-aMaO2, followed by filtering and drying. In the formula, M represents a transition metal other than Ni, group 2 elements, or group 13 elements and $0.01 \le a \le 0.5$. The sp. surface area of the Li/Ni composite oxide powders after H2O washing is 0.3 to 2.0 m2/q.

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1120466 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:430306

TITLE: Cathode active material for nonaqueous electrolyte-based secondary battery and

production method therefor

INVENTOR(S): Abe, Isao; Matsumoto, Satoshi; Tsutsumi, Shuji;

Takeuchi, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd., Japan; Matsushita

Electric Industrial Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 18pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
	US 20070231691	 A1	20071004	US 2007-727389		20070326		
	JP 2007273108	А	20071018	JP 2006-93698		20060330		
	CN 101047247	A	20071003	CN 2007-10090085		20070326		
	KR 2007098564	A	20071005	KR 2007-29239		20070326		
PRIC	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-93698	Α	20060330		

TI Cathode active material for nonaqueous electrolyte-based secondary battery and production method therefor

IT Battery cathodes Secondary batteries

(cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte-based secondary battery and production method therefor)

IT 11113-74-9, Nickel hydroxide 12026-04-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide niooh RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte-based secondary battery and production method therefor)

IT 473701-51-8P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.02Ni0.82O2) 951656-94-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.16Li1.02Ni0.81O2) 951656-95-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.14Li1.02Ni0.83O2) 951656-96-5P 951656-97-6P 951656-98-7P 951656-99-8P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide (Al0.01Li1.02Ni0.99O2) 951657-00-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.47Li1.02Ni0.5O2) RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte-based secondary battery and production method therefor)

AB The present invention provides a pos. electrode active material for a non-aqueous electrolyte-based secondary battery, composed of a lithium/nickel composite oxide with high capacity, low cost and excellent heat stability, an industrially suitable production method therefor, and a high safety non-aqueous electrolyte-based secondary battery. A lithium/nickel composite oxide is produced by the following steps (a) to (c): (a) nickel hydroxide or nickel oxyhydroxide having a specified component is prepared at a temperature of 600 to 1100°, under air atmospheric

fired powders are prepared after mixing the nickel oxide and a lithium compound, and then by firing at a maximal temperature range of 650 to 850° , under oxygen atmospheric (c) obtained fired powders are washed with water within

a time satisfying the following equation: A < B/40 and then filtered and dried. A represents washing time represented by unit of minute and B represents slurry concentration represented by unit of g/L.

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:1109486 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:409779

TITLE: Lithium nickel manganese oxide cathodes for lithium

ion batteries

INVENTOR(S): Ito, Takanori; Nagayama, Rin PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nissan Motor Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007257890	A	20071004	JP 2006-77575	20060320
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-77575	20060320

TI Lithium nickel manganese oxide cathodes for lithium ion batteries

IT Battery cathodes

Secondary batteries

(lithium nickel manganese oxide cathodes for lithium ion batteries)

ΤТ 950904-33-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 950904-34-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402.06) oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402.1) 950904-36-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402.2) 950904-38-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402.3) 950904-41-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402.4) 950904-43-5P 950904-46-8P 950904-49-1P 950904-52-6P 950904-55-9P 950904-57-1P 950904-60-6P 950904-63-9P 950904-66-2P 950904-69-5P 950904-72-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.28Ni0.402) 950904-75-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.27Ni0.402) RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathodes; lithium nickel manganese oxide cathodes for lithium ion batteries)

AB The cathodes show manganese average valence number ≥ 3.2 at a depth 5 times the c-axis length from the surfaces of primary particles. The cathodes may be represented by, at initial state before charging and discharging, LixNiyMnzCoaMbOc-dAd [M = alkali metal (excluding Li), alkaline earth metal, transition metal (excluding Ni, Mn, Co), aluminum; A = chalcogen (excluding O), N, P, halo; $0.5 < x \le 1.1$; y = 0.3-0.7; z = 0.3-0.7; a = 0.0-0.4; b = 0.0-0.2; c = 1.8-2.4; d = 0.0-0.2]. The cathodes do not elute into electrolytes and precipitate on anodes even in high-temperature storage or

charge-discharge cycling, and provide durable high discharge capacity.

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:816524 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:193088

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous-electrolyte batteries

with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides INVENTOR(S): Inaba, Yukishige; Kita, Yosuke; Minetani, Kunihiko;

Yao, Takeshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007188703	A	20070726	JP 2006-4515	20060112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-4515	20060112

TI Secondary nonaqueous-electrolyte batteries with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; secondary nonaq.-electrolyte batteries with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides)

IT Battery cathodes

Battery electrolytes

(secondary nonaq.-electrolyte batteries with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides)

944256-99-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li0.9-1.2Mn0.33Ni0.3302) 944257-02-7, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li0.9-1.2Mn0.3Ni0.502) 944257-04-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.5Li0.9-1.2Mn0.3Ni0.2O2) 944257-06-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li0.9-1.2Mn0.5Ni0.302) 944257-08-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4Li0.9-1.2Mn0.2Ni0.4O2) 944257-10-7, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.9-1.2Mg0.33Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) 944257-11-8, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.33Li0.9-944257-12-9, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide 1.2Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) (Li0.9-1.2Mn0.33Ni0.33Ti0.33O2) 944257-13-0, Lithium manganese nickel vanadium oxide (Li0.9-1.2Mn0.33Ni0.33V0.33O2) 944257-14-1 944257-15-2 944257-16-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLi0.9-1.202) 944257-17-4, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2Mg0.0202) 944257-18-5, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.9Li0.9-1.2Mg0.102) 944257-19-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.02Co0.98Li0.9-1.202) 944257-20-9, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2Ti0.0202) 944257-21-0, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2Mn0.0202) 944257-22-1, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2Ni0.0202) 944257-23-2, Cobalt lithium vanadium oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2V0.0202) 944257-24-3, Cobalt lithium molybdenum oxide (Co0.98Li0.9-1.2Mo0.0202) 944257-25-4, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.97Li0.9-1.2Mg0.0202) RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathodes; secondary nonaq.-electrolyte batteries with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 623-96-1, Di-n-propylcarbonate 4437-85-8, Butylene carbonate 35363-39-4 35363-40-7, uses 51729-83-0 56525-42-9, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solvents; secondary nonaq.-electrolyte batteries with cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides)

TT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 33454-82-9, Lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate 90076-65-6, Lithium bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)imide 132404-42-3, Lithium tris(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)methanide 132843-44-8, Lithium bis(perfluoroethylsulfonyl)imide

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RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (electrolytes; secondary nonaq.-electrolyte batteries with
        cathodes containing manganese mixed oxides)
    The title battery is equipped with cathode active mass containing
AB
    LixCoO2 (x = 0.9-1.2) and LixNiyMnzM1-y-zO2 (x = 0.9-1.2; y = 0.1-0.5; z =
    0.2-0.5; 1 - y - z = 0.2-0.5; y/z = 0.9-3.0; M = Co, Mg, Al, Ti, Sr, Ca,
    V, Fe, Y, Zr, Mo, Tc, Ru, Ta, W, and/or Re) and a nonag. electrolyte solution
    containing a cyclic carbonate, chain carbonate, and a Li salt. Alternatively,
    the battery is equipped with cathode active mass containing the
    LixNiyMnzM1-y-z02 and LixCo1-yMy02 (x = 0.9-1.2; y = 0.005-0.1; M = Mq,
    Al, Ti, Sr, Mn, Ni, Ca, V, Fe, Y, Zr, Mo, Tc, Ru, Ta, W, Re, Yb, Cu, Zn,
    and/or Ba) and the above nonag. electrolyte solution The battery
    provides excellent high-temperature storage stability and low material cost.
    ANSWER 8 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        148:588948
                        Structural and electrochemical properties of
TITLE:
                        LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2-LiMg1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 solid
                        solutions. [Erratum to document cited in CA148:520534]
AUTHOR(S):
                        Fujii, Yasuhiro; Miura, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Naoto; Shoji,
                        Takayuki; Nakayama, Noriaki
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Tosoh Co., Ltd., 4560 Kaisei-cho, Syunan, Yamaguchi,
                        746-8501, Japan
SOURCE:
                        Solid State Ionics (2007), 178(15-18), 1169
                        CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738
                        Elsevier B.V.
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
    Structural and electrochemical properties of LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2-
    LiMg1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 solid solutions. [Erratum to document cited in
    CA148:520534]
    Secondary batteries
ΤТ
        (lithium; structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid
        solns. (Erratum))
ΤТ
    Open circuit potential
    Redox potential
    Solid solutions
    Stoichiometry
        (structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid solns.
ΙT
    346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)
                               493326-93-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
    oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.34Ni0.33O2)
                                    856700-33-9, Cobalt lithium manganese
    nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.34O2)
                                            932745-06-7, Cobalt lithium
    magnesium manganese oxide (Co0.33LiMg0.33Mn0.33O2) 1022913-74-1
    1022913-75-2 1022913-76-3
                                1022913-77-4, Cobalt lithium
    magnesium manganese oxide (Co0.33LiMg0.34Mn0.3302) 1022913-78-5
    1022913-79-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium manganese oxide
     (Co0.33Li1.01Mq0.33Mn0.3402)
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid solns.
        (Erratum))
    On page 856, the unit measurement "mAh g-1" appears incorrectly under the
AB
    section heading 3.5 Electrochem. properties.
```

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:121879

TITLE: Carbon nanotube with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium batteries

2007:703908 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

ANSWER 9 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

L3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

INVENTOR(S): Patoux, Sebastien; Le Cras, Frederic PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Commissariat A L'Energie Atomique, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

batteries)

ΙT

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	_	APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE	
	WO 2007071778	A1	2007062	3	WO 2	 006-	 EP70	 121		2	0061	221
	W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT									CA,	CH,
	CN, CO, CR,											
	GE, GH, GM,											
	KP, KR, KZ,											
	MN, MW, MX,											
	RS, RU, SC,											
	TZ, UA, UG,						,	,	•	,	,	•
	RW: AT, BE, BG,						FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
	IS, IT, LT,											
	CF, CG, CI,											
	GM, KE, LS,											
	KG, KZ, MD,	RU, TJ	, TM									
	FR 2895572	A1	2007062	9	FR 2	005-	1326	1		2	0051	223
	FR 2895572	B1	2008021	5								
ΙO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:				FR 2							
	Carbon nanotube with	n silic	on nanop	artic	cle f	ilms	as	anod	es f	or s	econ	dary
	lithium batteries											
	Polar solvents											
	(aprotic, nonaq.											е
	with silicon nand	partic.	le films	as a	inode	s fo	r se	cond	ary	lith	ium	
	batteries)											
	Battery anodes											
	Battery cathodes					1 6			1	_		
	(carbon nanotube			anopa	irtic	те г	lims	as	anod	es I	or	
	secondary lithiur Nanotubes	m batte.	ries)									
	(carbon, battery	anadag	· carbon	nanc	tubo	7.7 f +	h ai	1:00	n			
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	(chemical, of sil		anonarti.	.100	car	hon	nano	+ 11 ho	7.7 i +	h ci	1100	n
	nanoparticle film											11
	Battery electrolytes		.10005 10.	. 500	Jonaa	- y -	1 (111	uni D	accc	1100	,	
	(nonaq.; carbon r		≥ with e	ilico	n na	nona	rtic	1△ f	ilms	as	anod	es for
	secondary lithiur)II IIG	пора	1010	10 1		ab	arroa	00 101
	Nanoparticles	Dacco.	100,									
	(silicon, battery	z anode:	s: carbo	n nar	ot ub	e wi	th s	ilic	on			
	nanoparticle film									ries)	
	19414-36-9, Iron lit										,	
	942630-37-7			L-110C		- ' '	_ ~,	, -	, _ 0 1	, ,		
	RL: TEM (Technical o	or engi	neered m.	ateri	al 11	se):	USE	S (II	sesl			
	(battery cathodes									icle		
	films as anodes t								T- 0-T- 0			
	7803-62-5, Silane, 1				20							
	RL: PEP (Physical,			chemi	cal	proc	ess)	; RC	T (R	eact.	ant)	; PROC
	(Process); RACT (Rea						/	,	, , , - ,			,
	(decomposition of	E. for a	depositi	on of	sil	icon	nan	opar	ticl	es:	carh	on nan

with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium

7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(growth catalysts, for carbon nanotubes; carbon nanotube with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nanoparticles, battery anodes; carbon nanotube with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nanotubes, battery anodes; carbon nanotube with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 463-79-6D, Carbonic acid, esters 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 2550-62-1 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 90076-65-6132843-44-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. battery electrolytes containing; carbon nanotube with silicon nanoparticle films as anodes for secondary lithium batteries)

AB Anodes for secondary lithium batteries are fabricated by deposition of carbon nanotubes on an elec. conducting substrate, followed by chemical vapor deposition of a thin film (thickness 1-50 nm) of silicon nanoparticles. The carbon nanotubes are typically grown so that they are parallel to each other, using decomposition of hydrocarbon gases in the presence of a growth catalyst (e.g., Ni, Co, or Fe). Silicon nanoparticles are grown by CVD of SiH4. Suitable battery cathodes include LiFexMn1-xPO4 (x = 0-1) and Li(Co,Ni,Mn,Al)O2. The electrodes are used in conjunction with a nonaq. electrolyte composed of a polar aprotic solvent with lithium salts.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:675612 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:98643

TITLE: Electrodes comprising mixed active particles

INVENTOR(S):
Barker, Jeremy

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): UK

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 37pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 381,602. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20070141468	A1	20070621	US 2007-676707	20070220
US 20040197654	A1	20041007	US 2003-406890	20030403
US 7041239	B2	20060509		
US 20060194112	A1	20060831	US 2006-381602	20060504
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-406890	A1 20030403
			US 2006-381602	A2 20060504

- TI Electrodes comprising mixed active particles
- IT Battery electrodes

(electrodes comprising mixed active particles)

IT 12162-92-4P, Lithium vanadium oxide (LiV2O5) 12190-79-3P, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 12527-46-7P, Copper lithium oxide (CuLi2O2)

84159-18-2P, Lithium vanadium phosphate Li3V2(PO4)3 143623-49-8P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.25LiNi0.7502) 179802-96-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.702) 610321-60-3P 632286-77-2P, Iron lithium magnesium phosphate Fe0.9LiMg0.1PO4 643752-34-5P, Iron lithium magnesium phosphate (Fe0.95LiMg0.05(PO4)) 942263-50-5P 942263-51-6P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation): TEM (Technical or engineered material

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(electrodes comprising mixed active particles)

AB Disclosed is a battery containing a first electrode and a second electrode, and an electrolyte for transferring ionic charge-carriers there between, wherein the first electrode contains a first electrode active material represented by the formula A2eM4kM5mM6nM7oOg, and at least one second electrode active material selected from the group consisting of active materials represented by the formula A1aM1b(XY4)cZd, active materials represented by the formula A3hMniO4, and mixts. thereof.

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:646047 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:75878

TITLE: Flat type nonaqueous electrolyte secondary

battery

INVENTOR(S): Fukunaga, Hiroshi; Yagi, Youshin; Wada, Shuichi; Hara,

Konji; Kohno, Kazushige; Haruna, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
				-			
US 20070134558	A1	20070614	US 2006-637695		20061213		
JP 2007165111	A	20070628	JP 2005-359729		20051214		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-359729	Α	20051214		

- TI Flat type nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery
- IT Battery electrolytes
 Control apparatus
 Secondary batteries

(flat type nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT 827-52-1, Cyclohexyl benzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 16734-12-6D, Disulfide, derivative 190075-56-0 409071-16-5 941671-93-8 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(flat type nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 108-32-7, ΤТ Propylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 18424-17-4, Lithium hexafluoroantimonate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 29935-35-1, Lithium hexafluoroarsenate 39457-42-6, Lithium manganese oxide 90076-65-6 941668-54-8, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide (Al0.02Li1.02Mn1.9804) 941668-55-9, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide (Al0.1Li1.04Mn1.904) 941668-56-0 941668-57-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.02Mn0.4Ni0.3O2) 941668-58-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4Li1.02Mn0.2Ni0.4O2)

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (flat type nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

AB Using a pos. electrode active material including spinel type manganese

oxide as the main constituent, a novel low cost and high output power flat type nonaq. secondary cell for HEVs that has increased safety at overcharge, and superior storage properties and cycle life is provided. A flat type nonaq. secondary cell that has increased safety and is superior in storage and cycle properties even though the cell is a laminate type cell which does not have a blocking mechanism can be obtained by blending the spinel type lithium manganese oxide of the pos. electrode and 5 wt% to 40 wt% of layered type lithium manganese oxide, to suppress storage deterioration at a high temperature and to simultaneously achieve safety when overcharged, and further, by adding a Li compound, to suppress deterioration of a mixed pos. electrode active material during a high temperature cycle.

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:534283 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:504138

TITLE: Lithium-transition metal mixed oxide, its manufacture,

and secondary lithium batteries using it as

cathode active mass

INVENTOR(S): Moriyama, Nariaki; Matsubara, Takuya PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ishihara Sangyo Kaisha, Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 2007123255	A	20070517	JP 2006-260105	20060926		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-279126 A	20050927		

TI Lithium-transition metal mixed oxide, its manufacture, and secondary lithium batteries using it as cathode active mass

IT Battery cathodes

(manufacture of Li-transition metal mixed oxide with high discharge capacity and charge/discharge efficiency for Li battery cathode)

IT 847986-31-6P, Cobalt manganese nickel carbonate 936246-07-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of Li-transition metal mixed oxide with high discharge capacity and charge/discharge efficiency for Li battery cathode)

IT 862366-00-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.15Li1.05Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 916896-29-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.32Li1.04Mn0.32Ni0.32O2) 936245-95-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.31Li1.06Mn0.32Ni0.32O2) 936245-97-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.31Li1.06Mn0.31Ni0.31O2) 936246-00-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.04Li1.06Mn0.46Ni0.46O2) 936246-04-7P

(COO.04L11.00MH0.40N10.40O2) 930240-04-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of Li-transition metal mixed oxide with high discharge capacity and charge/discharge efficiency for Li battery cathode)

IT 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of Li-transition metal mixed oxide with high discharge capacity and charge/discharge efficiency for Li battery cathode)

IT 936246-11-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0-0.35Li1-1.15Mn0.28-0.47Ni0.23-0.5302) 936246-13-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of Li-transition metal mixed oxide with high discharge capacity and charge/discharge efficiency for Li battery cathode)

```
The title mixed oxide is layered rock salt-type oxide represented by
AΒ
     \text{Lil}+\text{xMl}-\text{xO2} (M = Ni, Mn, Co, Fe, Cu, Zn, Cr, Ti, Zr; x = 0-0.15) with
     total anion content ≤1500 ppm, total alkali metal content
     ≤2000 ppm, and X-ray diffraction peak intensity ratio
     [I(003)/I(104)] \ge 1.4. The mixed oxide is manufactured by (1) leaching a
     transition metal carbonate in basic aqueous solution, filtering, and washing
with
     pure water, (2) reacting the treated carbonate with a water-soluble Li compound
     in an aqueous solvent and collecting the resulting mixed oxide precursor by
     solid-liquid separation, and (3) firing the precursor. The mixed oxide has
high
     crystallinity, discharge capacity, and charge-discharge rate
     characteristics. The batteries using the mixed oxide show high
     output.
     ANSWER 13 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                         2007:519666 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          148:520534
TITLE:
                         Structural and electrochemical properties of
                         LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2-LiMg1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 solid
                         solutions
AUTHOR(S):
                         Fujii, Yasuhiro; Miura, Hiroshi; Suzuki, Naoto; Shoji,
                         Takayuki; Nakayama, Noriaki
                         Tosoh Co., 1td, Syunan, Yamaguchi, 746-8501, Japan
CORPORATE SOURCE:
SOURCE:
                         Solid State Ionics (2007), 178(11-12), 849-857
                         CODEN: SSIOD3; ISSN: 0167-2738
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Structural and electrochemical properties of LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2-
     LiMg1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 solid solutions
     Secondary batteries
ΙT
        (lithium; structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid
        solns.)
ΙT
     Open circuit potential
     Redox potential
     Solid solutions
     Stoichiometry
        (structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid solns.)
     346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)
                                 493326-93-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.34Ni0.33O2)
                                       856700-33-9, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.3402)
                                              932745-06-7, Cobalt lithium
     magnesium manganese oxide (Co0.33LiMg0.33Mn0.3302) 1022913-74-1
     1022913-75-2 1022913-76-3
                                  1022913-77-4, Cobalt lithium
     magnesium manganese oxide (Co0.33LiMg0.34Mn0.3302) 1022913-78-5
     1022913-79-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium manganese oxide
     (Co0.33Li1.01Mq0.33Mn0.3402)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (structural and electrochem. properties of metal oxide solid solns.)
AΒ
     The complete solid solns. in the pseudo-binary LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2-
     LiMq1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 system with \alpha-NaFeO2 type layered rock-salt
     structure were synthesized. The replacement of Ni with Mg atoms has
     enhanced the diffraction intensity due to cation ordering in
     lpha-NaFeO2 type structure. Powder x-ray diffraction (XRD) patterns of
     {\rm LiMg1/3Co1/3Mn1/302} show a broad and diffuse peak with an intensity maximum
     at around d =4.2 \mathring{A} indicating an in-plane [\sqrt{3} +
     \sqrt{3}] R30° type ordering. Electron diffraction (ED) patterns
     also show clear and intense superlattice spots due to the in-plane
     [\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}] R30° type ordered layers. However,
     the [\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}] R30° type ordered layers are
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almost randomly stacked as evidenced by diffuse scattering in the powder XRD and ED patterns. The TEM lattice image clearly reveals the random stacking. XRD and ED patterns agree with the simulated ones using the DIFFaX program based on the above structural model. Solid solution LiNi1/3-xMgxCo1/3Mn1/302 (0.0 \leq x \leq 0.33) also show a similar 2 dimensional cation ordering. Electrochem. measurements of LiNi1/3-xMgxCo1/3Mn1/302 indicate that not only Ni but also Co can be active as redox species in this solution system. The redox potential of Co in LiMq1/3Co1/3Mn1/302 is .apprx.4.1 V.

REFERENCE COUNT: 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 14 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:441018 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:265846

TITLE: Electrochemical properties of Al doped

Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02

AUTHOR(S): Kim, Seon Hye; Shim, Kwang Bo; Han, Kyoung Ran; Kim,

Chang-Sam

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Ceramic Engineering, Hanyang University,

Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea

SOURCE: Diffusion and Defect Data--Solid State Data, Pt. B:

Solid State Phenomena (2007), 124-126(Pt. 2, Advances in Nanomaterials and Processing, Part 2), 1023-1026

CODEN: DDBPE8; ISSN: 1012-0394

PUBLISHER: Trans Tech Publications Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Electrochemical properties of Al doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02

IT Battery cathodes

(electrochem. properties of Al-doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; electrochem. properties of Al-doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 846020-48-2 1006654-52-9 1006654-53-0 1006654-54-1

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(electrochem. properties of Al-doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

AB Al-doped Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3-xAlx)02 (x = 0.005, 0.01, 0.05) and Li(Ni1/3-x/2Co1/3Mn1/3-x/2Alx)02 (x = 0.01, 0.05) cathode materials for Li ion batteries were prepared by ultrasonic spray pyrolysis and heat treatment. Substitution with Al decreased the Mn3+ content, promoted grain growth and broadened the particle size distribution of the powders. The initial discharge capacity of cells made with Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3-0.005Al0.005)02 powder was as high as that of the undoped (.apprx.180 mA-h/g, 3.0-4.5 V) and showed an excellent cycle stability. The improvement of the cycle stability is due to the decrease of Mn3+ in Li(Co1/3Ni1/3Mn1/3-xAlx)02 by Al doping.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:435082 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:405265

TITLE: Lithium secondary batteries showing high

capacitance and good performance under heavy load

INVENTOR(S): Fujie, Yusuke; Sato, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007103245	А	20070419	JP 2005-293904	20051006
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-293904	20051006

TI Lithium secondary batteries showing high capacitance and good performance under heavy load

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; secondary batteries containing two kinds of lithium-containing double oxides in cathodes and showing good heavy-load operation)

IT 12190-79-3P, Lithium cobaltate (LiCoO2) 933762-02-8DP, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.25Li0.05-1.15Mn0.05Ni0.702), oxygen-deficient 933762-03-9DP, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.65Li0.05-1.15Mn0.05Ni0.302), oxygen-deficient 933762-04-0DP, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.05-1.15Mn0.4Ni0.602), oxygen-deficient 933762-05-1DP, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li0.05-1.15Mn0.33Ni0.3302), oxygen-deficient 933762-07-3DP, oxygen-deficient RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathode active mass; secondary batteries containing two kinds of lithium-containing double oxides in cathodes and showing good heavy-load operation)

AB The batteries have cathodes containing (A) LitCo(1-s)M1sO(2-e) (M1 = Mg, A1, B, Ti, V, Cr, Fe, Ca; $0.05 \le t \le 1.15$; $0 \le s \le 0.03$; $-0.1 \le e \le 0.2$) and (B) LiwNi(1-x-y-

z)CoxMnyM2zO(2-d) (M2 = Mg, Al, B, Ti, V, Cr, Fe, Ca; $0.05 \le w$

 \leq 1.15; 0.30 \leq x + y + z \leq 0.70; 0.05 \leq y \leq 0.40; 0 \leq z < 0.1; -0.1 \leq e \leq 0.2) at A/B

(15-85):(15-85) and anodes containing graphitized mesophase carbon microbeads. The batteries show large capacitance, long cycle life, and less

rise in resistivity on high-power discharge.

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:389537 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:148348

TITLE: Al, B, and F doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 as cathode

material of lithium-ion batteries

AUTHOR(S): Ye, Shangyun; Xia, Yongyao; Zhang, Pingwei; Qiao,

Zhivu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physical Chemistry, University of

Science and Technology, Beijing, 100083, Peop. Rep.

China

SOURCE: Journal of Solid State Electrochemistry (2006), Volume

Date 2007, 11(6), 805-810

CODEN: JSSEFS; ISSN: 1432-8488

PUBLISHER: Springer GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Al, B, and F doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/302 as cathode material of lithium-ion batteries

IT Battery cathodes

(Al-, B-, and F-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; Al-, B-, and F-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries)

IT 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 1001606-46-7 1001606-52-5

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(Al-, B-, and F-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries)

AB The mixed transition metal compds., Li[(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)1-x-y AlxBy]02-zFz (x = 0, 0.02, y = 0, 0.02, z = 0, 0.02), were synthesized via copptn. followed by high-temperature heat-treatment. XRD revealed that this material has a typical α -NaFeO2 type layered structure with R3-m space group. Rietveld refinement showed that cation mixing in the Li(Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3)02 can be absolutely decreased by Al-doping. Al-, B- and F-doped compds. showed both improved phys. and electrochem. properties, high tap d. and they had a reversible capacity of 190 mA-/g with excellent capacity retention even when the electrodes were cycled between 3.0 and 4.7 V.

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:197939 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:277691

TITLE: Granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with

mixed oxide, its manufacture, and secondary

battery using it

INVENTOR(S): Soma, Masanori; Oyama, Ariyo; Watanabe, Haruo; Azuma,

Hideto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2007048711	A	20070222	JP 2005-234678	20050812
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-234678	20050812

TI Granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with mixed oxide, its manufacture, and secondary battery using it

IT Battery cathodes

(active mass; manufacture of granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with mixed oxide for battery for high output and charge/discharge efficiency)

IT 926921-16-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.9Li1.05Mn0.05Ni0.05O2) 926921-18-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.95Li1.05Mn0.02Ni0.02O2) 926921-20-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.75Li1.05Mn0.12Ni0.12O2) 926921-22-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.9Li1.05Mn0.03Ni0.07O2) 926921-23-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.9Li1.05Mn0.06Ni0.04O2) 926921-25-7P 926921-26-8P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(active mass; manufacture of granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with mixed oxide for battery for high output and charge/discharge efficiency)

IT 926921-27-9 926921-28-0 926921-29-1 926921-30-4 926921-31-5 926921-32-6 926921-33-7 926921-34-8 926921-35-9 926921-36-0

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(active mass; manufacture of granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with mixed oxide for battery for high output and charge/discharge efficiency)

IT 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (Co304) 12314-24-8, Cobalt hydroxide (Co(OH)) 21041-93-0, Cobalt hydroxide (Co(OH)2) 926921-44-0, Cobalt magnesium hydroxide (Co0.99Mg0.01(OH)2) 926921-45-1, Aluminum cobalt hydroxide (Al0.01Co0.99(OH)2)

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(source base particles; manufacture of granular cathode active mass uniformly covered with mixed oxide for battery for high output and charge/discharge efficiency)

AB The title active mass is particles with average composition represented by Li(1+a)Co(1-x-y-z)NixMnyMzO(2-b)Fc [M = Mg, Al, B, Ti, V, Cr, Fe, Cu, Zn, Mo, Sn, W, Zr, Y, Nb, Ca, Sr; x = 0-0.30; y = 0-0.30; z = 0-0.10; x and/or y is >0; a = -0.10-0.10; b = -0.10-0.20; c = 0-0.10], wherein Ni and/or Mn contents in the particle surface layer are higher than those in the inside. The active mass is manufactured by forming a Ni and/or Mn-containing coating layer on Li-free Co-containing compound particles, mixing with Li compound, and then heating. The active mass has high chemical stability and capacity. The battery using the active mass show high charge/discharge efficiency.

L3 ANSWER 18 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:118002 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:209727

TITLE: Electrode for secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Nishino, Hajime; Tsutsumi, Shuji; Kasamatsu, Shinji;

Takezawa, Hideharu; Shimada, Mikinari

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPL	ICAT	ION I	DATE				
WC	WO 2007013375			A1 20070201			WO 2006-JP314503					20060721					
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
		KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,
		MX,	ΜZ,	NA,	NG,	ΝI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,
		SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,
		UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW										
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	$_{ m IM}$										
JE	2007	0593	87		A		2007	0308		JP 2	006-	2005.	21		2	0060	724
KF	R 2008	0221	39		Α		2008	0310		KR 2	007-	7307	75		2	0071	228
PRIORIT	IY APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	005-	2191.	29	Ž	A 2	0050	728
										WO 2	006-	JP31	4503	I	w 2	0060	721

- TI Electrode for secondary lithium battery
- IT Battery cathodes

Battery electrodes

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(structure of electrodes for secondary lithium batteries)
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses
ΤТ
                                                           12031-65-1,
    Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2)
                                    12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)
    113066-78-7, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.4LiNi0.602)
                                                                126984-21-2,
    Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.95LiNi0.0502) 404904-11-6, Cobalt
    lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.3Ni0.302)
                                                           910562-07-1, Cobalt
    lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.35LiMn0.35Ni0.302)
                                                           922732-78-3,
    Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.32LiMn0.38Ni0.302)
    922732-79-4
                  922732-80-7 922732-81-8
                                             922732-82-9
    922732-83-0 922732-84-1 922732-85-2
                                           922732-86-3
                 922732-88-5, Barium cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Ba0.35Co0.35LiNi0.302) 922732-89-6, Calcium cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Ca0.35Co0.35LiNi0.302) 922732-91-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel
                                    922732-93-2, Cobalt lithium nickel
    oxide (Al0.35Co0.35LiNi0.302)
    titanium oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.3Ti0.3502) 922732-94-3, Cobalt lithium
    nickel yttrium oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.3Y0.3502) 922732-95-4, Cobalt lithium
    nickel niobium oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.3Nb0.3502) 922732-96-5, Cobalt lithium
    nickel tungsten oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.3W0.3502)
                                                   922732-97-6, Cobalt lithium
    nickel strontium oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.3Sr0.3502) 922732-98-7, Cobalt
    lithium molybdenum nickel oxide (Co0.35LiMo0.35Ni0.302)
                                                             922732-99-8,
    Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Co0.35LiMg0.35Ni0.302)
    922733-00-4, Barium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Ba0.36Co0.34LiNi0.302)
    922733-01-5, Calcium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Ca0.35Co0.34LiNi0.302)
    922733-02-6, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide (Co0.34LiNi0.3Ti0.3602)
    922733-03-7, Cobalt lithium nickel yttrium oxide (Co0.34LiNi0.3Y0.3602)
    922733-04-8, Cobalt lithium nickel niobium oxide (Co0.34LiNi0.3Nb0.3602)
    922733-05-9, Cobalt lithium nickel tungsten oxide (Co0.34LiNi0.3W0.3602)
    922733-06-0, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide (Co0.34LiNi0.3Sr0.3602)
    922733-07-1, Cobalt lithium molybdenum nickel oxide
     (Co0.34LiMo0.36Ni0.302)
                             922733-08-2, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel
    oxide (Co0.34LiMq0.36Ni0.302)
                                   922733-09-3 922733-10-6 922733-11-7
    922733-12-8 922733-13-9 922733-14-0 922733-15-1
    922733-16-2 922733-17-3 922733-18-4 922733-19-5
                                                           922733-20-8
    922733-21-9 922733-22-0
                               922733-24-2 922733-25-3
    922733-26-4
                 922733-27-5
                                922733-28-6
                                              922733-29-7 923018-03-5,
    Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.36Co0.34LiNi0.302)
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (structure of electrodes for secondary lithium batteries)
AΒ
    This invention provides an electrode for a secondary lithium
    battery that, even when exposed to severe conditions, for example,
    in a nail piercing test or a collapse test, can ensure a high level of
    safety and also has excellent output characteristics. Specifically, there
    is provided an electrode for a secondary lithium battery,
    comprising a mixture containing Li-intercalating active mass particles and
    loaded on a collector; wherein the surface of the collector has a concave
    part, and ≥30% of the mixture loaded area of the collector is
    accounted for by the concave part. There is also provided an electrode
    for a secondary lithium battery in which, in a cross section
    formed by simultaneously cutting a mixture and a collector perpendicularly
    to the electrode face, the maximum depth of the concave part is \geq 1
    \mum, or the difference between the average thickness of the current
    collector and the maximum thickness of the collector is \geq 0.35 \ \mu m.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 19 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2007:87334 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        146:187484
TITLE:
                        Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery and
                        its manufacture
```

Takeuchi, Takashi; Saito, Takaya; Shirane, Takayuki;

INVENTOR(S):

Ueda, Atsushi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION: ______

I	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
Ţ	wo	2007	0109	 15		A1	_	2007	0125		WO 2	006-	 JР31	4224		2	0060	719
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
			KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,
			MX,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,
			SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,
			UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW										
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM	•		·		•	•	·		·	
	JP	2007	0530	83		A		2007	0301		JP 2	006-	1965	26		2	0060	719
]	KR	2008	0311	51		A		2008	0408		KR 2	007-	7184	21		2	0070	810
(CN	1011	3812	5		A		2008	0305		CN 2	006-	8000	7202		2	0070	905
PRIOR:	RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								JP 2	005-	2109	29		A 2	0050	721		
										WO 2	006-	JP31	4224	1	w 2	0060	719	

- Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery and its manufacture TΤ
- ΙT Secondary batteries

(lithium; structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing additive modified electrolyte solns.)

ΙT Battery electrolytes

> (structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing additive modified electrolyte solns.)

- ΙT 108-31-6, Maleic anhydride, uses 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 1120-71-4, Propane sultone 1469-73-4, Propylene sulfite 3741-38-6, Ethylene sulfite 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate
 - RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing additive modified electrolyte solns.)

ΤТ 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7631-86-9, Silicon oxide, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 9002-88-4, Polyethylene 9003-07-0, Polypropylene 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 500912-67-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) 906548-33-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.01Ni0.6602) 906548-34-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.01Ni0.82O2) 921436-58-0, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.05Mn0.33Ni0.6702) 921436-59-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.01LiMn0.33Ni0.6602) 921436-60-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.35LiMn0.33Ni0.32O2) 921436-61-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.33Ni0.27O2) 921436-62-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Ni0.6702) 921436-65-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.5Ni0.1702) 921436-66-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.55Ni0.12O2) 921436-68-2 921436-69-3 921436-70-6 921436-71-7 921436-72-8

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing additive modified electrolyte solns.)

AB The battery has a cathode comprising a transition metal-containing composite oxide as a cathode active mass, an anode containing a Li-intercalating anode active mass, a separator, and an nonaq. electrolyte solution; where the nonaq. electrolyte solution contains ≥1 1st additive selected from ethylene sulfite, propylene sulfite and propane sultone, and ≥1 2nd additive selected from maleic anhydride, vinylene carbonate, vinyl ethylene carbonate and LiBF4, and the charging final voltage is set at 4.3-4.5V. The battery is manufactured by assembling an electrode group containing the cathode, the anode, and the separator, and the required electrolyte solution, into a battery case, and charging the battery at a high voltage ≥1 time.

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 20 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:44942 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:209671

TITLE: Method for preparing composite metal oxide containing

lithium

INVENTOR(S): Fang, Songsheng

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 23pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1893151	A	20070110	CN 2005-10035739	20050701
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2005-10035739	20050701

TI Method for preparing composite metal oxide containing lithium

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium, lithium ion; method for preparing composite metal oxide containing lithium)

IT Coprecipitation

(method for preparing composite metal oxide containing lithium) ΙT 144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide, uses 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses 1310-65-2, 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc Lithium hydroxide oxide, uses 3251-23-8 6484-52-2, Ammonium nitrate, uses 7664-41-7, Ammonia, uses 7783-20-2, Ammonium sulfate, uses 7783-28-0, Diammonium hydrogen phosphate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 7790-69-4, Lithium 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10043-35-3, Boric acid (H3BO3), 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 12018-00-7, Chromous oxide 12054-48-7, Nickel hydroxide 12672-51-4, Cobalt hydroxide 13138-45-9, Nickel 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide, uses 13473-90-0, Aluminum nitrate 14013-86-6, Ferrous nitrate 17375-37-0, Manganese carbonate nitrate 21645-51-2, Aluminum hydroxide, uses RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(method for preparing composite metal oxide containing lithium)
7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 12031-65-1D, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2),
metal-doped 12190-79-3D, Lithium cobalt oxide (LiCoO2), metal-doped
101920-93-8D, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5LiNi0.5O2), metal-doped
346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 891484-55-2 923023-46-5 923023-48-7
923023-49-8 923023-50-1

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (method for preparing composite metal oxide containing lithium)

The title composite metal oxide is shown in formula I (LiaNibCocM1-b-cO2; a = 0.97-1.07; $0 \le b \le 1$; $0 \le c \le 1$; 0.5

 \leq (b+c) \leq 1). The title method comprises the steps of: (1)

preparing mixed complex solution containing ammonia, Ni and/or Co, (2)

simultaneously adding the complex solution and alkaline solution to an reaction vessel slowly, co-precipitating to obtain Ni and/or Co composite hydroxide,

aging,

separating, washing, and drying to obtain the precursor, (3) mixing the precursor with LiOH or Li salts, and metal M salts or oxides, and grinding, (4) heat treating the mixture at $150-550\,^{\circ}$ C, and (5) heat treating at $650-850\,^{\circ}$ C to obtain the final product. The composite metal oxide granules are ellipsoidal. The composite metal oxide has the advantages of uniform granularity, high d., good structure stability, good processability, and good electrochem. charge discharge and cycle performances.

L3 ANSWER 21 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1339339 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:84663

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery
INVENTOR(S): Nishino, Hajime; Kasamatsu, Shinji; Takezawa,

Hideharu; Okamura, Kazuhiro; Shimada, Mikinari

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 20pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 315,189. CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060286445	A1	20061221	US 2006-473334	20060623
US 20060141341	A1	20060629	US 2005-315189	20051223
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-374200 P	20041224
			US 2005-315189 A	2 20051223

- TI Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery
- IT Polyamide fibers, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (aramid; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Nitrile rubber, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (hydrogenated; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Battery electrolytes

Safety

Secondary batteries

Thermal insulators

(nonag. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Oxides (inorganic), uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Polyamides, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Polyimides, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (polyamide-; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

IT Polyamides, uses

```
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)
     9003-18-3D, hydrogenated
ΤТ
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nitrile rubber; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 2768-02-7, Vinyl trimethoxysilane
ΙT
     815594-01-5, BM 400B
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nonag. electrolyte secondary battery)
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate
     1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), uses 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO),
          1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses
     1317-38-0, Copper oxide (CuO), uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses
     12036-01-0, Zirconium oxide (ZrO) 12137-20-1, Titanium oxide (TiO)
     12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 12502-70-4, Manganese oxide
           18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2)
                                                21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO) 142447-14-1, Cobalt
     lithium manganese oxide (Co0.98LiMn0.0202) 157616-77-8, Cobalt lithium
     tin oxide (Co0.98LiSn0.0202) 162023-33-8, Cobalt iron lithium oxide
                        193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Co0.98Fe0.02LiO2)
     (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 193215-53-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502)
                                 198213-70-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide
                         253875-50-2, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide
     (Co0.98LiMq0.0202)
                         346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.98LiTi0.0202)
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)
                              459409-01-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide
     (Al0.02Co0.98LiO2) 867249-10-3, Cobalt lithium zinc oxide
     (Co0.98LiZn0.0202) 867249-16-9, Cobalt lithium molybdenum oxide
     (Co0.98LiMo0.0202)
                         867249-18-1, Cobalt lithium zirconium oxide
     (Co0.98LiZr0.0202) 896115-07-4 896115-08-5
     896115-09-6 896115-10-9 896115-12-1 896115-13-2
     896115-15-4
                 896115-16-5, Cobalt copper lithium oxide (Co0.98Cu0.02LiO2)
     896115-17-6, Cobalt indium lithium oxide (Co0.98In0.02LiO2)
     917108-92-0
                 917108-94-2
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)
AB
     Disclosed is a non-aqueous electrolyte secondary battery including:
     a pos. electrode having a pos. electrode material mixture containing a
composite
     lithium oxide; a neg. electrode; a polyolefin separator; a non-aqueous
     electrolyte; and a heat-resistant insulating layer interposed between the
     pos. and neg. electrodes. The pos. electrode material mixture has an estimated
     heat generation rate at 200° of not greater than 50 W/kg. The pos.
     electrode and the neg. electrode are wound together with the separator and
     the heat-resistant insulating layer interposed there between.
    ANSWER 22 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                        2006:1339314 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         146:84662
                        Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                        Nishino, Hajime; Kasamatsu, Shinji; Takezawa,
                        Hideharu; Okamura, Kazuhiro; Shimada, Mikinari
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Japan
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 22pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 315,189.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                 KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                                            US 2006-473327 20060623 20051223
                                             _____
                                 _____
     US 20060286444 A1 20061221
US 20060141341 A1 20060629
                                             US 2005-315189

JP 2004-374200
A 20041224
B 2005-315189
A2 20051223
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery
ΤI
ΙT
     Polyamide fibers, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (aramid; nonag. electrolyte secondary battery with improved
        safety)
     Thermal insulators
ΤT
        (heat-resistant; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with
        improved safety)
ΙT
     Nitrile rubber, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (hydrogenated; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with
        improved safety)
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
     Safety
     Secondary batteries
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)
ΙT
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nonag, electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)
     Polvolefins
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)
ΙT
     Polyimides, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyamide-; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with
        improved safety)
ΤТ
     Polyamides, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyimide-; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with
        improved safety)
ΤT
     9003-18-3D, hydrogenated
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nitrile rubber; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with
        improved safety)
ΙT
     815594-01-5, BM 400B
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)
ΙT
     7439-93-2, Lithium, uses
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate
ΤТ
     1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), uses
     1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses
     1317-38-0, Copper oxide (CuO), uses 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses
     7440-21-3D, Silicon, compound 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses
                                                                 12036-01-0,
     Zirconium oxide (ZrO) 12137-20-1, Titanium oxide (TiO)
                                                                  12190-79-3
     Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 12502-70-4, Manganese oxide mno4
     18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium
     hexafluorophosphate 21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO)
                                                          120062-99-9, Cobalt
     copper lithium nickel oxide
                                   142447-14-1, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide
     (Co0.98LiMn0.0202) 157616-77-8, Cobalt lithium tin oxide
     (Co0.98LiSn0.0202) 162023-33-8, Cobalt iron lithium oxide (Co0.98Fe0.02LiO2) 177997-13-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     177997-14-7, Cobalt indium lithium nickel oxide 177997-15-8, Cobalt
     lithium nickel tin oxide 180997-14-2, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel
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oxide 182442-95-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 182442-96-2, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide 182442-97-3, Cobalt lithium nickel zinc oxide 191025-46-4, Cobalt lithium nickel zirconium oxide 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 193215-53-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502) 198213-70-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.98LiMg0.0202) 244304-20-9, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide 244304-25-4, Cobalt lithium molybdenum nickel oxide 253875-50-2, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide (Co0.98LiTi0.0202) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 459409-01-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.02Co0.98LiO2) 867249-10-3, Cobalt lithium zinc oxide (Co0.98LiZn0.0202) 867249-16-9, Cobalt lithium molybdenum oxide (Co0.98LiMo0.0202) 867249-18-1, Cobalt lithium zirconium oxide (Co0.98LiZr0.0202) 896115-07-4 896115-08-5 896115-09-6 896115-10-9 896115-12-1 896115-13-2 896115-15-4 896115-16-5, Cobalt copper lithium oxide (Co0.98Cu0.02LiO2) 896115-17-6, Cobalt indium lithium oxide (Co0.98In0.02LiO2) 917108-92-0 917108-94-2 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery with improved safety)

AB Disclosed is a non-aqueous electrolyte secondary battery including:
 a pos. electrode having a pos. electrode material mixture containing a composite

lithium oxide; a neg. electrode; a polyolefin separator; a non-aqueous electrolyte; and a heat-resistant insulating layer interposed between the pos. and neg. electrodes. The pos. electrode material mixture has an estimated heat generation rate at 200° of not greater than 50 W/kg. The pos. electrode and the neg. electrode are wound together with the separator and the heat-resistant insulating layer interposed there between.

L3 ANSWER 23 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1338029 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:84649

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery

INVENTOR(S): Nagayama, Masatoshi; Nakashima, Takuya; Muraoka,

Yoshiyuki; Takeuchi, Takashi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 41pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KII						ND DATE			-	APPL	ICAT		DATE 					
WO	2006	1348	33		A1	_	2006	1221	,	WO 2	006-	 JP31	 1590		20060609			
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	
		NA,	NG,	ΝI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	
		SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	
		YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW													
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	
		IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,	
		GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	${ m MZ}$,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM											
JP	2007	0271	00		А		2007	0201		JP 2	006-	1608	00		2	0060	609	
CN 101133513				Α	20080227			CN 2006-80006732						20070831				

The battery has a cathode containing a cathode active mass layer, an

AB

anode containing an anode active mass layer, and a nonaq. electrolyte solution; where the cathode active mass layer contains a lithium-containing metal oxide containing nickel as cathode mass, the area of the cathode active mass layer per unit battery capacity is within a range of 190-800~cm2/Ah, a porous heat-resistant layer is arranged between the cathode and the anode, and the amount ratio of the electrolyte solution to the area of the porous heat-resistant layer is 70-150~mL/m2.

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 24 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1337432 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:84643

TITLE: Secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Nakura, Kensuke

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 57pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
	WO 2006134851				A1	_	2006	1221		WO 2	006-	 JP31	 1709		2	0060	612	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
			NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
			SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
			YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	ВG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	ΝL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM										
	JΡ	2006	3513	78		Α		2006	1228		JP 2	005-	1765	14		2	0050	616
	CN	1011	9906	5		Α		2008	0611		CN 2	006-	8002	1309		2	0071	214
	KR	2008	0150	34		Α		2008	0215		KR 2	007-	7309	71		2	0071	231
PRIO	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									JP 2	005-	1765	14		A 2	0050	616	
											WO 2	006-	JP31	1709	,	W 2	0060	612

- TI Secondary lithium battery
- IT Battery cathodes

(cathodes containing lithium composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; cathodes containing lithium composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 555-31-7, Aluminum triisopropoxide 1071-76-7, Zirconium tetra-n-butoxide 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 10026-12-7, Niobium pentachloride 10031-62-6, Tin sulfate 10043-35-3, Boric acid (H3BO3), reactions 13770-61-1, Indium nitrate 193214-53-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMn0.1Ni0.7502) 917475-57-1, Aluminum cobalt manganese nickel oxide (Al0.04Co0.15Mn0.01Ni0.802) 917475-58-2 917475-60-6 917475-62-8, Aluminum cobalt nickel niobium oxide (Al0.04Co0.15Ni0.8Nb0.0102) 917475-64-0, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.75Ti0.102) 917475-65-1, Cobalt lithium nickel niobium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.75Nb0.102)

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(cathodes containing lithium composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 462-06-6, Fluorobenzene 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathodes containing lithium composite oxides for secondary lithium

The battery has a chargeable cathode containing active mass particles which comprises a Li composite oxide, a chargeable anode, and a nonaq. electrolyte solution; where the Li composite oxide represented by: LivNi1-w-x-y-zCowCaxMgyMzO2 (v = 0.85-1.25; 0 <w \leq 0.75; 0 <x \leq 0.1; 0 <y \leq 0.1; z = 0-0.75; 0 < w+x+y+z \leq 0.8, and M = element other than Co, Ca and Mg). (i) In the case where 0 < z, the element M contains \geq 1 element Me selected from Mn, Al, B, W, Nb, Ta, In, Mo, Sn, Ti, Zr and Y, and \geq 1 element Mc selected from Ca, Mg, and the element Me is found more in the surface layers than the inner portions of the active mass particles. (ii) In the case where 0 = z, \geq 1 element Mc selected from the group consisting of Ca and Mg is found more in the surface layers than the inner portions of the active mass particles.

REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 25 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1333911 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:65791

TITLE: Secondary lithium battery using cathode

active materials with high energy density

INVENTOR(S): Noguchi, Takehiro; Sho, Masaaki; Numata, Tatsuji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nec Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

batteries)

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006344509	A	20061221	JP 2005-169741	20050609
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-169741	20050609

- TI Secondary lithium battery using cathode active materials with high energy density
- IT Battery cathodes

(lithium battery with reduced size and weight by using Li mixed oxide cathode active materials with high energy d.)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium battery with reduced size and weight by using Li mixed oxide cathode active materials with high energy d.)

IT 128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.5Ni0.502)

144973-42-2, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.3Ni0.702)

170110-41-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.6LiMn0.2Ni0.2O2)

176206-89-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.2Ni0.502)

179186-41-5, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.7Ni0.302)

179186-42-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.6Ni0.402)

179186-44-8, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.4Ni0.602)

193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2)

214473-76-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.9LiMn0.05Ni0.0502)

217309-43-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402)

```
219317-00-7, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.1Mn0.45Ni0.45O2)
     227623-78-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.7LiMn0.2Ni0.102)
     227623-80-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.8LiMn0.1Ni0.1O2)
     346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)
                               390362-01-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Co0.5LiMn0.25Ni0.2502)
                                    404904-11-6, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.3Ni0.3O2)
                                        405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese
                                           405890-08-6, Aluminum lithium
     nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2)
     manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) 427884-45-5, Lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Li1.04Mn0.48Ni0.4802)
                                                    479624-36-7, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.7LiMn0.15Ni0.15O2)
                                                            493394-61-9,
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.35Ni0.35O2)
     541511-71-1, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide
     (LiMn0.49Ni0.49Ti0.02O2)
                               541511-72-2, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Al0.02LiMn0.49Ni0.4902)
                                    541511-74-4, Lithium magnesium manganese
     nickel oxide (LiMg0.02Mn0.49Ni0.49O2) 579501-13-6, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.5Ni0.202)
                                                  681160-59-8, Cobalt lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.4Ni0.302)
                                                  823177-53-3, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Co0.31Li1.07Mn0.31Ni0.31O2) 865649-48-5
     916896-11-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.7LiMn0.25Ni0.0502)
     916896-13-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.7LiMn0.1Ni0.202)
     916896-16-7, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.7LiMn0.05Ni0.2502)
     916896-18-9 916896-19-0 916896-20-3, Aluminum
     cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.7LiMn0.1Ni0.102)
     916896-21-4 916896-22-5 916896-23-6
     916896-24-7
                  916896-25-8
                                916896-26-9 916896-27-0
                  916896-29-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     916896-28-1
     (Co0.32Li1.04Mn0.32Ni0.32O2) 916896-30-5 916896-31-6
     916896-32-7 916896-33-8 916896-34-9
     916896-35-0
                 916896-36-1, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel
     oxide (LiMg0.04Mn0.48Ni0.48O2) 916896-37-2, Aluminum lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Al0.04LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2) 916896-38-3, Lithium manganese
     nickel oxide silicate (LiMn0.49Ni0.4901.92(SiO4)0.02)
                                                           916896-39-4, Iron
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Fe0.02LiMn0.49Ni0.4902)
                                                              916896-40-7,
     Copper lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cu0.02LiMn0.49Ni0.49O2)
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium battery with reduced size and weight by using Li mixed
        oxide cathode active materials with high energy d.)
     The battery contains cathode active materials of (1)
     Lia1(Co1-x1-y1-z1Nix1Mny1M1z1)O2 (0 < a1 \leq 1; x1 + y1 + z1 0.1-0.5;
     x1, y1 \ge 0.05; -0.2 \le x1 - y1 \le 0.2; z1 = 0-0.1; M1 =
     z2Nix2Mny2M2z2)02 (0 < a2 \leq 1; x2 + y2 + z2 = 0.6-1; -0.2 \leq
     x2 - y2 \le 0.2; z2 = 0-0.1; M2 = Li, Mg, Al, Si, Fe, Ti, and/or Cu).
     The battery can have reduced size and weight by virtue of the
     cathode-active materials of high energy d.
    ANSWER 26 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2006:1247981 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
                        146:84600
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-
                        containing multicomponent oxide as cathode material
INVENTOR(S):
                        Fang, Songsheng
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE:
                        Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 15pp.
                        CODEN: CNXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Chinese
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AΒ

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
     _____
                         ----
                                             _____
     CN 1870330
                         A 20061129 CN 2005-10021014
CN 2005-10021014
                                                                      20050527
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                      20050527
     Preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
     oxide as cathode material
ΙT
     Oxides (inorganic), uses
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (multicomponent, mixed metal; preparation and application of
        cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent oxide as cathode material)
ΤТ
     Electric capacitance
     Electric potential
        (of assembled batteries; preparation and application of
        cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent oxide as cathode material)
ΤТ
     Battery cathodes
     Coprecipitation
     Heat treatment
        (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
oxide as
        cathode material)
     Sulfates, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
oxide as
        cathode material)
ΙT
     Hydroxides (inorganic)
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
oxide as
        cathode material)
     Particle size distribution
ΤТ
        (uniform; preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing
multicomponent
        oxide as cathode material)
TT
     7664-41-7DP, Ammonia, metal complexes
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (in buffer, preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing
        multicomponent oxide as cathode material)
ΙT
     144-62-7, Oxalic acid, uses 7664-93-9, Sulfuric acid, uses 10043-35-3,
     Boric acid (H3BO3), uses
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
oxide as
        cathode material)
     891484-55-2P 917391-75-4P 917391-76-5P 917391-77-6P
ΙT
     917391-78-7P 917391-79-8P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent
oxide as
        cathode material)
     506-87-6, Ammonium carbonate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 1310-66-3, Lithium hydroxide monohydrate 1310-73-2,
     Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7758-98-7, Copper sulfate, reactions 7778-18-9, Calcium sulfate 7783-20-2, Ammonium sulfate, reactions
     7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 7790-69-4, Lithium nitrate 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10124-43-3, Cobalt
     sulfate 10124-49-9, Iron sulfate 13463-67-7, Titania, reactions
```

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and application of cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent oxide as cathode material) The title cobalt-nickel-containing multicomponent oxide has a formula of AB Lia(NibCoc)M1-b-cO2 (M is selected from at least one of Fe, Al, Mn, Ti, Cu, and Ca; a = 0.97-1.07; $0.3 \le b < 1$; $0 < c \le 0.5$; and 0.8 \leq b + c < 1). This multicomponent oxide is prepared by: (1) preparing mixed ammonia complex of nickel, cobalt, and other metal M in buffer solution, (2) simultaneously adding mixed ammonia complex and alkaline solution into a reactor, copptg. to obtain Ni-Co-M composite hydroxide, aging, separating, washing, and drying to obtain a precursor, and (3) mixing and grinding the obtained precursor and lithium hydroxide or lithium salt, and heat-treating to obtain the final product. The obtained multicomponent oxide has the advantages of uniform particle size distribution and high volume specific energy. This multicomponent oxide can be used as cathode material with the advantages of good slurry fluidity and uniformity, long slurry freezing storage period, good machinability of the obtained electrode piece, simple production process, and low cost. ANSWER 27 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:209577 Improvement of electrochemical properties of TITLE: Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]O2-yFy cathode materials at high voltage region AUTHOR(S): Shin, Ho-Suk; Shin, Dongwook; Sun, Yang-Kook Department of Chemical Engineering, Center for CORPORATE SOURCE: Information and Communication Materials, Hanyang University, Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea SOURCE: Electrochimica Acta (2006), 52(4), 1477-1482 CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686 PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Improvement of electrochemical properties of Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]02yFy cathode materials at high voltage region Battery cathodes (improvement of electrochem. properties of Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]02yFy cathode materials for lithium batteries) ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; improvement of electrochem. properties of Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]O2-yFy cathode materials for lithium batteries) ΤТ 193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 870827-49-9, Cobalt manganese nickel oxide (Co0.6Mn1.2Ni1.2O4) 921610-76-6 921610-77-7 921610-78-8, Cobalt 921610-75-5 magnesium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.6Mg0.12Mn1.08Ni1.2O4) RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (improvement of electrochem. properties of Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]02yFy cathode materials for lithium batteries) Spherical Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]O2-yFy (x = 0, 0.04, y = 0, 0.08) with phase-pure and well-ordered layered structure were synthesized by heat-treatment of spherical [Ni0.4Co0.2Mn0.4-xMgx]304 precursors with

LiOH·H2O and LiF. The average particle size of the powders was .apprx.10-15 μm and the size distribution was narrow due to the

homogeneity of the metal carbonate, [Ni0.4Co0.2Mn(0.4-x)Mgx]CO3 (x = 0, 0.04) precursors. Although the Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn0.36Mg0.04]O1.92F0.08 had a

18130-44-4, Titanium sulfate

17375-37-0, Manganese carbonate

lower initial discharge capacity, its capacity retention, interfacial resistance, and thermal stability were better than that of Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn0.4]02 and Li[Ni0.4Co0.2Mn0.36Mg0.04]02.

REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1226992 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:10679

TITLE: Manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxide for

secondary lithium battery cathode

INVENTOR(S): Saito, Naoshi; Ikemura, Masaaki; Kato, Tokumitsu;

Kuwahara, Keiichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE		
WO	2006	 1237	 10		A1	_	2006	1123		 WO 2	006-	 JP30	 9849		2	0060	517	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	
		KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	
		IS,	ΙT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,	
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,	
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM											
KR	2008	0090			Α		2008	0124		KR 2	007-	7207	35		2	0070	910	
CN	1011	7622	7		Α		2008	0507		CN 2	006-	8001	6276		2	0071	112	
US	2008	0076	027		A1		2008	0327		US 2	007-	9422	8 0		2	0071	119	
PRIORIT	RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									JP 2	005-	1445	06		A 2	0050	517	
										WO 2	006-	JP30	9849	•	W 2	0060	517	
										JP 2	005-	1445	06		A 2	0050	517	

- ${\tt TI}$ Manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxide for secondary lithium battery cathode
- IT Battery cathodes

(manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 198213-69-3P, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.99LiMg0.0102) 372492-00-7P, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide

(Al0.01Co0.98LiMg0.0102) 477700-15-5P, Cobalt lithium oxide (Co0.99LiO2) 868842-82-4P 915275-61-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

 $(\mbox{manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)} \label{eq:containing}$

AB The title composite oxide, represented by: LipNxMyOzFa (N is ≥ 1 element selected from Co, Mn and Ni; M is ≥ 1 element selected from transition metal elements other than N, Al and alkaline earth metal elements; and p = 0.9-1.2; 0.97 \leq x< 1.0; 0< y \leq 0.03; z = 1.9-2.2; x +

y=1, and a=0-0.02), is manufactured by firing a mixture containing a Li source,

an element N source, an element M source, and if necessary a fluorine

source in an oxygen-containing atmospheric; where a substance obtained by spraying an

element ${\tt M}$ source-containing solution over a powder containing an element ${\tt N}$ source

while drying is used as the element N source and the element M source. REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1225104 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:10675

TITLE: Manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxide for

cathode in secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Saito, Naoshi; Kawasato, Takeshi; Kato, Tokumitsu;

Horichi, Kazushige

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	2006	1237	11		A1		2006	1123	,	——— WO 2	006-	JP30	9850		2	0060	517
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,
		KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		MΖ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW											
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	BJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM										
KR	2008	0090	59		А		2008	0124		KR 2	007-	7207	36		2	0070	910
CN	1011	7622	6		Α		2008	0507	1	CN 2	006-	8001	6274		2	0071	112
US	2008	0135	802		A1		2008	0612		US 2	007-	9406	89		2	0071	115
PRIORIT:	APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	JP 2	005-	1445	13	i	A 2	0050	517
									,	WO 2	006-	JP30:	9850	Ţ	W 2	0060	517

- TI Manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxide for cathode in secondary lithium battery
- IT 372492-00-7P, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.98LiMg0.01O2) 866750-77-8P 915275-60-4P, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.99LiMg0.01O3) 915275-61-5P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of lithium-containing composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

The title composite oxide is manufactured by firing a mixture containing a L

AB The title composite oxide is manufactured by firing a mixture containing a Li source,

a N element source, a M element source, and optionally a fluorine source under an oxygen-containing atmospheric to produce a lithium-containing composite oxide

represented by: LipNxMyOza (N is ≥ 1 element selected from Co, Mn and Ni; M represents ≥ 1 element selected from transition metal elements other than N, Al and alkaline earth metal elements; p = 0.9-1.2; x = 0.97-1.00; 0 <y ≤ 0.03 ; z = 1.9-2.2; x + y = 1; and a = 0-0.02); and

characterized in that a material prepared by impregnating an N element source-containing powder with an M element source-containing solution and drying the $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2}$

impregnated product as the N element source and M element source is used and that the firing is carried out in such a manner that first stage firing is carried out at $250-700^{\circ}$ followed by second stage firing of the fired product at $850-1100^{\circ}$.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1176193 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:492273

TITLE: Cathode active mass for secondary nonaqueous

electrolyte battery

INVENTOR(S): Takeuchi, Takashi; Taniguchi, Akihiro; Tsutsumi,

Shuji; Nakura, Kensuke; Matsuno, Hiroshi; Sasaoka,

Hideo; Matsumoto, Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan;

Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE				
	WO	2006	 1180	 13		A1	_	2006	1109			2006-					0060	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
			NA,	NG,	NΙ,	NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
			SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	ΤΤ,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
			YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM										
	JΡ	2006	3101	81		Α		2006	1109		JP 2	2005-	1331	35		2	0050	428
	CN	1011	2046	4		Α		2008	0206		CN 2	2006-	8000	5048		2	0070	815
	KR	2007	0971	15		A		2007	1002		KR 2	2007-	7188	23		2	0070	817
PRIO	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								JP 2	2005-	1331	35		A 2	0050	428		
										WO 2	2006-	JP30	8048		W 2	0060	417	

- TI Cathode active mass for secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
- IT Battery cathodes

(cathode active mass containing lithium aluminum nickel cobalt composite oxides with controlled particle size for secondary lithium batteries)

ΙT 608139-20-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.02Co0.15LiNi0.8202) 867249-06-7 882214-40-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8402) 914612-79-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15LiNi0.8102) 914612-86-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.05LiNi0.9102) 914612-88-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.1LiNi0.8602) 914612-90-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.12LiNi0.8402) 914612-92-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.2LiNi0.7602) 914612-94-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.3LiNi0.6602)

914612-96-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.35LiNi0.6102) 914612-97-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.01Co0.15LiNi0.8302) 914612-98-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.08Co0.15LiNi0.76O2) 914612-99-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.15LiNi0.7402) 914613-00-6 914613-01-7 914613-02-8 914613-03-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li0.97Ni0.8102) 914613-04-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.02Ni0.8102) 914613-05-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.1Ni0.8102) RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (cathode active mass containing lithium aluminum nickel cobalt composite oxides with controlled particle size for secondary lithium batteries) The active mass comprises a Li-containing composite oxide: LixNi1-y-z-a-bCoyAlnm1aM2bO2 (M1 is \geq 1 element selected from Mn, Ti, Y, Nb, Mo and W; M2 is ≥ 2 elements selected from Mg, Ca, Sr, Ba and Ra and containing at least Mg and Ca; x = 0.97-1.1; y = 0.05-0.35; z =0.005-0.1; a = 0.0001-0.05; and b = 0.0001-0.05); where the composite oxide comprises primary particles having average particle diameter of $0.1-3~\mu m$ and formed by secondary particles having average particle diameter of $8-20~\mu m$. REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 31 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 145:400989 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Safety secondary lithium ion batteries TITLE: showing high discharge capacity Uchitomi, Kazutaka; Yamada, Masayuki; Ueda, Atsushi; INVENTOR(S): Kishimi, Mitsuhiro; Kawai, Tetsuo Hitachi Maxell Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. JP 2006278322 A 20061012 JP 2006-52091 20060228 JP 2005-57086 A 20050302 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Safety secondary lithium ion batteries showing high discharge capacity Secondary batteries (lithium; safety secondary Li batteries with cathodes containing two kinds of Li compound oxides) Battery cathodes Battery electrolytes Safety (safety secondary Li batteries with cathodes containing two kinds of Li compound oxides) 827-52-1, Cyclohexylbenzene 1120-71-4, 1,3-Propanesultone RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (electrolyte component; safety secondary Li batteries with cathodes containing two kinds of Li compound oxides) 217309-43-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 887115-95-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.02Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 904299-06-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.32Li0.99Mn0.34Ni0.34O2) 911286-41-4

AB

ΙT

ΙT

ΙT

ΤТ

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(layered; safety secondary Li batteries with cathodes containing two kinds of Li compound oxides)

12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4) 136479-43-1, Lithium ΙT magnesium manganese oxide (LiMg0.1Mn1.904)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(spinel-type; safety secondary Li batteries with cathodes containing two kinds of Li compound oxides)

AΒ The batteries employ cathode active mass composed of (a) 40-80weight% of layered Li Mn Ni Co oxides expressed by Li $(1+\delta)$ MnxNiyCo $(1-x-\delta)$ y-z)MzO2(M = Ti, Zr, Nb, Mo, W, Al, Si, Ga, Ge, Sn; $-0.15 < \delta <$ 0.15; $0.1 < x \le 0.5$; $0.6 < (x + y + z) \le 1.0$; z = 0-0.1), and (b) 20-60 weight% of spinel-type Li Mn oxides expressed by Li $(1+\eta)$ Mn(2-W)M'WO4 (M' = Mg, Ca, Sr, Al, Ga, Zn, Cu; $\eta = 0-0.2$; w = 0-0.1), and the active mass layers have d. of 3.0-3.6 g/cm3. Preferably, cyclohexylbenzene and cyclic sulfur compds. are included in electrolytes of the batteries. The cathodes inhibit heat generation in charged state, so that the batteries achieve high safety.

ANSWER 32 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:400943

TITLE: Nonaqueous secondary batteries suppressing

capacitance drop on repeated cycles, their cathode

materials, and manufacture thereof

Hisayoshi, Kanji INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Materials Corp., Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006269308	A	20061005	JP 2005-87505	20050325
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2005-87505	20050325

Nonaqueous secondary batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles, their cathode materials, and manufacture thereof

ΙT Battery cathodes

Firing (heat treating)

(layered oxide-based cathode materials for nonag. secondary batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles)

ΤТ Secondary batteries

ΤТ

(lithium; layered oxide-based cathode materials for nonaq. secondary batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles)

911393-62-9P 911393-64-1P 911393-67-4P ΤТ

> RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (layered oxide-based cathode materials for nonag. secondary batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles)

911393-58-3P 911393-60-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(layered oxide-based cathode materials for nonaq. secondary batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles)

1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-66-9, ΤТ Manganese nitrate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate 13860-02-1, Titanium nitrate

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(layered oxide-based cathode materials for nonag. secondary
        batteries suppressing capacitance drop on repeated cycles)
     The materials represented by Li[Li[(1-2x-y)/3]NixCoyTizMn[(2-x-2y-x)/3]NixCoyTizMn]
AΒ
     3z)/3]]02[0.2 < x < 0.5; 0 < y < 0.2; 0 < z \le 0.1; 1 \ge (2x)
     + y)] take layered structure. The materials are prepared by reacting aqueous
     solns. of Ni salts, Co salts, Ti salts, and Mn salts with strong aqueous
     alkali solns., oxidizing the resulting double hydroxides, mixing the
     resulting oxyhydroxides with Li compds., firing the mixts. in air (at
     900-1100^{\circ}).
    ANSWER 33 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2006:1017302 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         147:98353
TITLE:
                         Effect of Co content on performance of
                         LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302 compounds for lithium-ion
                         batteries
                         Hu, Shao-Kang; Chou, Tse-Chuan; Hwang, Bing-Joe;
AUTHOR(S):
                         Ceder, Gerbrand
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Chemical Engineering, National
                         Cheng-Kung University, Tainan, 701, Taiwan
                         Journal of Power Sources (2006), 160(2), 1287-1293
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753
PUBLISHER:
                         Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Effect of Co content on performance of LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302 compounds
     for lithium-ion batteries
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium, lithium-ion, cathodes; effect of Co content on performance of
        LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302 compds. for lithium-ion batteries)
     7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
ΙT
     oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 894108-26-0
                                                 942228-83-3,
     Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)
     942228-84-4 942228-85-5
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (effect of Co content on performance of LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302
        compds. for lithium-ion batteries)
     Layered LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/3O2 (0 \leq x \leq 1/3) compds. were
     studied via the combination of computational and exptl. approach. The
     calculated voltage curve of LiNi1/3Al1/3Mn1/302 compound is presented,
     indicating it is of great potential for a cathode material of lithium-ion
     batteries. Unfortunately, it was found that the
     LiNi1/3Al1/3Mn1/3O2 compound without impurity phase could not be synthesized
     via a sol-gel process. To obtain a layered compound without impurity phase,
     partial of Al is replaced by Co in LiNi1/3Al1/3Mn1/3O2 compound in this
     study. Layered LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/3O2 (0 \leq x \leq 1/3)
     compds. were synthesized via sol-gel reaction at 900 °C under a
     oxygen stream. Single phase of the LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302 in 1/6
     \leq x \leq 1/3 region could be prepared successfully. The
     discharge capacity and conductivity increased with an increase in the
     Co-substitution content. The enhancement of the conductivity and phase purity
by
     the introduction of Co content shows profound influence on the performance
     of the LiAl1/3-xCoxNi1/3Mn1/302 compds.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         25
                               THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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L3 ANSWER 34 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1011115 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:380338

TITLE: Secondary lithium battery and its

manufacture

INVENTOR(S):
Nakura, Kensuke

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 86pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
	WO	2006	1011	 38		A1		2006	0928		 WO 2	006-	 JP30	5730		2	0060	322
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
			NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
			SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
			YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		•			·		·		·		·	·
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
			CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
			GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
			KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM										
	JP	2006	3028	80		Α		2006	1102		JP 2	006-	8105	2		2	0060	323
	US	2008	0090	150		A1		2008	0417		US 2	007-	7943	11		2	0070	627
	KR	2007	1026	18		Α		2007	1018		KR 2	007-	7207	06		2	0070	910
	CN	1011	4728.	2		Α		2008	0319		CN 2	006-	8000	9193		2	0070	921
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.								JP 2	005-	8444	5		A 2	0050	323
											WO 2	006-	JP30	5730		W 2	0060	322
											WO 2	006-	JP57	30		W 2	0060	322

- TI Secondary lithium battery and its manufacture
- IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

IT Battery cathodes

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

IT 193214-24-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 863310-18-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide

(Al0.05Co0.15Li1.03Ni0.802) 911011-38-6P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide

(Co0.1Li1.03Ni0.902) 911011-39-7P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5Li1.03Ni0.502) 911011-40-0P 911011-41-1P 911011-42-2P

911011-43-3P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

IT 55070-72-9, Nickel hydroxide oxide

RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

IT 1313-99-1DP, Nickel oxide (NiO), O deficient 7782-42-5P, Graphite, uses RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7439-96-5, ΤТ Manganese, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-03-1, Niobium, uses 7440-25-7, Tantalum, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7440-74-6, Indium, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides) 142-72-3, Magnesium acetate 1071-76-7 6074-84-6, Pentaethoxy tantalum ΙT

7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 10031-62-6, Tin sulfate 11120-01-7, Sodium tungstate 12027-67-7, Ammonium molybdate 13770-61-1, Indium 53569-73-6, Niobium chloride (Nb2Cl5)

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(structure and manufacture of secondary lithium batteries containing Li-Ni-Co composite oxides)

The battery has a cathode containing active mass particles, an AΒ anode, and a nonaq. electrolyte solution; where the active mass particles contains a 1st Li-Ni composite oxide: LixNi1-y-zCoyMezO2 (Me = Al, Mn, Ti, Mg, and/or Ca; x = 0.85-1.25; $0 < y \le 0.5$; z = 0-0.5; and 0 < $y+z \le 0.75$) which constitutes at least a core portion of each particle; and the surface portion of each active mass particle contains a nickel oxide having a NaCl-type crystal structure or a 2nd Li-Ni composite oxide, and further contains an element M which is ≥ 1 element selected from Al, Mn, Mg, B, Zr, W, Nb, Ta, In, Mo and Sn, and not included in the crystal structure of the 1st composite oxide. A method for manufacturing the above battery is also disclosed.

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 12 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 35 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2006:978117 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:360090

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery

Kasamatsu, Shinji; Nishino, Hajime; Takezawa, Hideharu INVENTOR(S):

Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 43pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WC	2006	0982	 16		A1		2006	0921	1	WO 2	:006-	 JP30	 4597		2	0060	309
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	ΚE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,
		LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,
		NA,	NG,	ΝI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,
		SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,
		YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW												
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		IS,	ΙΤ,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG,	BW,	GH,
		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	ΜZ,	NΑ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM										
JP	2006	2945	97		Α		2006	1026		JP 2	006-	6535	0		2	0060.	310
CN	1011	1195	6		А		2008	0123	(CN 2	006-	8000.	3623		2	0070	731
KR	2007	1030	74		Α		2007	1022		KR 2	007-	7211	66		2	0070	914
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	005-	7681	7	Ž	A 2	0050	317

- ΤI Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery ΤТ Polyamide fibers, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) batteries)
- (aramid; cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium
- ΙT Battery cathodes

Secondary batteries

Secondary battery separators

(cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium batteries)

- ΙT Polyimides, uses
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (polyamide-; cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium batteries)
- ΤТ Polyamides, uses
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (polyimide-; cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium batteries)
- 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses ΙT 9002-88-4, Polvethylene 146021-77-4, Silicon oxide (Si00.6) 198213-59-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.95LiO2) 309933-32-2, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLi1.0202) 536977-01-2, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.93LiMg0.0202) 909785-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.01Mn0.33Ni0.34O2) 910211-15-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.95Li1.0202) 910211-16-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.2Co0.8Li1.02O2) 910211-17-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide 910211-18-6, Aluminum cobalt iron lithium oxide (Al0.25Co0.75Li1.02O2) (Al0.05Co0.9Fe0.05Li1.02O2) 910211-19-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.95Li0.9802) 910211-20-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.95Li1.05O2) 910211-21-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.95Li1.0802) 910211-22-2, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.98Li1.02Mg0.02O2) 910211-23-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.93Li1.02Mg0.0202) 910211-24-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.2Co0.78Li1.02Mg0.0202) 910211-25-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.21Co0.77Li1.02Mg0.0202) 910211-26-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05Co0.94Li1.0202) 910211-27-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.85Li1.02Mg0.102) 910211-28-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.8Li1.02Mg0.15O2) 910211-29-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.93Li0.98Mg0.02O2) 910211-30-2, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.93Li1.05Mg0.0202) 910211-31-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.93Li1.08Mg0.02O2) 910211-32-4 910211-33-5 910211-34-6 910211-35-7 910211-36-8 910211-37-9 910211-38-0 910211-39-1 910211-40-4 910211-41-5 910211-42-6 910211-43-7 910211-44-8 910211-45-9 910211-46-0 910211-47-1 910211-48-2 910211-49-3
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium batteries)

- ΙT 113443-18-8, Silicon oxide (SiO)
 - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathodes having Al-containing lithium composite oxides and separators having Cl-containing heat-resistant resins for secondary lithium

batteries)

AB The battery has a cathode containing a cathode active mass, an anode containing an anode active mass, an electrolyte solution, and a separator; where

the separator contains a heat-resistant resin having a Cl atom as a terminal group and the cathode active mass contains a Li-containing composite oxide having an Al atom in the composition

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 36 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:958625 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:209557

TITLE: Synthesis and electrochemical properties of layered

Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]02-zFz cathode

materials prepared by the sol-gel method

AUTHOR(S): Liao, Li; Wang, Xianyou; Luo, Xufang; Wang, Ximing;

Gamboa, Sergio; Sebastian, P. J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Chemistry, Xiangtan University, Hunan,

411105, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Journal of Power Sources (2006), 160(1), 657-661

CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Synthesis and electrochemical properties of layered Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]O2-zFz cathode materials prepared by the sol-gel method

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; sol-gel synthesis and electrochem. properties of layered Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]02-zFz cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

Sol-gel processing

(sol-gel synthesis and electrochem. properties of layered Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]O2-zFz cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT 923290-08-8DP, oxygen-deficient 923290-08-8P 923290-09-9P 923290-10-2P 923290-11-3P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(sol-gel synthesis and electrochem. properties of layered Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]O2-zFz cathode material for lithium batteries)

The cathode-active material, layered Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]O2-zFz AB $(0 \le z \le 0.1)$, was synthesized from a sol-gel precursor at 900° in air. The influence of Al-F co-substitution on the structural and electrochem. properties of the as-prepared samples was characterized by XRD, SEM and electrochem. expts. Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]02-zFz has a typical hexagonal structure with a single phase, the particle size of the samples increases with increasing F content. Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]01.95F0.05 showed improved cathodic behavior and discharge capacity retention compared to the undoped samples in the voltage range of $3.0-4.3~\mathrm{V}$. The electrodes prepared from Li[Ni0.333Co0.333Mn0.293Al0.04]01.95F0.05 delivered an initial discharge capacity of 158 mA-h/g and the initial coulombic efficiency is 91.3%. The capacity retention at the 20th cycle was 94.9%. Though the F-doped samples had lower initial capacities, they showed better cycle performance than the F-free material. This is a promising material for Li-ion batteries.

L3 ANSWER 37 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:899805 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:424848

TITLE: The improved physical and electrochemical performance

of LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 cathode materials by the

Cr doping for lithium ion batteries

AUTHOR(S): Sun, Yucheng; Xia, Yonggao; Noguchi, Hideyuki

CORPORATE SOURCE: Venture Business Laboratory, Saga University, Saga,

840-8520, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Power Sources (2006), 159(2), 1377-1382

CODEN: JPSODZ; ISSN: 0378-7753

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI The improved physical and electrochemical performance of

 ${\tt LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502}$ cathode materials by the Cr doping for lithium ion batteries

IT Battery cathodes

(improved LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 cathode materials for lithium ion batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; improved LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.35O2 cathode materials for lithium ion batteries)

IT 493394-61-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.35Ni0.35O2) 934167-60-9 934167-61-0

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(improved LiNi0.35Co0.3- \times Cr \times Mn0.3502 cathode materials for lithium ion batteries)

AB Layered structure LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 with different Cr content was prepared by co-precipitation XRD, SEM, BET and electrochem. tests were used to characterize the phys. and electrochem. properties of LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502. SEM showed that the addition of Cr changes the morphologies of their particles and increased the size of grains. The sp. surface area of LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 decreases lineally from 4.9 m2/g (x = 0) to 1.8 m2/g (x = 0.1) with increasing of Cr content. Cr doping improves the d. of the powder which is beneficial to solve the problem of lower electrode d. for these layered LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 cathode materials. Electrochem. tests indicated that the cycling performance of LiNi0.35Co0.3-xCrxMn0.3502 improves with increasing Cr content, although

the initial discharge capacity of the sample decreases somewhat.

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 38 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:890539 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:274868

TITLE: Method of preparation of cathode active material for

nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Saito, Takaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 11pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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_____
    US 20060194114
                       A1 20060831 US 2006-356112
                                                                  20060217
                              20060907 JP 2005-52813 20050228
JP 2005-52813 A 20050228
    JP 2006236886
                        A
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
    Method of preparation of cathode active material for nonaqueous
    electrolyte secondary battery
ΙT
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; method of preparation of cathode active material for nonag.
       electrolyte secondary battery)
ΙT
    Battery cathodes
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte
       secondary battery)
ΙT
    497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, uses 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate
    10437-38-4, Lithium sodium carbonate
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (coating; method of preparation of cathode active material for nonaq.
        electrolyte secondary battery)
ΙT
    144-55-8, Sodium hydrogen carbonate, uses 5006-97-3, Lithium hydrogen
    carbonate
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte
        secondary battery)
    346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
ΙT
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 500912-67-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
    oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) 877120-70-2P, Cobalt lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.05Mn0.35Ni0.3502)
                                                         906548-30-9P, Cobalt
    lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.12Mn0.33Ni0.33O2)
    906548-31-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.1Li1.05Mn0.33Ni0.57O2) 906548-32-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese
    nickel oxide (Co0.35Li1.05Mn0.32Ni0.33O2) 906548-33-2P, Cobalt lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.01Ni0.6602)
                                                        906548-34-3P,
    Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.01Ni0.82O2)
    906548-35-4P, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide
    (Co0.15Li1.01Ni0.82Ti0.0302) 906548-36-5P, Cobalt lithium magnesium
    nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.01Mg0.03Ni0.82O2) 906548-38-7P, Cobalt lithium
    molybdenum nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.01Mo0.03Ni0.8202)
                                                          906548-39-8P,
    Cobalt lithium nickel yttrium oxide (Co0.15Li1.01Ni0.82Y0.0302)
    906548-41-2P, Cobalt lithium nickel zirconium oxide
     (Co0.15Li1.01Ni0.82Zr0.0302) 906548-43-4P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte
        secondary battery)
ΙT
    9000-11-7, Carboxymethyl cellulose 9004-32-4, Sodium Carboxymethyl
               9004-42-6, Carboxyethyl cellulose
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for nonag. electrolyte
        secondary battery)
    A non-aqueous electrolyte secondary battery includes: a pos.
AB
    electrode including a pos. active material made of a transition-metal-
    containing complex oxide capable of intercalating lithium ions; a non-aqueous
    electrolytic solution; and a neg. electrode for intercalating and
    de-intercalating the lithium ions. Provided on the surface of the
    lithium-containing complex oxide are Li2CO3, M12CO3, and at least one kind of
    mols. selected from a group represented by R-COOM2. M1 is at least one
    kind of elements selected from a group consisting of H, Na, and Li.
    Li2CO3 is excluded from M12CO3. R is at least one kind of functional
    groups selected from a group consisting of alkyl group, alkenyl group, and
    alkynyl group. M2 is at least one kind of elements selected from a group
    consisting of H, Na, and Li.
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L3 ANSWER 39 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:870014 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:474678

TITLE: Effect of structural and electrochemical properties of

different Cr-doped contents of Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 Guo, Jian; Jiao, Li Fang; Yuan, HuaTang; Wang, Li Qin;

Li, Hai Xia; Zhang, Ming; Wang, Yong Mei

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of New Energy Material Chemistry, Nankai

University, Tianjin, 300071, Peop. Rep. China Electrochimica Acta (2006), 51(28), 6275-6280

CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Effect of structural and electrochemical properties of different Cr-doped

contents of Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02

IT Battery cathodes

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

(effect of structural and electrochem. properties of Cr-doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; effect of structural and electrochem. properties of $\operatorname{Cr-doped}$

Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

IT 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 913655-43-3 913655-44-4

913655-45-5 913655-46-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (effect of structural and electrochem. properties of Cr-doped Li[Ni1/3Mn1/3Co1/3]02 cathode material for lithium batteries)

Layered Li[Ni(1-x)/3Mn(1-x)/3Co(1-x)/3Crx]O2 materials with x = 0, 0.01, AΒ 0.02, 0.03, 0.05 were prepared by solid-state pyrolysis. The oxides with various Cr contents were calcined and this resulted in greater difference in morphol. (shape, particle size and sp. surface area) and electrochem. (1st charge profile, reversible capacity and rate capability) differences. The Li[Ni(1-x)/3Mn(1-x)/3Co(1-x)/3Crx]02 powders were characterized by XRD, charge/discharge cycling, cyclic voltammetry and SEM. XRD revealed that Li[Ni(1-x)/3Mn(1-x)/3Co(1-x)/3Crx]02 with x = 0, 0.01, 0.02, 0.03,and 0.05 crystallized in a layered α -NaFeO2 structure. The 1st sp. discharge capacity and coulombic efficiency of electrodes with Cr-doped materials were higher than that with pristine material. When x = 0.02 the sample showed the highest 1st discharge capacity of 241.9 mA-h/g at a c.d. of 30 mA/g in the voltage range 2.3-4.6 V. The Cr-doped samples exhibited higher discharge capacity and better cycleability under medium and high current densities at room temperature

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 40 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:759813 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:214300

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte batteries

containing lithium manganese nickel cobalt mixed oxide

cathode active mass particles

INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Masayuki; Uchitomi, Kazutaka; Ueda, Atsushi;

Kawai, Tetsuo; Hashimoto, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Maxell Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                         ____
                                              _____
     _____
                                  _____
     JP 2006202647 A 20060803 JP 2005-14483
SITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2005-14483
                                                                      20050121
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                       20050121
     Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte batteries containing lithium
     manganese nickel cobalt mixed oxide cathode active mass particles
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
        (nonag. electrolyte batteries containing Li-Mn-Ni-Co-M oxide
        cathode active mass particles with composition distribution for high
        capacity and safety)
     904301-28-6 904301-30-0
                                904301-32-2 904301-34-4
ΙT
     904301-36-6 904301-38-8 904301-39-9 904301-40-2
     904301-41-3 904301-42-4 904301-43-5 904301-44-6
     904301-45-7 904301-46-8 904301-47-9 904301-48-0
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nonaq. electrolyte batteries containing Li-Mn-Ni-Co-M oxide
        cathode active mass particles with composition distribution for high
        capacity and safety)
     The disclosed batteries contain cathode active mass particles
AΒ
     with a composition represented by Li(1+\delta)MnxNiyCo(1-x-y-z)MzO2 [M = Ti,
     Zr, Nb, Mo, W, Al, Si, Ga, Ge Sn; -0.15 < \delta < 0.15; 0.1 < x \le
     0.5; 0.6 < x + y + z \leq 1.0; 0.9 < x/y < 1.1; 0 < z \leq 0.1], and the atomic ratio of M to Mn, Ni, and Co in the particle surface (a) is
     higher than the average atomic ratio of M to Mn, Ni, and Co in the whole
particle
     [z/(1-z)]. The batteries have high capacity, safety, excellent
     high-voltage cycling performance, and storage stability.
     ANSWER 41 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:635277 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
                          145:106823
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                          Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
INVENTOR(S):
                          Nishino, Hajime; Kasamatsu, Shinji; Takezawa,
                          Hideharu; Okamura, Kazuhiro; Shimada, Mikinari
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
                          Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                  _____
     _____
                          ____
                                              _____
     WO 2006068143 A1 20060629 WO 2005-JP23373 20051220
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
              CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
              GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
              VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
              GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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A1 20070628 WO 2006-JP312574

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,

20060623

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

WO 2007072595

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GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
             KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
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                                                                    20060623
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             KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
             MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU,
             SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
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             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                20070815
                                           EP 2006-767225
     EP 1819008
                          Α1
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         R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,
             BA, HR, MK, YU
                                            CN 2006-80001303
     CN 101069305
                          Α
                                20071107
                                                                    20060623
     EP 1881545
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                                20080123
                                            EP 2006-767224
                                                                    20060623
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             IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,
             BA, HR, MK, YU
     KR 2007088678
                                20070829
                                            KR 2007-712821
                                                                    20070607
                          Α
     KR 2007098797
                          Α
                                20071005
                                            KR 2007-712936
                                                                    20070608
     CN 101160683
                          Α
                                20080409
                                            CN 2006-80001390
                                                                    20070608
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2004-374200
                                                                A 20041224
                                            WO 2005-JP23373
                                                                A 20051220
                                            WO 2006-JP312574
                                                                W
                                                                    20060623
                                            WO 2006-JP312575
                                                                W 20060623
ΤI
     Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
ΙT
     Polyamide fibers, uses
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (aramid; structure of secondary lithium batteries having Li
        composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat generation
        rate)
     Nitrile rubber, uses
ΤТ
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (hydrogenated; structure of secondary lithium batteries
        having Li composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat
        generation rate)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; structure of secondary lithium batteries having Li
        composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat generation
        rate)
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
        (structure of secondary lithium batteries having Li composite
        oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat generation rate)
TT
     9003-18-3D, hydrogenated
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (nitrile rubber; structure of secondary lithium batteries
```

having Li composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat

generation rate) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Methyl ethyl carbonate ΤТ 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 142447-14-1, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.98LiMn0.0202) 157616-77-8, Cobalt lithium tin oxide (Co0.98LiSn0.0202) Cobalt iron lithium oxide (Co0.98Fe0.02LiO2) 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 193215-53-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502) 198213-70-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.98LiMg0.0202) 253875-50-2, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide (Co0.98LiTi0.0202) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 459409-01-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.02Co0.98LiO2) 867249-10-3, Cobalt lithium zinc oxide 867249-16-9, Cobalt lithium molybdenum oxide (Co0.98LiZn0.0202) (Co0.98LiMo0.0202) 867249-18-1, Cobalt lithium zirconium oxide (Co0.98LiZr0.0202) 896115-07-4 896115-08-5 896115-10-9 896115-12-1 896115-13-2 896115-09-6 896115-14-3 896115-15-4 896115-16-5, Cobalt copper lithium oxide 896115-17-6, Cobalt indium lithium oxide (Co0.98Cu0.02LiO2) (Co0.98In0.02LiO2) RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (structure of secondary lithium batteries having Li composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat generation rate) 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), uses 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), 1312-43-2, Indium oxide (In2O3) 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses 1317-38-0, Copper oxide (CuO), uses 12036-01-0, Zirconium oxide (ZrO) 12502-70-4, Manganese oxide (MnO4) 12137-20-1, Titanium oxide (TiO) 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2) 21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO) RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (structure of secondary lithium batteries having Li composite oxide-containing cathode mixts. with controlled heat generation rate) The battery comprises a cathode having a Li composite AB oxide-containing cathode mixture on a cathode collector, an anode containing a Li-intercalating material, a separator containing a polyolefin resin, a nonag. electrolyte solution, and a heat-resistant insulating layer interposed between the 2 electrodes; where The estimated heat generation rate of the cathode mixture at 200° is ≤50 W/kg; and the estimated heat generation rate is determined by determining the relationship between an absolute temperature T and a heat generation rate V of the cathode mixture with an accelerated rate calorimeter or an uncontrollable reaction measuring device (ARC), plotting the relationship between the reciprocal of the absolute temperature T as X the logarithm of the heat generation rate V as Y axis according to the Arrhenius theorem, determining an approx. straight line matched with the plot present in the heat generation region of T $< 200^{\circ}$ (473 K), and extrapolating the approx. straight line to the temperature axis of T =200° (473 K).18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 42 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 2006:593746 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:380300 Method for preparing Mn-Co-Ni-containing lithium oxide TITLE:

composite used in rechargeable lithium ion battery

INVENTOR(S): Fang, Songsheng; Lin, Yunqing; Wang, Shoufeng; Zeng, Pengcheng

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 13 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

CN 1787258 A 20060614 CN 2004-10081451 20041207

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2004-10081451 20041207

TI Method for preparing Mn-Co-Ni-containing lithium oxide composite used in rechargeable lithium ion battery

IT Battery cathodes

(lithium ion battery; preparation of Li- Mn-Co-Ni oxide composite type cathode active material for)

IT 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, reactions 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 10031-62-6, Tin sulfate 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate 14489-25-9, Chromium sulfate 18130-44-4, Titanium sulfate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(method for preparing Mn-Co-Ni-containing lithium oxide composite used in rechargeable lithium ion battery)

IT 500868-03-1P 911107-10-3P 911107-11-4P

911107-12-5P 911107-13-6P 911107-14-7P 911107-15-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(method for preparing Mn-Co-Ni-containing lithium oxide composite used in rechargeable lithium ion battery)

AB The title lithium composite oxide has a formula of Lia(NibCocMnd)M1-b-c-d02 (M = Cr, Zn and/or Sn; a = 0.97-1.07; 0 < b < 1; 0 < c < 1; 0 < d< 1; 0.9 \leq b + c + d < 1). The title method comprises: (1) mixing aqueous solution of the M salt (M = Al, Mg, Cr, Zn, Ti and/or Sn) with aqueous solution of

Mn, Ni and Co salts, adding into base solution, and copptg. for 4-11 h at $40-80\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to obtain a Ni-Co-Mn-M hydroxide composite, (2) separating, washing, drying for 8-40 h at $50-140\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to obtain a precursor, mix-grinding with LiOH, and heat-treating for 4-10 h at $240-550\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to remove adsorbed water and structural water, and (3) heat-treating for 12-30 h at $650-850\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to obtain the final product. The product can be used as the pos. electrode material of rechargeable lithium ion battery.

L3 ANSWER 43 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:481472 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:66249

TITLE: Preparation of lithium-ion battery positive electrode material with high specific capacity

INVENTOR(S): Lin, Yunqing; Chen, Zewei; Zeng, Pengcheng

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 12 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1773753	A	20060517	CN 2004-10088546	20041108
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2004-10088546	20041108

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Preparation of lithium-ion battery positive electrode material
ΤТ
     with high specific capacity
ΤТ
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode
        material with high specific capacity)
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
     Calcination
     Coating process
     Coprecipitation
        (preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode material with
        high specific capacity)
ΤТ
     Fluoropolymers, uses
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     Styrene-butadiene rubber, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode material with
        high specific capacity)
     1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses
                                       1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide
ΤТ
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical,
     engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode material with
        high specific capacity)
                              373-02-4, Nickel acetate
ΙT
     71-48-7, Cobalt acetate
                                                        554-13-2, Lithium
               1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate
     carbonate
     10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate
                                                                10141-05-6,
                    13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate
     Cobalt nitrate
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PROC (Process)
        (preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode material with
        high specific capacity)
ΙT
                                     1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses
     1303-86-2, Boron trioxide, uses
     1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconium dioxide, uses
     7631-86-9, Silicon dioxide, uses 7789-24-4, Lithium fluoride, uses
     9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol
     9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide 9011-17-0, Vinylidene fluoride-
     hexafluoropropylene copolymer
                                   10377-52-3, Lithium phosphate
     12007-60-2, Lithium borate 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide, uses
     Lithium sulfide
                      12627-14-4, Lithium silicate
                                                    13463-67-7, Titanium
     dioxide, uses
                    18282-10-5, Tin dioxide
                                              24937-79-9, Poly(vinylidene
               25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide 50927-81-6, Silicon sulfide
     fluoride)
     193214-44-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.1LiNi0.75O2)
     891484-55-2
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of lithium-ion battery pos. electrode material with
       high specific capacity)
     9003-55-8
ΤТ
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (styrene-butadiene rubber; preparation of lithium-ion battery pos.
        electrode material with high specific capacity)
     The title pos. electrode material comprises a matrix represented by
AB
     LiNi1-x-yCoxMyO2 (0<x<0.4; 0<y<0.4; M = Mg, Al, Ti, Mn, Y or Fe), and a
     coating material coated on the surface of the matrix particles. The
     coating material can be oxide such as MgO, B2O3, etc., or fast-ion
     conductive glass such as Li20-B203, Li20-Si02, etc. The title
     preparation method includes: (1) preparing precursor (mixed hydroxide) by
co-precipitating
     salt solution containing nickel salt, cobalt salt and at least one third metal
     salt with alkaline solution, (2) mixing with lithium-containing compound, and
calcining
     at 600-900AC to obtain granular pos. electrode matrix, and (3) coating
     the matrix particles. The pos. electrode material has high specific
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capacity and good pulping and coating performance.

L3 ANSWER 44 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:481469 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:66248

TITLE: Manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery

with positive electrode made of nickel-based active

material

INVENTOR(S): Lin, Yunqing; Chen, Zewei; Zeng, Pengcheng

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 13 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1773763	А	20060517	CN 2004-10088545	20041108
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2004-10088545	20041108

TI Manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with positive

electrode made of nickel-based active material

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with poselectrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT Battery cathodes

Calcination

Coating process

Coprecipitation

(manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT Carbon black, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

Polyoxyalkylenes, uses

Styrene-butadiene rubber, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT 7440-44-0, Super P, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(activated; manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with poselectrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses 1336-21-6, Ammonium hydroxide RL: CPS (Chemical process); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active material)

IT 373-02-4, Nickel acetate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 2180-18-9, Manganese acetate 5931-89-5, Cobalt acetate 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active material)

```
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode
        made of nickel-based active material)
                                      1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, uses
     1303-86-2, Boron trioxide, uses
ΤТ
     1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses
     1314-23-4, Zirconium dioxide, uses 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses
     1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 7631-86-9, Silicon dioxide, uses
     7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate 7789-24-4, Lithium fluoride, uses
     9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol
     9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide 9005-25-8, Starch, uses 9011-17-0,
    Vinylidene fluoride-hexafluoropropylene copolymer 10377-52-3, Lithium
    phosphate 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide, uses 12136-58-2, Lithium sulfide
     12627-14-4, Lithium silicate 12676-27-6 13463-67-7, Titanium dioxide,
           18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 24937-79-9, Poly(vinylidene fluoride)
     25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide 50927-81-6, Silicon sulfide
     891484-60-9
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture of lithium-ion secondary battery with pos. electrode
        made of nickel-based active material)
ΙT
     9003-55-8
     RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (styrene-butadiene rubber; manufacture of lithium-ion secondary
        battery with pos. electrode made of nickel-based active
       material)
AΒ
     The title lithium-ion secondary battery comprises a pos.
     electrode made of modified LiNiO2, a neg. electrode made of a graphitized
     carbon material, and organic electrolyte. The pos. electrode comprises
     matrix particles coated with oxide such as MgO, ZnO, etc., or fast-ion
     conductive glass such as Li20 B203, Li20 A1203 B203, etc., and
     the matrix is LiNi1-x-y-zCoxAlyMnzO2 (0<x<0.4; 0 &lt y &lt 0.3; 0 &lt
     z<0.5). The title manufacture method includes: (1) preparing precursor (mixed
     hydroxide) by using a salt solution containing Ni salt, Co salt and Mn salt,
(2)
     mixing with lithium-containing compound, and calcining at 600-900 °C to
     obtain granular pos. electrode material, (3) coating the matrix particles,
     and (4) preparing liquid lithium-ion secondary battery.
    ANSWER 45 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2006:458651 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         145:148961
TITLE:
                        Comparison of structure and electrochemistry of Al-
                        and Fe-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2
                        Liu, Daotan; Wang, Zhaoxiang; Chen, Liquan
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                        Laboratory for Solid State Ionics, Institute of
                        Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, 100080,
                        Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE:
                        Electrochimica Acta (2006), 51(20), 4199-4203
                        CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686
PUBLISHER:
                        Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Journal
LANGUAGE:
                        English
     Comparison of structure and electrochemistry of Al- and Fe-doped
ΤI
     LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2
     Battery cathodes
ΙT
        (comparison of structure and electrochem. of Al- and Fe-doped
        LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode material for lithium batteries)
ΤТ
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; comparison of structure and electrochem. of Al- and Fe-doped
```

7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

ΤТ

LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode material for lithium batteries) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide ΤТ (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 769973-33-3 898820-27-4 898820-28-5 898820-29-6 898820-30-9 898820-31-0 RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (comparison of structure and electrochem. of Al- and Fe-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 cathode material for lithium batteries) LiNi1/3Co1/3-xMxMn1/3O2 (M = Fe and Al; x = 0, 1/20, 1/9 and 1/6) were AΒ synthesized by firing the co-ppts. of the metal hydroxides. The impact of Fe and Al doping on the structure and electrochem. performance of LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 was compared by powder XRD, SEM, and galvanostatic charge/discharge tests as cathode materials for Li-ion batteries . These materials retain the layered structure of the LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2host. Fe- and Al-doped LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 show different characteristics in lattice parameters and cycling voltage plateaus with increasing dopant. More interestingly, low Al doping (x < 1/20) improves structural stability but Fe doping does not have such effect even at low Fe content. REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 18 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 46 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:274794 TITLE: Method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion batterv Lin, Yunqing; Fang, Songsheng; Wang, Shoufeng; Chen, INVENTOR(S): Zewei; Zeng, Pengcheng PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shenzhen Bak Battery Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 18 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Chinese LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. DATE _____ ____ _____ CN 2004-10081224 20041103 CN 2004-10081224 20041103 CN 1770511 A 20060510 CN 2004-10081224 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) TT Anodes Coating process Heat treatment (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) Fluoropolymers, uses Polyoxyalkylenes, uses Styrene-butadiene rubber, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide ТТ

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical

process); PROC (Process) (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) 557-34-6, Zinc acetate 1066-30-4, Chromium acetate 1834-30-6, Ferric ΤТ acetate 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate 7779-88-6, Zinc nitrate 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 10028-22-5, Ferric sulfate 10101-53-8, Chromium sulfate 10103-47-6, Chromium nitrate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10421-48-4, Ferric nitrate 13057-42-6, Titanium acetate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate Titanium sulfate 13860-02-1, Titanium nitrate RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) 113066-89-0P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.802) 244304-47-0P, ΤT Cobalt lithium nickel zinc oxide (Co0.3LiNi0.6Zn0.102) 328405-93-2P, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.7Ti0.102) 639066-91-4P, Chromium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Cr0.1Co0.2LiNi0.702) 906528-10-7P, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide (Co0.3Fe0.2LiNi0.502) 906528-14-1P, Cobalt lithium nickel titanium oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.6Ti0.2O2) 906528-19-6P, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide 906528-16-3P 906528-21-0P, Chromium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.3Fe0.3LiNi0.402) (Cr0.2Co0.2LiNi0.602) 906528-24-3P, Cobalt lithium nickel zinc oxide (Co0.3LiNi0.5Zn0.202) RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) 1303-86-2, Boron oxide, uses 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, uses ΙT 1314-62-1, Vanadium pentoxide, uses 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 7631-86-9, Silicon dioxide, uses 9002-84-0, Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol 9003-05-8, Polyacrylamide 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide, uses 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses 25322-68-3, Poly(ethylene oxide) RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) 9003-55-8 TΤ RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (styrene-butadiene rubber; method for preparation of nickel cobalt-containing multi-metal oxide as anode material of lithium ion battery) The title method comprises: copptg. mixed solution containing Co salt and Ni AB salt with alkaline solution in nitrogen or inert gas to form Ni-Co composite hydroxide, drying, and grinding to obtain a precursor, adding lithium hydroxide, grinding, and heat-treating at 240-400°C to remove adsorption water and constitution water, heat-treating at 650-850°C, coating the surface with metal oxides by using high polymer as auxiliary solvent, and heat-treating at $300-750\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to remove solvent to obtain the final product. This multi-metal oxide has the advantages of high specific capacity and high circulation properties. T.3 ANSWER 47 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:444319 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:436176

Lithium metal oxide cathodes for lithium

TITLE:

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Thackeray, Michael M.; Johnson, Christopher S.; Amine,

Khalil

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of Chicago, USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 688,004.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20060099508	A1	20060511	US 2005-271462	20051110
US 20020136954	A1	20020926	US 2001-887842	20010621
US 6677082	B2	20040113		
US 20020114995	A1	20020822	US 2001-989844	20011121
US 6680143	B2	20040120		
US 20040081888	A1	20040429	US 2003-688004	20031017
US 7135252	B2	20061114		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-213618P	P 20000622
			US 2001-887842	A2 20010621
			US 2001-989844	A3 20011121
			US 2003-688004	A2 20031017

- TI Lithium metal oxide cathodes for lithium batteries
- IT Battery cathodes

(lithium metal oxide cathodes for lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium metal oxide cathodes for lithium batteries)

346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide ΤТ (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 448896-96-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.09Mn0.18Ni0.5802) 448896-98-8P 448896-99-9P, Lithium manganese titanium oxide (Li1.07Mn0.79Ti0.1402) 448897-00-5P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 448897-01-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.27Mn0.6Ni0.1302) 448897-02-7P, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide (Li1.02Mn0.46Ni0.46Ti0.0502) 885110-82-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.2MnNi0.805) 885110-83-8P, Lithium manganese titanium oxide (Li1.15MnTiO5) 885110-84-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 885110-85-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese (Co0.33Li1.3Mn1.33Ni0.33O5) nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.5Mn1.33Ni0.3305) 885110-86-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.7Mn1.33Ni0.33O5) RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)
(lithium metal oxide cathodes for lithium batteries)

AB A lithium metal oxide pos. electrode for a non-aqueous lithium cell is disclosed. The cell is prepared in its initial discharged state and has a general formula xLiMO2.(1-x)Li2M'O3 in which 0<x<1, and where M is one or more ion with an average trivalent oxidation state and with at least one ion being Mn or Ni, and where M' is one or more ion with an average tetravalent oxidation state. Complete cells or batteries are disclosed with anode, cathode and electrolyte as are batteries of several cells connected in parallel or series or both.

L3 ANSWER 48 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:402355 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:415971

TITLE: Method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite for lithium secondary

battery

INVENTOR(S): Cheon, Sang-Eun; Yoo, Seok-Yoon; Yoon, Hye-Won; Kim,

Jae-Kyung

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung Sdi Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
EP	EP 1653534			A1 20060503			EP 2005-110064					20051027					
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	ΑL	, TR,	ВG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,
		BA,	HR,	IS,	YU												
KR	2006	0376	18		А		2006	0503		KR	2004-	8663	0		2	0041	028
US	2006	0093	920		A1		2006	0504		US	2005-	2587	31		2	0051	025
CN	1770	516			А		2006	0510		CN	2005-	1011	6672		2	0051	026
JP	2006	1281	19		A		2006	0518		JΡ	2005-	3145	01		2	0051	028
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						KR	2004-	8663	0	Ž	A 2	0041	028

TI Method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite for lithium secondary battery

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite for lithium secondary battery)

IT Battery cathodes

Electric conductors

(method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite for lithium secondary battery)

IT Carbon black, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite for lithium secondary battery)

for lithium secondary battery) 1314-62-1, Vanadium oxide (V2O5), uses 1317-33-5, Molybdenum sulfide ΙT (MoS2), uses 12017-96-8, Chromium lithium oxide (CrLiO2) 12022-46-7, Iron lithium oxide (FeLiO2) 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2) 12039-13-3, Titanium sulfide (TiS2) 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide 12162-79-7, Lithium manganese oxide limno2 12162-87-7, Lithium vanadium oxide livo2 12162-92-4, Lithium vanadium oxide (LiV2O5) 12169-03-8, Lithium yttrium oxide (LiYO2) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 12201-18-2, Lithium molybdenum sulfide (LiMoS2) 12209-15-3, Lithium scandium oxide lisco2 13568-36-0, Lithium nickel vanadium oxide (LiNiVO4) 55326-82-4, Lithium titanium sulfide litis2 218446-64-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.04Co0.15LiNi0.8102) 329025-35-6, Iron lithium phosphate (Fe2Li1-3(PO4)3) 884323-27-7, Iron lithium phosphate (Fe2Li0-3(PO4)3) 884323-28-8, Lithium vanadium phosphate (Li0-3V2(PO4)3) 884323-29-9, Chromium lithium phosphate (Cr2Li0-3(PO4)3) 884323-30-2, Lithium manganese phosphate 884323-31-3, Cobalt lithium phosphate (Co2Li0-3(PO4)3) (Li0-3Mn2(PO4)3)884323-32-4, Copper lithium phosphate (Cu2Li0-3(PO4)3) 884323-33-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0-0.1Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Ni0-0.902) 884323-35-7, Chromium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Cr0-0.1Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1 Ni 0 - 0.902)884323-37-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.1Ni0-0.902)884323-39-1, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide (Co0-0.5Fe0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Ni0-0.902) 884323-41-5, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Mg0-0.1Ni0-0.902) 884323-45-9, Cobalt lanthanum lithium nickel oxide (Co0-0.5La0-0.1Li0.9-1.1 Ni - 0.902) 884323-47-1, Cerium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Ce0-0.1Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Ni0-0.902) 884323-48-2, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide (Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Ni0-0.9Sr0-0.102) 884323-49-3, Cobalt

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lithium nickel vanadium oxide (Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Ni0-0.9V0-0.102)
884323-50-6, Lithium manganese nickel vanadium oxide (Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-
               884323-51-7, Lithium manganese nickel strontium oxide
0.9V0 - 0.102)
                                    884323-52-8, Cerium lithium manganese
(Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.9Sr0-0.102)
nickel oxide (Ce0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.902)
                                                  884323-53-9, Lanthanum
lithium manganese nickel oxide (La0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.902)
884323-54-0, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.9-1.1Mg0-0.1Mn0-
0.5Ni0-0.902)
                884323-55-1, Iron lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Fe0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.902) 884323-56-2, Lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.6Ni0-0.902)
                                   884323-58-4, Chromium lithium
manganese nickel oxide (Cr0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.902)
Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.5Ni0-0.902)
884323-62-0 884323-64-2
                         884323-66-4, Cobalt lithium
manganese nickel oxide (Co0-0.5Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.6Ni0-0.902)
                                                            884323-69-7
884323-71-1
              884323-73-3
                          884323-74-4 884323-75-5
            884323-77-7, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide
884323-76-6
                        884323-78-8, Chromium lithium nickel oxide
(Al0-0.1Li0.9-1.1NiO2)
                         884323-79-9, Lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Cr0-0.1Li0.9-1.1NiO2)
                         884323-80-2, Iron lithium nickel oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mn0-0.1Ni02)
                         884323-81-3, Lithium magnesium nickel oxide
(Fe0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Ni02)
                         884323-82-4, Lanthanum lithium nickel oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mg0-0.1Ni02)
(La0-0.1Li0.9-1.1NiO2)
                         884323-83-5, Cerium lithium nickel oxide
(Ce0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Ni02)
                         884323-84-6, Lithium nickel strontium oxide
(Li0.9-1.1NiSr0-0.102)
                         884323-85-7, Lithium nickel vanadium oxide
(Li0.9-1.1NiV0-0.102)
                        884323-86-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide
                        884323-87-9, Chromium cobalt lithium oxide
(Al0-0.1CoLi0.9-1.102)
                         884323-88-0, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide
(Cr0-0.1CoLi0.9-1.102)
(CoLi0.9-1.1Mn0-0.102)
                         884323-89-1, Cobalt iron lithium oxide
(CoFe0-0.1Li0.9-1.102)
                         884323-90-4, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide
(CoLi0.9-1.1Mq0-0.102)
                         884323-91-5, Cobalt lanthanum lithium oxide
(CoLa0-0.1Li0.9-1.102)
                         884323-92-6, Cerium cobalt lithium oxide
                         884323-93-7, Cobalt lithium strontium oxide
(Ce0-0.1CoLi0.9-1.102)
                         884323-94-8, Cobalt lithium vanadium oxide
(CoLi0.9-1.1Sr0-0.102)
                        884323-95-9, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide
(CoLi0.9-1.1V0-0.102)
                         884323-96-0, Chromium lithium manganese oxide
(Al0-0.1Li0.9-1.1MnO2)
(Cr0-0.1Li0.9-1.1MnO2)
                         884323-97-1, Lithium manganese oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mn1-1.102)
                       884324-00-9, Iron lithium manganese oxide
(Fe0-0.1Li0.9-1.1MnO2)
                         884324-02-1, Lithium magnesium manganese oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mq0-0.1MnO2)
                         884324-05-4, Lanthanum lithium manganese oxide
                         884324-08-7, Cerium lithium manganese oxide
(La0-0.1Li0.9-1.1MnO2)
                         884324-11-2, Lithium manganese strontium oxide
(Ce0-0.1Li0.9-1.1MnO2)
(Li0.9-1.1MnSr0-0.102)
                         884324-16-7, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide
(Li0.9-1.1MnV0-0.102)
                        884324-19-0, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide
(Al0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn2O4)
                          884324-21-4, Chromium lithium manganese oxide
                          884324-23-6, Iron lithium manganese oxide
(Cr0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn2O4)
                          884324-26-9, Lithium magnesium manganese oxide
(Fe0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn204)
                          884324-28-1, Lanthanum lithium manganese oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mg0-0.1Mn2O4)
                          884324-30-5, Cerium lithium manganese oxide
(La0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn204)
                          884324-31-6, Lithium manganese strontium oxide
(Ce0-0.1Li0.9-1.1Mn204)
                          884324-32-7, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide
(Li0.9-1.1Mn2Sr0-0.104)
(Li0.9-1.1Mn2V0-0.104)
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
   (method of preparation of conductive agent-cathode active material composite
   for lithium secondary battery)
The invention relates to a conductive agent/pos. active material composite
for a lithium secondary battery. The composite includes a pos.
active material capable of reversibly intercalating/deintercalating
lithium ions, and a conductive agent on the surface of the pos. active
material. The conductive agent comprises a first conductive agent having
a sp. surface area ranging from about 200 to about 1500 m2/g and a second
conductive agent having a sp. surface area of about 100 m2/g or less.
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REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 49 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L3 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:367258 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:373158 TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery INVENTOR(S): Deguchi, Masaki; Matsui, Tooru; Yoshizawa, Hiroshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. SOURCE: No. PCT/JP05/004655. CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ______ US 20060083988 A1 20060420 US 2005-287446 WO 2005099022 A1 20051020 WO 2005-JP4655 20051128 20050316 2005099022
A1 20051020
W0 2005-0-1-4655
Z00510
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
RV: CR, CZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG JP 2004-113208 A 20040407 WO 2005-JP4655 A2 20050316 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery ΤI ΙT Battery cathodes Battery electrolytes Secondary batteries (nonag. electrolyte secondary battery) 882214-40-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8402) RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (Al-doped; nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate ΙT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 101920-93-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5LiNi0.502) 113066-90-3, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.6LiNi0.402) 116327-68-5, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 116327-69-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.3LiNi0.702) (Co0.1LiNi0.902) 118557-81-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.7LiNi0.302) 128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide LiMn0.5Ni0.502 143623-49-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.25LiNi0.7502) 179186-41-5, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.7Ni0.302) 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 193215-92-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502) 195880-90-1, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMg0.05Ni0.802) 203005-76-9, Cobalt lithium nickel borate oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8(BO3)0.0501.85) 209908-08-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15LiNi0.8202) 216385-46-5, Cobalt lithium nickel tin oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Sn0.0502) 216385-49-8, Cobalt lithium nickel

oxide silicate (Co0.15LiNi0.801.8(SiO4)0.05) 216385-50-1, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15Fe0.05LiNi0.802) 216385-51-2, Cobalt lithium

nickel titanium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Ti0.0502) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.3302) 849416-68-8, Cobalt lithium nickel niobium oxide 846020-48-2 859529-03-6, Cobalt gallium lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Nb0.0502) 867248-92-8, Cobalt lithium nickel strontium (Co0.15Ga0.05LiNi0.802) oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Sr0.0502) 867248-93-9, Cobalt lithium nickel zinc oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Zn0.0502) 867248-94-0, Calcium cobalt lithium nickel 867248-95-1, Chromium cobalt lithium oxide (Ca0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) nickel oxide (Cr0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 867248-96-2, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide phosphate (Co0.15LiNi0.801.8(PO4)0.05) 867248-97-3, Cobalt lithium nickel vanadium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8V0.0502) 867248-98-4, Antimony cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Sb0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 867248-99-5, Cobalt lithium nickel tantalum oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Ta0.0502) 867249-00-1, Cobalt lithium molybdenum nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMo0.05Ni0.802) 867249-01-2, Cobalt lithium nickel zirconium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Zr0.0502) 867249-02-3, Cobalt lithium nickel yttrium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Y0.0502) 867249-03-4 867249-04-5 867249-05-6 867249-06-7 882214-39-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.01Co0.15LiNi0.8402) 882214-41-7, Cobalt lithium nickel tungsten oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8W0.0502) 882214-42-8 882214-43-9 882214-44-0 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery) 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery)

AB A non-aqueous electrolyte secondary battery includes: a pos. electrode capable of absorbing and desorbing lithium; a neg. electrode capable of absorbing and desorbing lithium; a separator interposed between the pos. electrode and the neg. electrode; and a non-aqueous electrolyte. The pos. electrode includes a composite oxide represented by: LiNixM1-x-yLyO2 as an active material. The formula satisfies 0.3≤x≤0.9 and 0≤y≤0.1. The element M is at least one selected from the group consisting of Co and Mn, and the element L is at least one selected from the group consisting of Mg, Al, Ti, Sr, Zn, B, Ca, Cr, Si, Ga, Sn, P, V, Sb, Nb, Ta, Mo, W, Zr, Y and Fe. The non-aqueous electrolyte includes a main solvent, a solute and vinyl ethylene carbonate.

L3 ANSWER 50 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:222499 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:86475

TITLE: Manufacture of cathode active mass containing Li-Mn

composite oxide

INVENTOR(S): Han, Enshan; Zhu, Lingzhi; Li, Peng; Zhang, Huiqing;

Ruan, Yanli; Chang, Liang; Zhang, Xihui

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hebei University of Technology, Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 12 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

ΙT

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1741302	А	20060301	CN 2005-10015096	20050915
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2005-10015096	20050915

TI Manufacture of cathode active mass containing Li-Mn composite oxide

IT Battery cathodes

(manufacture of cathode active mass containing Li-Mn composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 892669-25-9P 892669-29-3P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of cathode active mass containing Li-Mn composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 373-02-4, Nickel acetate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 2180-18-9, Manganese acetate 5931-89-5, Cobalt acetate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of cathode active mass containing Li-Mn composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The active mass is manufactured by adding 0.1-1 M mixed solution of a soluble Ni

salt, a Co salt, and a salt to 2 mol/l LiOH aqueous solution at a flow rate 0.3 mL/min, reacting the mixture at a pH of 8-13, filtering the obtained precipitate,

repeatedly washing with deionized water until neutral, and vacuum drying to obtain a M(OH)2 (M = Ni, Co and Mn), ball milling the M(OH)2 with a Li salt at a mol. ratio of 1:(1-1.1) to obtain a Li-M mixed powder, tableting the powder under a pressure of 50 MPa, firing at 480° for 3 h, cooling to room temperature, ball milling into a powder, tableting under a pressure of 50 MPa, and firing at $500-900^{\circ}$ for 4-9 h.

L3 ANSWER 51 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:168419 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:257175

TITLE: Nickel lithium mixed oxide cathode active materials

for nonaqueous secondary batteries and

method for their manufacture

INVENTOR(S):
Matsumoto, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 28 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006054159	A	20060223	JP 2004-315683	20041029
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-209206 A	20040715

TI Nickel lithium mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaqueous secondary batteries and method for their manufacture

IT Carboxylic acids, reactions

Fatty acids, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(lithium salts; manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al and Li for nonaq. secondary batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

(manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing ${\tt Al}$ and ${\tt Li}$

for nonaq. secondary batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(nonaq. electrolyte; manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al and Li for nonaq. secondary batteries)

IT 12054-48-7P, Nickel hydroxide 61179-08-6P, Cobalt nickel hydroxide 212853-11-7P, Aluminum cobalt nickel hydroxide

RL: CPS (Chemical process); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al and Li

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for nonaq. secondary batteries)
                   876655-88-8P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide
ΤТ
     876655-87-7P
     (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.05Ni0.8202.08) 876655-89-9P 876655-90-2P, Aluminum
     cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.05Ni0.82O2.1)
                                                                     876655-91-3P,
     Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.16Li1.05Ni0.8102.06)
                   876655-93-5P
                                   876655-94-6P, Aluminum cobalt
     876655-92-4P
     lithium nickel oxide (Al0.03Co0.15Li1.05Ni0.8202.12)
                                                              876655-95-7P
     876655-96-8P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al
and Li
        for nonaq. secondary batteries)
ΙT
     7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al
and Li
        for nonaq. secondary batteries)
     554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 919-16-4, Lithium citrate
                                                                 1310-65-2,
ΤT
     Lithium hydroxide 1332-40-7, Copper oxychloride 1344-13-4, Tin
     chloride 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, reactions 1344-67-8, Copper
               7646-79-9, Cobalt chloride (CoCl2), reactions 7646-85-7, Zinc
     chloride
                                                               7718-54-9, Nickel
     chloride, reactions 7699-43-6, Zirconium oxychloride
     chloride (NiCl2), reactions 7718-98-1, Vanadium chloride (VCl3) 7721-01-9, Tantalum chloride 7727-18-6, Vanadium oxychloride
     7773-01-5, Manganese chloride (MnCl2) 7778-54-3, Calcium oxychloride
     7786-30-3, Magnesium chloride, reactions 7787-47-5, Beryllium chloride 7787-59-9, Bismuth oxychloride 7787-60-2, Bismuth chloride 7790-69-4,
     Lithium nitrate 10026-11-6, Zirconium chloride 10026-12-7, Niobium
     chloride 10038-98-9, Germanium chloride 10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate
     10043-52-4, Calcium chloride (CaCl2), reactions 10361-37-2, Barium
     chloride, reactions 10361-84-9, Scandium chloride
                                                            10377-48-7, Lithium
     sulfate 10476-85-4, Strontium chloride 11130-18-0, Titanium chloride
     11138-49-1, Sodium aluminate
                                    12040-57-2, Iron chloride 12057-24-8,
     Lithium oxide, reactions 12672-70-7, Indium chloride 12778-28-8, Zinc
                  13450-90-3, Gallium chloride
     oxychloride
                                                  13776-78-8, Indium chloride
                     15588-51-9, Gallium oxychloride
     oxide (InOCl)
                                                         21645-51-2, Aluminum
     hydroxide, reactions
                           24623-77-6, Aluminum hydroxide oxide
     Magnesium oxychloride
                            39345-92-1, Chromium chloride 39427-03-7, Barium
                                                            56509-17-2, Iron
     chloride oxide
                      51198-20-0, Niobium chloride oxide
     chloride oxide
                       56938-98-8, Chromium chloride oxide 57572-63-1, Tin
                  63091-13-4, Manganese chloride oxide 85432-18-4, Germanium
     oxychloride
     chloride oxide
                     124366-18-3, Nickel chloride oxide 191655-12-6, Cobalt
     chloride oxide
                       227754-32-7, Titanium chloride oxide
                                                              866627-06-7,
     Beryllium chloride oxide 876655-97-9, Lithium hydroxide oxide
                                            876655-99-1, Strontium chloride
     876655-98-0, Tantalum chloride oxide
            876656-00-7, Scandium chloride oxide
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (manufacture of Li Ni mixed oxide cathode active materials containing Al
and Li
        for nonag, secondary batteries)
AΒ
     Materials having composition formula LixNi1-p-q-rCopAlqArO2-y (I; x = 0.8-1.3;
     0 \leq 0.2; 0 < q \leq 0.1; r = 0-0.1; -0.3 < y < 0.1; A = Ti, V, In, Cr, Fe, Sn, Cu, Zn, Mn, Mg, Ga, Ni, Co, Zr, Bi, Ge, Nb, Ta, Be, Ca,
     Sr, Ba, and/or Sc) and consisting of single crystal primary particles of
     average size 2-8 \mu m are claimed. Method for manufacture of the materials
     includes mixing of Co-containing Ni compds. with 0.1-15\ \text{mol}\% (based on Cl
     against Co + Ni) inorg. (oxy)chlorides, roasting the mixture at
     800-1300^{\circ} to obtain single crystal oxides of particle size 2-8
     \mu\text{m}, mixing the obtained oxides with Al compds. and Li compds. or
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coating the obtained oxides with Al compds. and then mixing with Li compds., and firing the mixture at 600-800°. Also claimed are materials having composition formula I (A = V; 0 < r \leq 0.05) and average size 2-12 μm and method for their manufacture including preparation of Ni compds.

containing Co and Al or preparation of Ni compds. containing Co and its coating with $\mbox{\rm Al}$

compound, its mixing with 0.5-15 mol% (based on Cl against Ni + Co + Al) V chloride, roasting the mixture at $900-1300^{\circ}$, mixing the obtained oxide with Li compds., and further firing at $600-800^{\circ}$. The cathodes have low reactivity with the electrolytes and show low internal elec. resistivity when prepared into batteries.

L3 ANSWER 52 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:155422 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:415805

TITLE: Synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)]

z)Mgz]O2 as positive electrode material for

lithium-ion battery

AUTHOR(S): Kim, Gil-Ho; Myung, Seung-Taek; Kim, Hyun-Soo; Sun,

Yang-Kook

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical Engineering, College of

Engineering, Hanyang University, Seoul, 133-791, S.

Korea

SOURCE: Electrochimica Acta (2006), 51(12), 2447-2453

CODEN: ELCAAV; ISSN: 0013-4686

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 as positive electrode material for lithium-ion battery

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT Particles

(spherical; synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]02 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

(synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT 189139-63-7, Cobalt manganese nickel hydroxide

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(precursor; in synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT 346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 837287-67-9P 884336-89-4P 884336-90-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(synthesis of spherical Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

AB Li[Ni(1/3-z)Co(1/3-z)Mn(1/3-z)Mgz]O2 (z = 0, 0.04) cathode materials were synthesized by co-precipitation These materials have an α -NaFeO2 (R.hivin.3m) structure - confirmed by XRD. Cation mixing in the Li layer is decreased by Mg substitution according to Rietveld refinement of XRD data. Spherical morphologies were observed by SEM for the as-synthesized final products. Their electrochem. properties during charge and discharge are discussed. When Mg ions are substituted, the initial reversible capacity decreased. However, the substitution for Mn sites in Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]O2 did not decrease the capacity because Mn site

substitution did not result in loss of electroactive elements in the compound DSC showed that the exothermic peaks of the charged electrodes $\text{Li}\left[\text{Ni}\left(1/3-z\right)\text{Co}\left(1/3-z\right)\text{Mn}\left(1/3-z\right)\text{Mgz}\right]\text{O2}$ (z = 0.04) are smaller than that of $\text{Li}\left[\text{Nii}\left(3\text{Co}\left(1/3\right)\right)\right]$, which means that the thermal stability was improved by Mg substitution, even for a highly de-lithiated state.

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 53 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:116858 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:174334

TITLE: Manufacture of manganese based cathode active mass and

its usage

INVENTOR(S): Sun, Yucheng; Chen, Liquan; Huang, Xuejie

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences,

Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 18 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1595689	A	20050316	CN 2003-156807	20030908
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2003-156807	20030908

TI Manufacture of manganese based cathode active mass and its usage

IT Battery cathodes

Sol-gel processing

(method for manufacture of manganese pos. electrode material and its application)

128975-24-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.5Ni0.502) ΤТ 170110-41-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.6LiMn0.2Ni0.2O2) 179802-95-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.1Ni0.802) 193216-02-3P 217309-43-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 848828-26-2P, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 874442-89-4P, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide (LiMq0.05Mn0.5Ni0.4502) nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.15Ni0.802) 874442-90-7P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.15LiMn0.35Ni0.502) 874442-91-8P, Chromium lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.05LiMn0.15Ni0.802) Chromium lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 874442-93-0P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.05Mn0.15Ni0.802) 874442-94-1P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.15Mn0.35Ni0.502) 874442-95-2P, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (LiMq0.2Mn0.5Ni0.302) 874442-96-3P, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (LiMg0.1Mn0.5Ni0.402) 874442-97-4P 874442-98-5P 874442-99-6P 874443-00-2P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05Li1.1Mn0.35Ni0.502) 874443-01-3P 874443-02-4P RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of layer structured substituted lithium manganese oxide cathode active mass for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1307-96-6, Cobalt oxide (CoO), uses 1308-06-1, Cobalt oxide (Co304) 1309-48-4, Magnesia, uses 1313-13-9, Manganese dioxide, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconia, uses 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7784-30-7, Aluminum phosphate (AlPO4) 7789-24-4, Lithium fluoride, uses 10377-52-3, Trilithium phosphate 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn2O4) 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 37220-89-6, Lithium aluminate 99489-75-5, Chromium lithium oxide (Cr2LiO4)

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

IT 68-04-2, Trisodium citrate 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 87-69-4,

Tartaric acid, uses 302-01-2, Hydrazine, uses 1336-21-6, Ammonium

hydroxide 6484-52-2, Ammonium nitrate, uses 7783-20-2, Ammonium

sulfate, uses 12125-02-9, Ammonium chloride, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of layer structured substituted lithium manganese oxide cathode active mass for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The cathode active mass, useful for secondary Li batteries, is a

layer structured LiMn1-x-yNixMyO2, where M is Li, Mg, Co, Al, and Cr or a

1:(1-5) mol ratio mixture of 2 of the elements, $0.2 \le x \le 0.8$, 0

 $\leq y \leq 0.6$, and $(x+y) \leq 1$; and is manufactured by mixing a

 $(1.0-4)\,\mathrm{M}$ solution of soluble Mn and M salts with a $(2.0-8.0)\,\mathrm{M}$ alkaline solution and a

 $(0.1-2.0)\mathrm{M}$ in a reaction vessel, stirring the mixture, filtering, washing the precipitate and drying to obtain a Mn containing precursor; modifying the precursor with a soluble modifying salt and a complexing agent by a sol-gel process or by precipitation; wet mixing the modified precursor with a Li salt

precursor/Li salt mol. ratio 1:(1.0-1.1), and mist spraying to form 1-100 μ m solid particles, and firing at 600-1100° for 1-48 h.

L3 ANSWER 54 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:116823 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:174327

TITLE: Manufacture of cathode material for secondary lithium

batterv

INVENTOR(S): Wu, Mengtao; Chen, Botao; Huang, Laihe; Xu, Ning;

Zhang, Ning

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

at a

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1595680	A	20050316	CN 2004-10019741	20040625
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2004-10019741	20040625

TI Manufacture of cathode material for secondary lithium battery

IT Battery cathodes

 $\hbox{(manufacture of cathodes containing lithium manganese nickel composite oxides}$

for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 193215-96-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 193216-02-3P 346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

 $\hbox{(manufacture of cathodes containing lithium manganese nickel composite oxides}$

for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide (Li(OH)) 602297-52-9, Cobalt manganese nickel hydroxide (Co0.33Mn0.33Ni0.33(OH)2) 602297-53-0, Cobalt manganese nickel hydroxide (Co0.2Mn0.4Ni0.4(OH)2) 874753-63-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(manufacture of cathodes containing lithium manganese nickel composite oxides

for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The material, represented by LiNi0.5-xMn0.5-xM2xO2 (M = Co, Ti, and/or Al, and $0 \le x < 0.5$), is manufactured by dry or wet mixing a hydroxide which is co-precipitated with Ni, Mn, Co, Ti, and/or Al, a carbonate compound, or an oxide

with LiOH or Li2CO3; loosely depositing the mixture to have a thickness 2-60 mm; press-granulating under 4-50 MPa; firing at $700-1050^{\circ}$ for 4-32 h by introducing air or 0 0.1-10 m3/h·kg; cooling; and grinding into a powder having particle size 0.5-25 μ m.

L3 ANSWER 55 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:109710 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:380190

TITLE: Synthesis and characterization of a new inverse spinel

LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 for lithium-ion batteries

AUTHOR(S): Fey, George Ting-Kuo; Muralidharan, P.; Lu,

Cheng-Zhang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemical and Materials Engineering,

National Central University, Chung-Li, 32054, Taiwan

SOURCE: Materials Letters (2006), 60(9-10), 1209-1212

CODEN: MLETDJ; ISSN: 0167-577X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

TI Synthesis and characterization of a new inverse spinel LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 for lithium-ion batteries

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, processes

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(in synthesis of inverse spinel LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

(synthesis and characterization of inverse spinel LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT 77-92-9, Citric acid, processes 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(in synthesis of inverse spinel LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

IT 910629-42-4P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(synthesis and characterization of inverse spinel LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathode material for lithium-ion batteries)

AB The cathode active material, LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4, was synthesized by a citric acid:polyethylene glycol (CA:PEG) polymeric method, followed by calcination at 723 K for 5 h in air. XRD showed complete formation of a crystalline phase when heated at 723 K and SEM showed the various stages of morphol. for the polymeric intermediates of the LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 compound TEM showed particle sizes from .apprx.170 to 190 nm. Cells with LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathodes were cycled between 2.8 and 4.9 V (vs. Li) at a rate of 0.15 C. The galvanostatic cycling suggests that cycle stability and capacity retention were enhanced for LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 prepared with a CA:PEG ratio of 3:1. The dQ/dV vs. voltage plots revealed redox potentials and slower impedance growth for the synthesized LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3VO4 cathode material.

REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 56 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN T.3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1305884 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:54376

TITLE: Cathode active mass for secondary nonaqueous lithium

battery, its manufacture, and the

battery using the active mass Kurita, Fumi; Nakajima, Motoe

INVENTOR(S): Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005346956	A	20051215	JP 2004-162152	20040531
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-162152	20040531

Cathode active mass for secondary nonaqueous lithium battery, ТΤ

its manufacture, and the battery using the active mass

ΙT Battery cathodes

> (cathodes containing metal compds. modified on lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

Secondary batteries ΙT

(lithium; cathodes containing metal compds. modified on lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

ΙT 193215-50-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.3Ni0.602) 193215-96-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 871466-02-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 871466-01-2P (Co0.3Li1.1Mn0.25Ni0.4502)

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathodes containing metal compds. modified on lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

ΤТ 557-04-0, Magnesium stearate 637-12-7, Aluminum stearate

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(cathodes containing metal compds. modified on lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

The active mass comprise a Li-transition metal composite oxide; where the surface of the composite oxide is modified by a metal compound. The active mass is manufactured by adding the metal compound to the composite oxide during cracking the composite oxide and heat treating. The battery has the above cathode active mass.

ANSWER 57 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

145:380173 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Synthesis and electrochemical properties of TITLE:

Li[Mn1/3-x/3Ni1/3-x/3Co1/3-x/3Crx]02 as cathode materials for lithium-ion secondary batteries

Lin, Xao-jing; Li, Shu-hua; He, Ze-zhen; Liu, AUTHOR(S):

Xing-quan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research and Development Center for Functional

Materials, Chengdu Institute of Organic Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Chengdu, 610041, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Hecheng Huaxue (2005), 13(5), 441-445

CODEN: HEHUE2; ISSN: 1005-1511

Hecheng Huaxue Bianjibu PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: Chinese

TI Synthesis and electrochemical properties of Li[Mn1/3-x/3Ni1/3-x/3Co1/3-x/3Crx]O2 as cathode materials for lithium-ion secondary batteries

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium, cathodes; synthesis and electrochem. properties of Li[Mn1/3-x/3Ni1/3-x/3Co1/3-x/3Crx]02 as cathode materials for lithium-ion secondary batteries)

TT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 12162-79-7D, Lithium manganese oxide LiMnO2, chromium, cobalt, nickel-doped 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 911143-90-3 911143-93-6 913655-44-4 913655-46-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(synthesis and electrochem. properties of Li[Mn1/3-x/3Ni1/3-x/3Co1/3-x/3Crx]02 as cathode materials for lithium-ion secondary batteries)

AB The layered Li[Mn1/3-x/3Ni1/3-x/3Co1/3-x/3Crx]O2(x = 0, 0.015, 0.025, 0.050, 0.100) materials were prepared by means of an improved solid-state reaction, and their phys. and electrochem. properties were investigated by XRD, SEM and electrochem. testing techniques. When x = 0 and 0.015, the mean size of samples is about 800 nm and the samples have uniform morphol. and normal grain-size distribution. The materials showed only one plateau between 2.5V-4.5V. A significant structure transformation to the spinel-type phase was not found in the charge-discharge cycling. The layered structure was stabilized and the discharge capacity was also increased by doping appropriate amount of Cr3+. The 1.5 mol% chromium-doped active materials exhibited the best cycle performance. It delivered an initial discharge capacity of 138.60 mAh · g-1 in a cut-off range between 2.5 V and 4.5 V at room temperature, but the capacity and retention

found to decrease when the concentration of Cr3+ was over 1.5 mol%.

L3 ANSWER 58 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1239152 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:8986

TITLE: Production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as cathodes for secondary lithium

crystal structure as cathodes for secon

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Hara, Kenji; Hirahata, Shoji; Suzuki, Katsunori PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Kobe Electric Machinery Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005327644 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	А	20051124	JP 2004-145784 JP 2004-145784	20040517 20040517

TI Production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as cathodes for secondary lithium batteries

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT Carbonates, processes
Hydroxides (inorganic)
Nitrates, processes
Oxides (inorganic), processes
Sulfates, processes

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(of metals; in production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT Battery cathodes Coprecipitation

(production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 856700-33-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.34O2) 870011-39-5P 870011-40-8P 870011-41-9P 870011-42-0P 870011-75-9P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathodes; production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure as secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 7487-88-9, Magnesium sulfate, processes 7785-87-7, Manganese sulfate 7786-81-4, Nickel sulfate 10124-43-3, Cobalt sulfate RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(in production of lithium compound oxides having layered crystal structure

as

secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The lithium compound oxides are expressed by LiNiaMnbCocMgdO2 (a > b ≥ c, d = 0.001-0.02, as mol. ratio). The compound oxides are produced by a process comprising steps of (1) producing solvents at least containing (dissolved) Ni compds., Mn compds., Co compds., and Mg compds., (2) copptg. at least Ni, Mn, Co, and Mg, and adding Li compds. to give compound oxide precursors, and (3) firing the precursors. The compds. of each metals may be selected from oxides, hydroxides, nitrates, sulfates, and/or carbonates. Secondary lithium batteries employing the cathodes are also claimed. The cathodes show uniform crystal structure and the batteries provide high output power even at low temperature environment.

L3 ANSWER 59 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1174996 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:443512

TITLE: Lithium mixed oxide cathode active materials for

nonaqueous secondary lithium batteries,

method for their manufacture, and nonaqueous secondary

lithium batteries

INVENTOR(S): Inada, Fumi; Nakajima, Motoe
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 2005310744	A	20051104	JP 2004-376870		20041227
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-86962	A	20040324

TI Lithium mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaqueous secondary lithium batteries, method for their manufacture, and nonaqueous secondary lithium batteries

IT Sol-gel processing

(coating; formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium batteries)

IT Battery cathodes
 (formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium batteries)

IT Coating process

(sol-gel; formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium batteries)

IT 193215-96-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 247565-43-1P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.7O2) 868657-81-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.31Li1.1Mn0.31Ni0.38O2) 868657-82-3P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium batteries)

IT 2414-98-4, Magnesium diethoxide 3087-36-3, Titanium tetraethoxide 3173-69-1, Tin tetraethoxide 4073-85-2, Aluminum tripropoxide 13963-57-0 14024-63-6 23519-77-9, Zirconium tetrapropoxide RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (metal compound coatings from; formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium batteries)

IT 64-17-5, Ethanol, uses 67-63-0, 2-Propanol, uses 7732-18-5, Water, uses

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (solvent; formation of metal compound coatings on lithium transition
 metal mixed oxide cathode active materials for nonaq. secondary lithium
 batteries)

AB The cathode active materials consist of Li transition metal mixed oxide particles having their surfaces modified with 10-70 nm-thick metal compound layers containing ≥ 1 of Al, Mg, Sn, Ti, Zn, and Zr. The oxide particles may have composition formula LiaMnxNiyMzO2 (M = Co and/or Al; a = 1-1.2; x = 0-0.65; y = 0.35-1; z = 0-0.65; x + y + z = 1) and layer crystal structure. Method for manufacture of the active materials includes preparation of Li transition metal mixed oxide, followed by its surface modification by mixing the oxide with a solvent containing metal compds. and its treatment by irradiation with ultrasonic wave. Further specified conditions for the manufacturing processes, including granulation and heat treatment are also given. Nonaq. Li secondary batteries with cathodes comprising the claimed cathode active materials are also claimed. Batteries showing high power output are obtained.

L3 ANSWER 60 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1142666 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:66108

TITLE: Effect of aluminum doping on electrochemical behaviors

of layered Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials

AUTHOR(S): Ye, Shang-yun; Zhang, Ping-wei; Qiao, Zhi-yu

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physics and Chemistry, University of

Science and Technology Beijing, Beijing, 100083, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongquo Youse Jinshu Xuebao (2005), 15(Spec. 1),

51-55

CODEN: ZYJXFK; ISSN: 1004-0609

PUBLISHER: Kexue Chubanshe

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

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Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials
ΤТ
    Battery cathodes
        (effect of aluminum doping on electrochem. behavior of layered
       Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials for lithium batteries
ΙT
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; effect of aluminum doping on electrochem. behavior of layered
       Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials for lithium batteries
    346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
ΤТ
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 891862-53-6D, manganese-deficient
    891862-54-7
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (effect of aluminum doping on electrochem. behavior of layered
       Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials for lithium batteries
    7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses
TT
    RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES
     (Uses)
        (effect of aluminum doping on electrochem. behavior of layered
       Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials for lithium batteries
ΙT
    99627-76-6, Cobalt manganese nickel oxide (CoMnNiO4)
                                                          602297-52-9, Cobalt
    manganese nickel hydroxide (Co0.33Mn0.33Ni0.33(OH)2)
    RL: PRP (Properties)
       (effect of aluminum doping on electrochem. behavior of layered
       Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn1/3]02 cathode materials for lithium batteries
    The mixed transition metal compound, Li1+x[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-y)Aly]O2 (x = 0,
AB
    0.04; y = 0, 0.04), was synthesized via copptn. followed by high-temperature
    heat-treatment. XRD revealed that this material has a typical layered
    structure with R3m space group. Spherical morphol. with secondary
    particles were observed by SEM and the size of powder could be controlled by
    the copptn. and calcination process. Al doping and Li excess were
    effective for the improvement of phys. properties such as crystallinity,
    morphol. and d. These improved phys. characteristics can enhance the
    capacity, retention and rate capability, even though the electrodes are
    cycled between 3.0 and 4.6 V.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        11
                              THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 61 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                        ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        143:408200
TITLE:
                        Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
INVENTOR(S):
                        Deguchi, Masaki; Matsui, Tooru; Yoshizawa, Hiroshi;
                        Onuki, Masamichi; Kinoshita, Shinichi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan;
                        Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                      APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                                DATE
                                          _____
    WO 2005099023
                       A1 20051020 WO 2005-JP6372
                                                                 20050331
```

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,

Effect of aluminum doping on electrochemical behaviors of layered

ΤТ

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CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM,
             SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CN 1943072
                                20070404
                                            CN 2005-80011972
                                                                    20050331
                          Α
     US 20070218370
                          Α1
                                20070920
                                            US 2006-547172
                                                                    20061002
     KR 816613
                          В1
                                20080324
                                            KR 2006-723252
                                                                    20061106
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2004-113203
                                                                A 20040407
                                            WO 2005-JP6372
                                                               W 20050331
                        MARPAT 143:408200
OTHER SOURCE(S):
ΤI
     Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
ΤТ
     Battery cathodes
       Battery electrolytes
        (cathodes containing lithium transition metal composite oxides and
        electrolytes containing phosphinate compds. for secondary lithium
        batteries)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; cathodes containing lithium transition metal composite oxides and
        electrolytes containing phosphinate compds. for secondary lithium
        batteries)
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate
ΙT
     7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)
     21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate
                                              144419-56-7, Cobalt lithium
     magnesium oxide (Co0.95LiMg0.0502) 157616-77-8, Cobalt lithium tin oxide
     (Co0.98LiSn0.0202) 162023-33-8, Cobalt iron lithium oxide
     (Co0.98Fe0.02LiO2) 164175-46-6, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide
     (Al0.05LiNi0.9502) 174735-00-3, Cobalt lithium vanadium oxide
                        193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Co0.98LiV0.0202)
     (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
                              198213-70-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide
     (Co0.98LiMg0.0202) 198213-74-0, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide
     (Co0.9LiMg0.102) 253875-50-2, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide
     (Co0.98LiTi0.0202)
                          380413-92-3, Cobalt lithium tantalum oxide
                          380413-94-5, Cobalt lithium niobium oxide
     (Co0.98LiTa0.0202)
                          459409-01-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide
     (Co0.98LiNb0.0202)
     (Al0.02Co0.98LiO2)
                          583048-68-4, Cobalt lithium yttrium oxide
     (Co0.98LiY0.0202) 846020-48-2
                                    865649-44-1, Calcium cobalt
     lithium oxide (Ca0.02Co0.98LiO2)
                                       865649-45-2, Cobalt lithium strontium
     oxide (Co0.98LiSr0.0202)
                                865649-46-3, Cobalt gallium lithium oxide
                          867249-10-3, Cobalt lithium zinc oxide
     (Co0.98Ga0.02LiO2)
                          867249-11-4, Cobalt lithium borate oxide
     (Co0.98LiZn0.0202)
                                867249-12-5, Chromium cobalt lithium oxide
     (Co0.98Li(BO3)0.0201.94)
                          867249-13-6, Cobalt lithium oxide silicate
     (Cr0.02Co0.98LiO2)
     (Co0.98LiO1.92(SiO4)0.02)
                               867249-14-7, Cobalt lithium oxide phosphate
                                867249-15-8, Antimony cobalt lithium oxide
     (Co0.98LiO1.92(PO4)0.02)
                          867249-16-9, Cobalt lithium molybdenum oxide
     (Sb0.02Co0.98LiO2)
                          867249-17-0, Cobalt lithium tungsten oxide
     (Co0.98LiMo0.0202)
     (Co0.98LiW0.0202)
                         867249-18-1, Cobalt lithium zirconium oxide
     (Co0.98LiZr0.0202)
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cathodes containing lithium transition metal composite oxides and
        electrolytes containing phosphinate compds. for secondary lithium
        batteries)
     872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 2227-43-2 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene
ΤТ
                4775-09-1, Ethyl diethyl phosphinate 7100-92-7 10545-62-7
     carbonate
```

14337-77-0, Methyl dimethyl phosphinate 867249-19-2

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (cathodes containing lithium transition metal composite oxides and electrolytes containing phosphinate compds. for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The battery has a separator between a Li-intercalating anode and a Li-intercalating cathode and a nonaq. electrolyte solution; where the cathode contains a cathode active mass: LiM1-xLxO2 (x = 0.005-0.1; M = Mn, Co, and/or Ni, and L = Mg, Al, Ti, Sr, Zn, B, Ca, Cr, Si, Ga, Sn, P, V, Sb, Nb, Ta, Mo, W, Zr, Y, and/or Fe); and the electrolyte solution contains a phosphinate compound R1O(P:O)R2R3(R1, R2 and R3 = aryl, C1-5 alkyl, C1-5 alkenyl, or C1-5 alkynyl group).

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 62 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1130978 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:408199

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery

INVENTOR(S): Deguchi, Masaki; Matsui, Tooru; Yoshizawa, Hiroshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
	WO 2005099022			A1	20051020			WO 2005-JP4655				20050316							
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	ΒA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NA,	ΝI,	
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	
			SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	
			AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
			EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	
			RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	
			MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG												
	CN 1806362		Α	20060719			CN 2005-80000503			20050316									
	EP 1734607		A1	20061220				EP 2005-720909			20050316								
		R:	DE,	FR,	GB														
	US 20060083988			A1	20060420				US 2005-287446			20051128							
PRIO	RIORITY APPLN. INFO.:								JP 2	004-	1132	8 0		A 2	0040	407			
											WO 2	005-	JP46	55	,	W 2	0050	316	
	_					-													

- TI Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery
- IT Battery cathodes

Battery electrolytes

(cathode containing lithium nickel composite oxides and electrolytes containing $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$

vinyl ethylene carbonate for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; cathode containing lithium nickel composite oxides and electrolytes containing vinyl ethylene carbonate for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 101920-93-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5LiNi0.502) 113066-90-3,

```
Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.6LiNi0.402) 116327-68-5, Cobalt lithium
     nickel oxide (Co0.3LiNi0.702) 116327-69-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.1LiNi0.902) 118557-81-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Co0.7LiNi0.302)
                      128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (LiMn0.5Ni0.502) 143623-49-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     (Co0.25LiNi0.7502) 179186-41-5, Lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (LiMn0.7Ni0.302) 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide
                               193215-92-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
                                   195880-90-1, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel
     oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502)
     oxide (Co0.15LiMq0.05Ni0.802)
                                    203005-76-9, Cobalt lithium nickel borate
     oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8(BO3)0.0501.85) 216385-46-5, Cobalt lithium nickel
     tin oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Sn0.0502)
                                         216385-49-8, Cobalt lithium nickel
     oxide silicate (Co0.15LiNi0.801.8(SiO4)0.05) 216385-50-1, Cobalt iron
     lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15Fe0.05LiNi0.802)
                                                    216385-51-2, Cobalt lithium
     nickel titanium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Ti0.0502) 346417-97-8, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 849416-68-8,
     Cobalt lithium nickel niobium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Nb0.0502)
                                                                    859529-03-6,
     Cobalt gallium lithium nickel oxide (Co0.15Ga0.05LiNi0.802)
                                                                     867248-92-8,
     Cobalt lithium nickel strontium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Sr0.0502)
     867248-93-9, Cobalt lithium nickel zinc oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Zn0.0502)
     867248-94-0, Calcium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Ca0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
     867248-95-1, Chromium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Cr0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
     867248-96-2, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide phosphate
     (Co0.15LiNi0.801.8(PO4)0.05)
                                   867248-97-3, Cobalt lithium nickel vanadium
                                   867248-98-4, Antimony cobalt lithium nickel
     oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8V0.0502)
     oxide (Sb0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802)
                                     867248-99-5, Cobalt lithium nickel
     tantalum oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Ta0.0502)
                                             867249-00-1, Cobalt lithium
     molybdenum nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMo0.05Ni0.802)
                                                       867249-01-2, Cobalt
     lithium nickel zirconium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Zr0.0502) 867249-02-3,
     Cobalt lithium nickel yttrium oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8Y0.0502) 867249-03-4
     867249-04-5
                  867249-05-6 867249-06-7
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cathode containing lithium nickel composite oxides and electrolytes
containing
        vinyl ethylene carbonate for secondary lithium batteries)
     4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (cathode containing lithium nickel composite oxides and electrolytes
containing
        vinyl ethylene carbonate for secondary lithium batteries)
     The battery comprises a separator between a Li-intercalating
     cathode and a Li-intercalating anode and a nonaq. electrolyte solution; where
     the cathode contains. The pos. electrode contains a composite oxide:
     LiNixM1-x-yLyO2 (x = 0.3-0.9; y = 0-0.1; M = Co and/or Mn; and L = Mg, Al,
     Ti, Sr, Zn, B, Ca, Cr, Si, Ga, Sn, P, V, Sb, Nb, Ta, Mo, W, Zr, Y, and/or
     Fe) as an active mass; and the electrolyte solution contains a main solvent,
     an electrolyte salt, and vinyl ethylene carbonate.
                               THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         16
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 63 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                         2005:1115641 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         145:86348
TITLE:
                         The study on the performance of
                         LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2 (M = Al, Ti)
                         Tan, Bai-shan; Han, En-shan; Li, Peng
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Tianjin EPC Petrochemical Engineering Co., Ltd.,
                         Tianjin, 300400, Peop. Rep. China
Dianchi (2005), 35(4), 259-260
CODEN: DNCHEP; ISSN: 1001-1579
SOURCE:
```

Dianchi Zazhishe

PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese

TI The study on the performance of LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2 (M = Al, Ti)

IT Battery cathodes

 $(\text{LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2} \ (\text{M = Al, Ti}) \ \text{cathode materials for lithium batteries})$

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2 (M = Al, Ti) cathode materials for lithium batteries)

IT 894108-26-0 894108-27-1

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

 $(\text{LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2} \ (\text{M = Al, Ti}) \ \text{cathode materials for lithium batteries})$

AB LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2 (M = A1, Ti) was prepared by copptn. at 800° and calcined for 9 h. The material was characterized by XRD, DSC and charge-discharge tests. The stability of LiNi1/3Co1/4Mn1/3M1/12O2 (M = A1, Ti) exothermic decomposition reaction was higher than that of LiNi1/3Co1/3Mn1/3O2 at 4.3 V due to doping with Al and Ti.

L3 ANSWER 64 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1049231 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:349928

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary batteries

with lithium mixed oxide cathodes

INVENTOR(S): Matsui, Toru; Deguchi, Masaki; Yoshizawa, Hiroshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005267911	A	20050929	JP 2004-75110	20040316
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-75110	20040316

TI Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes

IT Secondary batteries

(nonaq.; secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq. electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives)

IT Battery electrolytes

(secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq. electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives)

101920-93-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5LiNi0.502) 113066-89-0, ΤТ 118819-08-2, Cobalt lithium Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.802) manganese oxide (Co0.5LiMn0.502) 128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel 142447-10-7, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide oxide (Li2MnNiO4) 143623-49-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 144419-56-7, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide 149319-02-8, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.75LiMn0.2502) (Co0.25LiNi0.7502) (Co0.95LiMq0.0502)152066-41-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.75LiNi0.2502)193214-25-4, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel (Co0.45LiMn0.1Ni0.4502) oxide (Al0.05Co0.2LiNi0.7502) 193214-39-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.2LiNi0.702) 193214-51-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.2LiNi0.65O2) 197389-21-2, Aluminum lithium 198213-70-6, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Al0.03LiNi0.9702) oxide (Co0.98LiMg0.0202) 200938-46-1, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li2Mn1.5Ni0.504) 225662-79-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.01Co0.2LiNi0.7902) 248581-94-4, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide

(Co0.5Li2Mn1.504) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) 459409-01-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide 659718-68-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.02Co0.98LiO2) (Al0.03Co0.2LiNi0.7702) 781672-36-4, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.25Ni0.7502) 865649-43-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.45LiMn0.45Ni0.102) 865649-44-1, Calcium cobalt lithium oxide (Ca0.02Co0.98LiO2) 865649-45-2, Cobalt lithium strontium oxide (Co0.98LiSr0.0202) 865649-46-3, Cobalt gallium lithium oxide (Co0.98Ga0.02LiO2) 865649-47-4, Gallium lithium nickel oxide (Ga0.03LiNi0.9702) 865649-48-5 865649-49-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.07Co0.2LiNi0.7302) 865649-50-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.12Co0.2LiNi0.6802) RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathode active material; secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq. electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives) 872-36-6, Vinylene carbonate 15022-08-9, Diallyl carbonate RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte additive; secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq, electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives) 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethvl methvl carbonate RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte solvent; secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq. electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (electrolyte; secondary batteries with lithium mixed oxide cathodes and nonaq. electrolytes containing diallyl carbonate as additives) The batteries comprise cathodes including LiAO2 (A is ≥2 selected from Mn, Co, and Ni) or LiB1-wCwO2 (B = Mn, Co, and/or Ni; C = Mq, Ca, Sr, Al, and/or Ga; w = 0.005-0.1) as active materials, anodes, and nonaq. electrolytes including a main solvent, solute, and diallyl carbonate as additive. The electrolytes may also contain vinylene carbonate as additive. The batteries show excellent cycle performance and prevented emission of gases at high temperature ANSWER 65 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:289504 TITLE: Secondary lithium ion battery with cathode containing lithium nickel manganese cobalt mixed oxide Yaqi, Akinaka; Yamaki, Takahiro; Kasai, Masahiro INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Kobe Electric Machinery Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

ΤТ

ТТ

AΒ

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005259617	A	20050922	JP 2004-71854	20040315

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2004-71854 20040315

Secondary lithium ion battery with cathode containing lithium nickel manganese cobalt mixed oxide

Secondary batteries ΙT

> (lithium; secondary lithium ion battery with cathode containing lithium nickel manganese cobalt mixed oxide)

ΙT Battery cathodes

> (secondary lithium ion battery with cathode containing lithium nickel manganese cobalt mixed oxide)

864433-93-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li0.34Mn0.36NiO2) 864433-95-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.21LiMn0.25Ni0.55O2) 864433-97-6 864434-00-4 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

> (secondary lithium ion battery with cathode containing lithium nickel manganese cobalt mixed oxide)

The claimed battery is equipped with cathode active mass containing AR hexagonal layered-structure mixed oxide LiNiXMnYCoZM α O2 (M = Fe, Cr, Cu, Al, Mg, Si; $X + Y + Z + \alpha = 1$; X = 0.25 - 0.55; Y = 0.25 - 0.55; Z = 0.25 - 0.550.15-0.4; $\alpha = 0-0.1$) for active mass coating amount 8.0-14.5 mg/cm². The battery provides high power output under ultralow temperature environment.

ANSWER 66 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2005:962566 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:251015

TITLE: Cathode active material with improved cycling

stability for lithium ion batteries

INVENTOR(S): Bormet, Steffen; Reim, Joerg; Rentsch, Harald;

Schelling, Volker

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ferro G.m.b.H., Germany SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO. KIN				KIN	ND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE 			
WO	2005	0813	38		A1	_	2005	0901	,	WO 2	005-	EP60	0		2	0050	121	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	
		GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NΙ,	NO,	
		NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,	
		TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	
		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	
		MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG												
DE	1020	0400	8397		A1		2005	0908		DE 2	004-	1020	0400	8397	2	0040	220	
RITY	APP:	LN.	INFO	.:						DE 2	004-	1020	0400	8397	A 2	0040	220	
Cat	hode	act:	ive 1	mate:	rial	wit	h im	prov	ed c	ycli	ng s	tabi	lity	for	lit	hium	ion	

PRIOF ΤI batteries

Ball milling

Battery cathodes Grinding (machining) Heat treatment

> (cathode active material with improved cycling stability for lithium ion batteries)

Secondary batteries ΤТ (lithium; cathode active material with improved cycling stability for lithium ion batteries) 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7439-93-2D, Lithium, compound IΤ RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cathode active material with improved cycling stability for lithium ion batteries) ΙT 405890-05-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2) 863498-38-8P 863498-39-9P 863498-40-2P 863498-41-3P 863498-42-4P 863498-43-5P 863498-44-6P 863498-45-7P 863498-46-8P 863498-47-9P 863499-34-7P RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (cathode active material with improved cycling stability for lithium ion batteries) The invention relates to a pos. active electrode material for use in AB rechargeable lithium ion batteries, to a lithium secondary cell having the electrode material according to the invention, and to a method for the production of the latter. The cathode active material is: LaaNi1-x-y-zMnxCoyMzO2, where M = Nb and/or Ta, and 1.00 \leq a ≤ 1.15 , 0.5 < x + y + z < 1.0, 0.1 < x < 0.5, 0.01 < y < 0.3, and $0 < z \leq 0.1$. REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 67 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:572419 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> 143:81215 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Cathode material for lithium secondary battery Yuasa, Toyotaka; Kasai, Masahiro INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 13 pp. CODEN: USXXCO DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 20050142442 A1 20050630 US 2004-20034 20041223 JP 2005197004 A 20050721 JP 2003-435660 20031226 JP 4100341 B2 20080611 CN 1638173 A 20050713 CN 2004-10011485 20041224 A 20050713 CN 2004-10011485 20041224 JP 2003-435660 A 20031226 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Cathode material for lithium secondary battery ΤT ΙT Battery cathodes Surface area (cathode material for lithium secondary battery) ΙT Secondary batteries (lithium; cathode material for lithium secondary battery) ΤT

1T 186298-15-7 186298-17-9 217309-43-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 478037-17-1 493326-93-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.34Ni0.3302) 681160-59-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.4Ni0.302) 855998-68-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1-0.6Li0-1.2Mn0.1-0.9Ni0-0.4402) 855998-69-5 855998-70-8 855998-71-9 855998-72-0 855998-73-1 855998-74-2 855998-75-3 855998-76-4 855998-77-5 855998-78-6 855998-79-7 855998-80-0 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathode material for lithium secondary battery)

AB A pos. electrode material for a nonaq. lithium secondary battery and a lithium secondary battery that has superior cycle life and safety and reduced internal resistance of the battery at low temperature is provided. The pos. electrode material for a nonaq. lithium secondary battery comprises a layered structured complex oxide expressed by a composition formula LiaMnxNiyCozMaO2, where $0 < a \le 1.2$, $0.1 \le x \le 0.9$, $0 \le y \le 0.44$, $0.1 \le z \le 0.6$, $0.01 \le a \le 0.1$, and x+y+z+a=1. A diffraction peak intensity ratio between the (003)

x+y+z+ α =1. A diffraction peak intensity ratio between the (003) plane and the (104) plane (I(003)/I(104)) in an X-ray powder diffractometry using a Cu-K α line in the X-ray source is not less than 1.0 and not more than 1.5.

L3 ANSWER 68 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:572418 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:100336

TITLE: Lithium ion secondary battery INVENTOR(S): Yamaki, Takahiro; Arai, Juichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 20050142440	A1	20050630	US 2004-17944	20041222
	JP 2005197002	A	20050721	JP 2003-435626	20031226
	FR 2864708	A1	20050701	FR 2004-53227	20041224
PRIOR	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-435626 A	20031226

- TI Lithium ion secondary battery
- IT Battery anodes

Battery cathodes

(lithium ion secondary battery)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium ion secondary battery)

ΙT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide (LiMn204) 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 187100-95-4, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05-0.3LiNi0.7-0.9502) 190902-96-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.05-0.3LiNi0.7-0.9502) 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel 193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 856700-19-1 856700-20-4 856700-21-5 856700-22-6 856700-24-8 856700-26-0 856700-28-2, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.05-0.3Ni0.7-0.9502) 856700-29-3, Iron lithium nickel oxide 856700-30-6, Chromium lithium nickel oxide (Fe0.05-0.3LiNi0.7-0.9502) 856700-31-7, Copper lithium nickel oxide 856700-32-8, Lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Cr0.05-0.3LiNi0.7-0.9502) (Cu0.05-0.3LiNi0.7-0.9502) oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.3402) 856700-34-0 856700-35-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.402) RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (lithium ion secondary battery)

AB A lithium ion secondary battery is disclosed having high output characteristics even at an extremely low temperature, for example, -30°

and high output power even in a low charged state. A graphite-based material having an R value (IRD/IRG) which is the ratio of peak intensity (IRD) at 1,300 to 1,400 cm-1 to peak intensity (IRG) at 1,580 to 1,620 cm-1 measured in its Raman spectrum of 0.3 to 0.6 and an H value (IH(110)/IH(004)) which is the ratio of the peak height intensity (IH(110)) of the face (110) to the peak height intensity (IH(004)) of the face (004) in its X-ray diffraction of 0.5 to 2.0 or a C value which is the ratio of the peak integral intensity (IC(110)) of the face (110) to the peak integral intensity (IC(004)) of the face (004) of 0.4 to 1.50 is used as a neq.-electrode active material.

L3 ANSWER 69 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:493821 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:29509

TITLE: Process and reactor for preparation of cathode active

material for lithium secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Sun, Yang Kook; Lee, Myoung Hun; Kang, Yoon Jung; Kim,

Gil Ho

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hanyang Hak Won Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE 					
WC	2005	0530	64		A1 20050609			,	wo 2	004-	KR29	30		2	0041	117	
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	NO,
		NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,
		TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IS,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,
		SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,
		NE,	SN,	TD,	TG												
KF	2004	0073	56		Α		2004	0124		KR 2	003-	8470	2		2	0031	126
CN	1886	847			A		2006	1227	1	CN 2	004-	8003	4929		2	0041	117
JF	2007	5126	68		T		2007	0517		JP 2	006-	5410	26		2	0041	117
US	2007	0111	098		A1		2007	0517		US 2	006-	5808	90		2	0060	525
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					KR 2003-84702			i	A 20031126				
					WO 2004-KR2980			W 20041117									

- TI Process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery
- IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

IT Battery cathodes

(process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

IT Carbon black, uses

Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

IT 113066-89-0P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.802) 128975-24-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide LiMn0.5Ni0.502 193215-96-2P, Cobalt

lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2)

837287-95-3P 852875-92-4P 852875-93-5P

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

ΙT 24937-79-9, Pvdf

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(process and reactor for preparation of cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

The invention relates to a cathode active material for a lithium secondary battery and a process for preparing the same. In accordance with the present invention, the cathode active material having a high packing d. was designed and synthesized and thus provided is a cathode active material for a lithium secondary battery exhibiting structural stability such as improved characteristics for charge/discharge, service life and high-rate and thermal stability, by modifying surface of the electrode active material with amphoteric or basic compds. capable of neutralizing acid produced around the cathode active material.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 70 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:493050 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

143:29495 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Cathode active mass for secondary lithium TITLE:

battery, its manufacture, and the

batterv

Nakajima, Motoe; Inada, Fumi; Uchikawa, Akio INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005150102	A	20050609	JP 2004-306421	20041021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-364436 A	20031024

ΤI Cathode active mass for secondary lithium battery, its manufacture, and the battery

ΤT Battery cathodes

> (compns. and medium particle size of lithium transition metal oxides and their manufacture for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

787635-96-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide ΙT (Co0.31Li1.08Mn0.33Ni0.3602) 787635-97-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.402) 787635-98-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.5O2) 787635-99-8P 787636-01-5P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel 787636-00-4P oxide (Al0.1Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.602) 852996-06-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.702)

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and medium particle size of lithium transition metal oxides and their manufacture for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AΒ The Li intercalating Li containing multiple oxide cathode active mass has a $\ensuremath{\text{D/D'}}$ ratio 1-2, where D and D' are the median diameter of the active mass measured by laser diffraction, when dispersed in a solvent, without and

with the application of an ultrasound, resp. The oxide is preferably LiaMnxNiyXz02 [X = Co or Al, 1 \leq a \leq 1.2, x \leq 0.35, 0.35 \leq y \leq 1, z \leq 0.65. and (x+y+z) =1]. The active mass is prepared by grinding, heat treating, classifying, and packing a sintered Li salt-transition metal oxide mixture in an atmospheric containing \leq 20 g

L3 ANSWER 71 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:493043 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:29494

TITLE: Cathode active mass for secondary lithium

battery, its manufacture, and the battery which uses the active mass

INVENTOR(S): Inada, Fumi; Nakajima, Motoe; Uchikawa, Akio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

steam/m3.

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005150057 JP 3991359	A B2	20050609 20071017	JP 2003-390194	20031120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	22	200,101,	JP 2003-390194	20031120

CI Cathode active mass for secondary lithium battery, its manufacture, and the battery which uses the active mass

IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$

metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 193215-73-5P 853058-04-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.45LiMn0.2Ni0.3502) 853058-05-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.1Mn0.3Ni0.402) 853058-06-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.1Mn0.2Ni0.502)

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$

metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)
The active mass is a layer crystal structured Li transition metal composite oxide: LiaMnxNiyMzO2 [M = Co and/or Al; a = 1-1.2; x = 0.2-0.5; y = 0.35-0.5; z = 0-0.45; and (x+y+z) = 1]; where a supernatant from a mixture of the oxide dispersed in a pH 7.2-7.5 pure water at 5 time the weight of the power has a pH 10.0-12.0. The active mass is manufactured by wet mixing a transition metal compound with a Li compound at a specified ratio; drying the mixture; firing in air, a N atmospheric, or an O atm at $850-1100^\circ$; cracking; and heat treating in air, a N atmospheric, or an O atm at $400-700^\circ$. The battery has the above cathode active mass.

L3 ANSWER 72 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:315697 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:358107

TITLE: Single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Jordy, Christian; Audry, Claudette; Boeuve,

Jean-pierre; Biensan, Philippe; Lecerf, Andre

Saft, Fr. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
	EP 1	1523	052			A2	A2 20050413 EP 2004-2923					2923	 97		2	0041	008		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙΤ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	HR
	FR 2	2860	922			A1		2005	0415		FR 2	003-	1186	6		2	0031	010	
	US 2	2005	0112	466		A1		2005	0526		US 2	004-	9600	66		2	0041	800	
	US T	7285	357			В2		2007	1023										
	JP 2	2005	15009	93		А		2005	0609		JP 2	004-	2956	89		2	0041	800	
PRIO	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						FR 2	003-	1186	6		A 2	0031	010	
ΤΙ	Sing	gle-	phase	e me	tal-	dope	d co	balt	lit	hium	man	gane	se n	icke	l ox	ide	as c	atho	des
	for	lit	hium	sec	onda:	ry ba	atte	eries											
ΙT	Cark	bon :	blac	ς , u	ses														
	RL:	DEV	(De	vice	com	ponei	nt ı	ıse);	USE	S (U	ses)								

(anode; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

ΙT Battery cathodes

> (single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

ΙT Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

848871-46-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide ΤТ

(Co0.14Li1.07Mn0.39Ni0.39O2) 848871-50-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.13Li1.09Mn0.38Ni0.3802) 848871-59-0

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(aluminum-doped, cathode; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

ΙT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anode; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

24937-79-9, Polyvinylidene difluoride ΤТ

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(battery separator; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

ΙT 848871-43-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.14Li1.07Mn0.28Ni0.502) 848871-54-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.13Li1.13Mn0.37Ni0.36O2) 848871-57-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.12Li1.17Mn0.35Ni0.35O2) 848871-63-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(boron-doped, cathode; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

848871-64-7 848871-67-0 848871-61-4 ΤТ

> 848871-73-8 848871-70-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathode; single-phase metal-doped cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide as cathodes for lithium secondary batteries)

AB An electrochem. active, single-phase LiNO2-type mixed metal oxide, suitable for use as cathodes for secondary lithium batteries, have a general formula of Li(M11-a-b-cLiaM2bM3c)O2, in which a = 0.02-0.25, b <0.30, c <0.30; a + b + c <0.50; M2 is selected from Mg and Zn; M3 is selected from Al, B, and Ga; and M1 = Ni1-x-y-zCoxMnyM4z, in which M4 is selected from Fe, Cu, Ti, Zr, V, Ga, and Si, and y = 0.10-0.55, x <0.70, z <0.30; 1-x-y-z >0.20; and b + c + z >0. The anodes are typically fabricated from carbon, carbon black, and glassy carbon.

L3 ANSWER 73 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:297579 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:376490

TITLE: Manufacture of lithium-nickel-cobalt-manganese-

aluminum containing composite oxide for secondary

lithium battery cathode

INVENTOR(S): Kazuhara, Manabu; Mihara, Takuya; Yajima, Sumitomo;

Ueda, Koichiro; Wakasugi, Yukimitsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005089225	A	20050407	JP 2003-323426	20030916
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-323426	20030916

TI Manufacture of lithium-nickel-cobalt-manganese-aluminum containing composite oxide for secondary lithium battery cathode

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; manufacture of Li-Ni-Co-Mn-Al composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT Battery cathodes

(manufacture of Li-Ni-Co-Mn-Al composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 849413-16-7P 849413-17-8P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of Li-Ni-Co-Mn-Al composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The oxide, having a R-3m rhombohedral structure and being represented by: LipNixMn1-x-yCoyAlzO2-qFq (p = 0.98-1.07; x = 0.3-0.5; y = 0.1-0.38; and 0< $z \le 0.05$; and q = 0-0.05), is manufactured by dry-mixing Ni-Co-Mn composite oxyhydroxide aggregated particles with Li2CO3 and an Al containing compound; and firing the mixture in an O containing atmospheric

L3 ANSWER 74 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:182996 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:264407

TITLE: Cathode active mass powder for secondary lithium

battery

INVENTOR(S): Suhara, Manabu; Mihara, Takuya; Udea, Koichiro;

Wakasugi, Yukimitsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
	WO	2005	0203	 54		A1 20050303				 WO 2	004-	JP12	 015		2	0040	820	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NA,	NI,
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
			ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
			AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
			EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
			SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,
			SN,	TD,	TG													
	CN	1706	058	·		А		2005	1207		CN 2	004-	8000	1420		2	0040	820
	US	2005	0271	944		A1		2005	1208		US 2	005-	1504	51		2	0050	613
	US	7381	498			В2		2008	0603									
PRIO	RIT	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JP 2	003-	2083	11		A 2	0030	821
											WO 2	004-	JP12	015		A1 2	0040	820
ΤТ	Cat	hode	act	ive	mass	now	der	for	SECO	ndar	v 1 i	thiu:	m ha	tter	1.7			

TI Cathode active mass powder for secondary lithium battery

IT Battery cathodes

(cathodes containing different compressive breaking strength lithium cobalt manganese nickel oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 846020-47-1 846020-48-2 846020-49-3

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathodes containing different compressive breaking strength lithium cobalt manganese nickel oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The title powder is formed by aggregating particles of a lithium composite oxide LipNixCoyMnzMqO2-aFa [M = transition metal element (excluding Ni, Co and Mn), Al, or alkaline earth metal element; p = 0.9-1.1; x = 0.2-0.8; y = 0-0.4; z = 0-0.5; (y+z) > 0; q = 0-0.05; (2-a) = 1.9-2.1; (x + y + z + q) = 1; and a = 0-0.02]; has an average particle diameter D50 3-15 μ m; and contains a 1st granular powder having compressive breaking strength \geq 50 MPa and a 2nd granular powder having compressive breaking strength <40 MPa in such an amount that the weight ratio of the 1st granular powder to the 2nd granular powder is 50-90:10-50.

REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 75 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:58090 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:138345

TITLE: Method of preparation of cathode active material for

rechargeable lithium battery
Jung, Hyun-sook; Kim, Geun-bae

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Samsung Sdi Co., Ltd, S. Korea
U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20050014065	A1	20050120	US 2004-892991	20040716

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US 7226698
                         B2
                               20070605
    KR 2005010131
                         A
                               20050127
                                           KR 2003-49020
                                                                  20030718
    CN 1610154
                               20050427
                                           CN 2004-10044544
                         Α
                                                                  20040512
    JP 2005044801
                         Α
                               20050217
                                           JP 2004-211609
                                                                  20040720
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           KR 2003-49020
                                                               A 20030718
    Method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
    batterv
ΙT
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable
       lithium battery)
    Battery cathodes
ΙT
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
       battery)
ΤT
    Hydroxides (inorganic)
    Nitrates, processes
    Oxides (inorganic), processes
    Sulfates, processes
    RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PROC (Process)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
        battery)
ΙT
    Carbonaceous materials (technological products)
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
       battery)
    546-89-4, Lithium acetate
                                1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide
ΤТ
    Lithium nitrate 602297-52-9, Cobalt manganese nickel hydroxide
     (Co0.33Mn0.33Ni0.33(OH)2)
                               824957-53-1
    RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); PROC (Process)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
       battery)
    186298-17-9P
                   478037-17-1P 500912-67-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese
ΤТ
    nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.05Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) 807655-17-0P, Cobalt lithium
                                                         824957-50-8P
    manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33Li1.15Mn0.33Ni0.3302)
    824957-51-9P
                   824957-52-0P 824957-55-3P
    RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (method of preparation of cathode active material for rechargeable lithium
       battery)
AΒ
    Disclosed is a pos. active material for a lithium rechargeable
    battery, a method of preparing the same, and a lithium rechargeable
    battery comprising the same. The pos. active material has an
    I(003)/I(104) intensity ratio of between 1.15 to 1 and 1.21 to 1 in an
    X-ray diffraction pattern using CuK\alpha ray, wherein I(003)/I(004) is
    the X-ray diffraction intensity of the (003) plane divided by the X-ray
    diffraction intensity of the (104) plane. The compound is represented by
    the formula: LixNiyCozMn1-y-z-qXqO2 wherein x \ge 1.05, 0 < y < 0.35,
    0 < z < 0.35, X is Al, Mg, Sr, Ti or La, and 0 \le q < 0.1.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                        6
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 76 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        142:117668
TITLE:
                        Cathode material for secondary lithium battery
                        and its manufacture
                        Miyahara, Michihisa; Sawada, Shunji; Shiraishi, Yohei;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Koizumi, Tomoyoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Kureha Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
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CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005011713	A	20050113	JP 2003-175351	20030619
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-175351	20030619

TI Cathode material for secondary lithium battery and its

manufacture

IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and manufacture of lithium transition metal oxides with controlled HGI for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 1310-66-3P, Lithium hydroxide monohydrate 820959-05-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.08LiMn0.05Ni0.8702) 820959-06-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05LiMn0.12Ni0.8302) 820959-07-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.08LiMn0.02Ni0.8902) 820959-08-8P 820959-09-9P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of lithium transition metal oxides with controlled HGI for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(compns. and manufacture of lithium transition metal oxides with controlled HGI for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The cathode material is a Li transition metal composite oxide:
LiNixMnyM1-x-y02 (M = Co, Fe, Cr, V, Ti, Si, Ca, In, B, Al, Ga, and/or Mg;
x = 0.5-0.99; and y = 0-0.5) and has a Hardgrove grindability index
90-240. The oxide is manufactured by forming a slurry, comprising hydroxide
based particles and a nitrate salt based aqueous solution phase, by mixing
Ni(NO3)2 with Mn(NO3)2, an auxiliary metal nitrate aqueous solution (auxiliary
metal = Co, Fe, Cr, V, Ti, Si, Ca, In, B, Al, Ga, and/or Mg), and a Li(OH)
aqueous solution; spray drying the slurry at 150-500° to obtain
granulates; and firing the granulates in an O containing atmospheric

L3 ANSWER 77 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1059702 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:25916

TITLE: Lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaqueous lithium

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Whitfield, Pamela; Davidson, Isobel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): National Research Council of Canada, Can.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE					
					_									_		
WO 2004	1074	80		A2		2004	1209		WO 2	004-	CA77	0		2	0040	527
WO 2004	1074	80		АЗ		2005	1103									
W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	AL,	ΑM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,
	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	ΜZ,	NA,	NΙ,

```
NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     CA 2527207
                                 20041209
                                            CA 2004-2527207
                          Α1
                                                                    20040527
     EP 1629553
                          Α2
                                 20060301
                                            EP 2004-734982
                                                                    20040527
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR
                                20060628
                                            CN 2004-80014805
                          Α
                                                                    20040527
     JP 2007503102
                          Τ
                                20070215
                                             JP 2006-529498
                                                                    20040527
     US 20070122703
                          Α1
                                20070531
                                             US 2005-558445
                                                                    20051128
     IN 2005KN02514
                                20061201
                                             IN 2005-KN2514
                          Α
                                                                    20051207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2003-473476P
                                                                 Ρ
                                                                    20030528
                                             WO 2004-CA770
                                                                    20040527
                                                                 W
ΤI
     Lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaqueous lithium batteries
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
        (lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaq. lithium batteries)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonag. lithium
        batteries)
ΙT
     53027-29-5, Iron lithium manganese oxide
                                                61179-01-9, Aluminum lithium
     manganese oxide 133782-19-1, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide
     138758-08-4, Lithium manganese phosphorus oxide 153327-00-5, Gallium
     lithium manganese oxide 153327-05-0, Lithium manganese tin oxide
     162684-16-4, Lithium manganese nickel oxide 175786-46-6, Lithium
     magnesium manganese oxide 191538-04-2, Copper lithium manganese oxide
     201534-12-5, Lithium manganese zirconium oxide 204450-96-4, Chromium
     lithium manganese oxide 208394-04-1, Lithium manganese titanium oxide
     208394-05-2, Lithium manganese molybdenum oxide 214536-41-1, Cobalt
     lithium manganese oxide 245085-55-6, Calcium lithium manganese oxide
     252568-43-7, Lithium manganese tungsten oxide 252568-44-8, Lithium
                              393802-01-2, Beryllium lithium manganese oxide
     manganese silicon oxide
     393802-06-7, Lithium manganese tantalum oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonag. lithium batteries)
     101920-93-8P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.5LiNi0.502)
                                                                   448897-00-5P,
     Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.402)
                                                          677027-33-7P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese oxide (Co0.4Li1.2Mn0.402)
                                                    801287-08-1P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide ((Co, Ni) 0.4Li1.2Mn0.402)
                                                       801287-09-2P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.3O2)
                                                               801287-10-5P,
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.2O2)
     801287-11-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.3Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.102)
                                801287-13-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Co0.26Li1.16Mn0.32Ni0.26O2) 801287-16-1P
                                                        801287-18-3P,
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.14Mn0.27Ni0.302)
     801287-20-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.41Li1.06Mn0.12Ni0.41O2) 801287-22-9P 801287-24-1P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaq. lithium batteries)
     A lithium metal oxide pos. electrode for a non-aqueous lithium cell or
AΒ
     battery is disclosed. The pos. electrode comprises a lithium
     metal oxide having a layered structure and a general formula, after
     in-situ or ex-situ oxidation, of LixMnyM1-y02 wherein 0 \leq x \leq
     0.20, 0 < y < 1, manganese is in the 4+ oxidation state, and M is one or more
     the first row transition metals: Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni or Cu, or other
     specific other canons: Al, Mg, Mo, W, Ta, Si, Sn, Zr, Be, Ca, Ga, and P,
     which have an appropriate ionic radii to be inserted in to the structure
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without unduly disrupting it. Usage of the materials of the invention in lithium cells and batteries is disclosed. A process is disclosed for formation of materials of the invention.

L3 ANSWER 78 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1020204 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:9225

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery and

charge/discharge system thereof

INVENTOR(S): Watanabe, Shoichiro; Nagayama, Masatoshi; Kuranaka, So

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.									
	WO	2004	1027	01		A1 20041125			WO 2004-JP6620						20040511			
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB	, BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
			CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ	, EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS	, KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,
			LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK	, MN,	MW,	MX,	MΖ,	NA,	NI,	NO,
			NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC	, SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ТJ,
			TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ	, VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
		RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD	, SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
			AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM,	ΑT	, BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
			EE,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	ΙT	, LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
			SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM	, GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,
			•	TD,		•	·	,	•	•			•		•	•	•	•
	JΡ	2004	3425	00		А		2004	1202		JΡ	2003-	1388	49		2	0030	516
		1735						2006				2004-					0040	511
	ΕP	1655	793			A1		2006	0510		EP	2004-	7322	13		2	0040	511
		R:	DE,	FR,	GB													
	US	2006	•			A1		2006	0831		US	2005-	5529	20		2	0051	011
	KR	7902	70			В1		2008	0102		KR	2005-	7208	99		2	0051	103
PRIOR	IT	Z APP	LN.	INFO	. :							2003-					0030	516
												2004-					0040	

- TI Nonaqueous electrolyte secondary battery and charge/discharge system thereof
- IT Battery anodes

(lithium secondary battery; graphite as anode active substance for)

IT Battery cathodes

(lithium secondary battery; lithium transition metal oxides as cathode active substances for)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; charging voltage limites for)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (anode active substance for lithium secondary battery)

IT 144419-56-7, Cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Co0.95LiMg0.0502) 372491-83-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.94LiMg0.0502) 372492-00-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.98LiMg0.0102) 405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.4502) 405890-08-6, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.4502) 422520-44-3, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide (LiMn0.45Ni0.45Ti0.102) 477700-15-5,

Cobalt lithium oxide (Co0.99LiO2) 478814-69-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium

magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.9LiMg0.05O2) 489431-33-6, Aluminum cobalt 719276-54-7, lithium oxide (Al0.01Co0.98LiO2) 709654-46-6 Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.94Li1.01Mg0.05O2) 798575-07-2, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.94Li1.02Mg0.0502) 798575-08-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.01Co0.94Li1.03Mg0.0502) 798575-10-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.85LiMq0.102) 798575-11-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.02Co0.88LiMg0.102) 798575-12-9, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (LiMq0.1Mn0.45Ni0.4502) 798575-13-0, Lithium manganese nickel strontium oxide (LiMn0.45Ni0.45Sr0.102)

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (cathode active substance for lithium secondary battery)

AΒ The disclosed nonag. electrolyte secondary comprises a pos. electrode composed of a pos. electrode mix layer, a neg. electrode composed of a neg. electrode mix layer, a separator or a lithium ion-conductive porous film interposed between the pos. electrode and the neg. electrode, and a lithium ion-conductive nonaq. electrolyte. The pos. electrode mix layer contains a pos. electrode active material composed of a lithium-transition metal composite oxide, and the lithium-transition metal composite oxide contains lithium, a transition metal and a metal other than the transition metal. The neg. electrode mix layer contains a neg. electrode active material composed of a carbon material. In the region where the pos. electrode mix layer and the neg. electrode mix layer face each other, the ratio (R: Wp/Wn) of the weight of the pos. electrode active material (Wp) contained in the pos. electrode mix layer per unit area to the weight of the neg. electrode active material (Wn) contained in the neg. electrode mix layer per unit area is 1.3-2.2. In the normal operation, the charging final voltage of this nonaq. electrolyte secondary battery is set at 4.25-4.5 V.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 79 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:1019025 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:9190

TITLE: Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery

INVENTOR(S): Narioka, Yoshinori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Storage Battery Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAI	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.		DATE	
						_		
JP	2004335223	A	20041125	JP	2003-128235		20030506	
US	20050008563	A1	20050113	US	2004-838322		20040505	
CN	1551387	A	20041201	CN	2004-10043369		20040508	
PRIORITY	APPLN. INFO.:			JP	2003-128235	Α	20030506	

TI Secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery

IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and tap d. of hexagonal crystalline lithium nickel cobalt manganese aluminum oxide for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 798396-50-6 798396-59-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)

(compns. and tap d. of hexagonal crystalline lithium nickel cobalt manganese aluminum oxide for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The battery uses LiaNi1-b-c-dCobMncAldO2 (0.05 ≤a

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\leq 1.20, 0.05 \leq b \leq 0.35, 0.01 \leq c \leq 0.35,
     0.01 \le d \le 0.15) having hexagonal crystalline structure and tap d.
     1.6-3.0 g/mL for cathode active mass.
     ANSWER 80 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
Т.З
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:974142 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:201370
TITLE:
                         Synthesis and Electrochemical Properties of
                         Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mqx]02-vFv via Coprecipitation
AUTHOR(S):
                         Kim, G.-H.; Myung, S.-T.; Bang, H. J.; Prakash, Jai;
                         Sun, Y.-K.
                         Department of Chemical Engineering, Center for
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Information and Communication Materials, Hanyang
                         University, Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea
SOURCE:
                         Electrochemical and Solid-State Letters (2004), 7(12),
                         A477-A480
                         CODEN: ESLEF6; ISSN: 1099-0062
PUBLISHER:
                         Electrochemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Synthesis and Electrochemical Properties of Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mgx]02-
     yFy via Coprecipitation
ΙT
     Coprecipitation
        (copptn. of Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mqx]O2-yFy cathode material for
        lithium batteries)
ΙT
     Secondary batteries
        (lithium; synthesis and electrochem. properties of Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-int)]
        x)Mgx]02-yFy cathode material for lithium batteries)
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
        (synthesis and electrochem. properties of Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mqx]02-
        yFy cathode material for lithium batteries)
     346417-97-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
ТТ
     (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 837287-67-9P 837287-83-9P
     837287-95-3P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP
     (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (synthesis and electrochem. properties of Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mgx]02-
        yFy cathode material for lithium batteries)
     The mixed transition metal layered compound, Li[Ni1/3Co1/3Mn(1/3-x)Mgx]02-
AB
     yFy was synthesized via copptn. followed by high-temperature heat treatment.
     XRD showed that this material has a typical layered structure with R3m
     space group. Spherical morphol. was observed by SEM. Mg and F substitutions
     improved the phys. properties such as crystallinity, morphol., and tap d.
     The improved phys. characteristics enhanced the capacity, retention, and
     thermal stability, even for electrodes cycled between 2.8 and 4.6 V.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         21
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 81 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                         2004:935422 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         141:398204
                         Cathode active materials, their production method, and
TITLE:
                         nonaqueous electrolyte lithium secondary
                         batteries
INVENTOR(S):
                         Nakajima, Motoe; Inada, Fumi; Uchikawa, Akio
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
                         CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
```

Japanese

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE		
				-			
JP 2004311427	A	20041104	JP 2004-86963		20040324		
JP 2006318928	A	20061124	JP 2006-199630		20060721		
JP 2006318929	A	20061124	JP 2006-199631		20060721		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-82820	Α	20030325		
			JP 2004-86963	A3	20040324		

- TI Cathode active materials, their production method, and nonaqueous electrolyte lithium secondary batteries
- IT Battery cathodes

(lithium battery; lithium manganate nickelate derivs. as cathode active substances for)

TT 787635-96-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.31Li1.08Mn0.33Ni0.36O2) 787635-97-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.4O2) 787635-98-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.5O2) 787635-99-8P 787636-00-4P 787636-01-5P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.6O2)

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(lithium secondary battery cathode active substance)

AB The disclosed cathode active material is a compound of the formula LiaMnxNiyXzO2 (X = Co, Al; $1 \le a \le 1.2$; $0.2 \le x \le 0.5$; $0.35 \le y \le 0.8$; $0 \le z \le 0.45$; x + y + z = 1) having lamellar structure, crystallite size (measured by Hall's method) of 400-800 Å, and packing degree, (tap d./theor. d)X100, of $\le 55\%$. The lithium secondary battery prepared with the cathode active materials shows good resistance toward internal resistivity changes.

L3 ANSWER 82 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:823603 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:334872

TITLE: Cathode active material for secondary nonaqueous

lithium battery, its manufacture, and the

battery which uses the active mass

INVENTOR(S): Inada, Fumi; Nakajima, Motoe; Uchikawa, Akio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Metals, Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004281253 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	20041007	JP 2003-71569 JP 2003-71569	20030317 20030317

TI Cathode active material for secondary nonaqueous lithium battery , its manufacture, and the battery which uses the active mass IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1$

metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT 176206-89-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.2Ni0.502) 193215-73-5P, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 193215-96-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.402) 217309-43-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 769973-31-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.5LiMn0.05Ni0.4502) RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of cathode active mass containing lithium transition $\ensuremath{\mathsf{T}}$

metal composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

AB The active mass is a layer crystal structured Li transition metal composite oxide: LiaMnxNiyMzO2 [M = Co and/or Al; a = 1-1.2; x = 0-0.65; y = 0.35-1; z = 0-0.65; and (x+y+z) = 1]; where the active mass has an initial charge-discharge efficiency $\geq 70\%$ when using Li as an anode. The active mass is manufactured by wet mixing a Li compound with a transition metal compound; drying the mixture; firing in air, a N atmospheric, or an O atm at

 $850-1100^\circ$; cracking; and heat treating in air, a N atmospheric, or an O atm at $500-800^\circ$. The battery has the above cathode active mass.

L3 ANSWER 83 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:753539 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:280344

TITLE: Secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Kasai, Masahiro; Suzuki, Katsunori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shin-Kobe Electric Machinery Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004259511	А	20040916	JP 2003-47151	20030225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-47151	20030225

TI Secondary lithium battery

IT Battery cathodes

(mixts. of layered lithium transition metal oxide and spine type lithium manganese oxide for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 247565-42-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 757974-77-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.34Li1.02Mn0.33Ni0.33O2) 757974-78-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.5Li1.08Mn0.33Ni0.2O2) 757974-79-1 757974-80-4 757974-81-5, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide (Al0.08Li1.1Mn1.82O2)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(mixts. of layered lithium transition metal oxide and spine type lithium manganese oxide for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The battery uses a cathode active mass containing a layer structured oxide containing Li, Co, Ni, and Mn and a spinel type oxide containing Li and Mn;

where the layer structured oxide is $\geq 50\%$ of the total cathode active mass and the Ni content in the oxide is $\leq 50 \text{mol}\%$ of all metals other than Li.

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L3 ANSWER 84 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:606608 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        141:159839
                        Precursor material for secondary lithium
TITLE:
                        battery cathode material, the cathode
                        material, and their manufacture
INVENTOR(S):
                        Kajiya, Yoshio; Tasaki, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Nikko Materials Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                                                DATE
    WO 2004064180
                       ____
                                          ______
                        A1 20040729 WO 2003-JP16416
                                                                 20031222
        W: CN, JP, KR, US
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
                             20070411 TW 2003-92135730
20051019 EP 2003-782865
    TW 279019
                        В
                                                                  20031217
    EP 1587156
                         Α1
                               20051019
                                           EP 2003-782865
                                                                  20031222
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                      A 20060215
                                         CN 2003-80108519
                                           CN 2003-801000
US 2005-541817 2000000
0003-1955 A 20030108
00031222
    CN 1735986
    US 20060121350
                         A1
                               20060608
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           WO 2003-JP16416
    Precursor material for secondary lithium battery cathode
TT
    material, the cathode material, and their manufacture
    Battery cathodes
ΙT
        (cathodes materials containing Li composite oxides with controlled
       impurities content for secondary lithium batteries)
ΙT
    Secondary batteries
        (lithium; cathodes materials containing Li composite oxides with controlled
        impurities content for secondary lithium batteries)
    193215-50-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.3Ni0.602)
    193215-53-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502)
    193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.402):
    346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
    (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 728942-11-8
    RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cathodes materials containing Li composite oxides with controlled
       impurities content for secondary lithium batteries)
    7440-23-5, Sodium, miscellaneous 7704-34-9, Sulfur, miscellaneous
ΤТ
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (cathodes materials containing Li composite oxides with controlled
       impurities content for secondary lithium batteries)
    The precursor material is a carbonate: ACO3 (A = Ni, Mn, and/or Co) and
AB
    has Na and S (impurities) content limited to ≤100 ppm; and is
    manufactured by adding an aqueous solution, comprising a Ni chloride, a Mn
    and/or a Co chloride, into a LiCO3 suspension to precipitate the carbonate.
The
    cathode material is a Li-A-D-O (A = A = Ni, Mn, and/or Co; D = Mg, Al, Ti,
    Cr, Fe, Cu, and/or Zr) based composite oxide and has the ratio of D to
     (A+D) [D/(A+D)] 0-0.1 and the content of Na and S (impurities) limited to
    ≤100 ppm; and is manufactured by adding a 1st aqueous solution, comprising a
Νi
    chloride, a Mn chloride, and/or a Co chloride, or a mixture of the 1st aqueous
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solution and a 2nd aqueous solution comprising a Mg chloride, a Al chloride, a Ti

chloride, a Cr chloride, a Fe chloride, a Cu chloride and/or a Zr chloride, into a LiCO3 suspension to precipitate a carbonate or the carbonate with a hydroxide; oxidation treating the precipitate to obtain an oxide; ixing the

oxide with a Li source; and firing the mixture

L3 ANSWER 85 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:533748 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:74296

TITLE: Nonaqueous electrolyte rechargeable battery INVENTOR(S): Nagayama, Masatoshi; Yoshizawa, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
US 20040126661	A1	20040701	US 2003-730049	20031209		
US 7255963	B2	20070814				
JP 2004207120	A	20040722	JP 2002-376664	20021226		
JP 3844733	B2	20061115				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-376664 A	20021226		

TI Nonaqueous electrolyte rechargeable battery

IT Battery cathodes Secondary batteries

(nonaq. electrolyte rechargeable battery)

ΙT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 61179-01-9, Aluminum lithium manganese oxide 136479-37-3, Lithium magnesium manganese oxide LiMg0.2Mn1.804 142447-12-9, Cobalt 145896-60-2, Aluminum lithium lithiummanganese oxide Co0.95LiMn0.0502 manganese oxide Al0.2LiMn1.804 175786-46-6, Lithium magnesium manganese 184092-89-5, Cobalt lithium titanium oxide Co0.95LiTi0.0502 186298-17-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 193216-10-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Al0.1Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2 347175-77-3, Aluminum Lithium magnesium manganese oxide 372491-83-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide Al0.01Co0.94LiMg0.0502 433969-25-6, Aluminum Cobalt lithium magnesium 478037-17-1, Cobalt lithium magnesium manganese manganese nickel oxide nickel oxide 642999-49-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide 709654-47-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide 709654-46-6 (Al0.05Co0.9LiO2) 709654-48-8, Cobalt lithium magnesium manganese oxide 709654-49-9, Cobalt lithium magnesium titanium (Co0.94LiMq0.05Mn0.0102) oxide (Co0.94LiMq0.05Ti0.0102) 709654-50-2, Cobalt lithium manganese titanium oxide (Co0.95LiMn0.02Ti0.02O2) 709654-51-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Al0.02Co0.95LiMn0.02O2)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(nonaq. electrolyte rechargeable battery)

AB A nonaq. electrolyte rechargeable battery includes: (a) a pos. electrode capable of charging and discharging lithium; (b) a neg. electrode capable of charging and discharging lithium; (c) a separator or a lithium ion conductive layer interposed between the pos. electrode and the neg. electrode; and (d) a lithium ion conductive nonaq. electrolyte, wherein the pos. electrode contains a mixture of a first pos. electrode active material and a second pos. electrode active material, the first

pos. electrode active material includes lithium oxide containing manganese, the lithium oxide further contains aluminum and/or magnesium, and the second pos. electrode active material includes LixCo1-y-zMgyAlzO2 where $1 \le x \le 1.03$, $0.005 \le y \le 0.1$ and $0.001 \le z < 0.02$.

REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 86 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:948005 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:29492

TITLE: Lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials,

cathodes and their manufacture, nonaqueous electrolyte

secondary batteries, and electric appliances

INVENTOR(S): Kudo, Yoshihiro; Li, Guo-hua

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 2003346806	A	20031205	JP	2002-158087	20020530
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	2002-158087	20020530
ΤΙ	Lithium nickel mixed	d oxide	cathode a	active	materials, cathodes	and their
	manufacture nonagu	00110 01	octroluzto	cocon	dary hattorios and	

Lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials, cathodes and their manufacture, nonaqueous electrolyte secondary batteries, and electric appliances

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(binder; lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonaq. electrolyte secondary batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

(lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonag. electrolyte secondary batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonag. electrolyte secondary batteries)

IT 24937-79-9, Poly(vinylidene fluoride)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(binder; lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonaq. electrolyte secondary batteries)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonag. electrolyte secondary batteries)

IT 524724-05-8P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(lithium nickel mixed oxide cathode active materials and their fabrication into cathodes with graphite and binders for preparation of nonaq. electrolyte secondary batteries)

AB Cathode active materials having composition formula LixNiyM1-yO2 (1.5 > \times 2 1; 0 < y < 1; M = Mn, Co, Cr, Al, Mg, Ti, and/or B) and are

characterized by the peak intensity of the radial structure function of O atom in the vicinity of Ni atom on full charge being 80-120% of the uncharged condition. Most preferably, the anode active material has composition formula Lil.3Mn0.5Ni0.2Co0.2Al0.1O2. Cathodes, batteries , and elec. appliances including the said cathode active materials are also claimed. Cathodes are manufactured by application of a mixture of the

cathode active material, graphite, and binder on a cathode collector, followed by drying. The cathodes have excellent structural stability.

L3 ANSWER 87 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:892268 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:352736

TITLE: Method of preparing cathode active material for a

lithium secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Suh, Jun-won; Kweon, Ho-jin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): S. Korea

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

said

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
US 20030211235	 A1	20031113	US 2003-409160	_	20030409	
KR 2003088247	A	20031119	KR 2002-26200		20020513	
JP 2003331845	A	20031121	JP 2003-61859		20030307	
CN 1458705	A	20031126	CN 2003-130675		20030508	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 2002-26200	Α	20020513	

- II Method of preparing cathode active material for a lithium secondary battery
- IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; method of preparing cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

IT Battery cathodes

(method of preparing cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

IT 478696-34-3, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide Al0.01LiMn1.5Ni0.504 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(method of preparing cathode active material for lithium secondary battery) $\label{eq:cathode}$

- IT 154471-92-8P, Cobalt lithium borate oxide Co0.9Li(BO3)0.101.7 198213-59-1P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide Al0.05Co0.95LiO2 199923-74-5P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide Al0.1Co0.9LiO2 264152-06-9P, Cobalt lithium borate oxide CoLi(BO3)0.101.7 381231-02-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide Al0.07Co0.93LiO2 489431-31-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide Al0.01CoLiO2 619329-49-6P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.05CoLiO2) 619329-50-9P, Cobalt lithium borate oxide (Co0.93Li(BO3)0.0701.79) 619329-51-0P, Cobalt lithium borate oxide (CoLi(BO3)0.0501.85)
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(method of preparing cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

- IT 619329-52-1, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.01Co0.1LiNi0.902) 619329-53-2
 - RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (method of preparing cathode active material for lithium secondary battery)

AB A process of manufacturing a pos. active material for a lithium secondary battery includes adding a metal source to a doping element-containing coating liquid to surface-treat the metal source, wherein the metal source is selected from the group consisting of cobalt, manganese, nickel, and combination thereof; drying the surface-treated metal source material to prepare a pos. active material precursor; mixing the pos. active material precursor with a lithium source; and subjecting the mixture to heat-treatment. Alternatively, the above drying step during preparation of the pos. active material precursor is substituted by preheat-treatment or drying followed by preheat-treatment.

L3 ANSWER 88 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:454666 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:24132

TITLE: Cathode active mass and secondary battery

using the active mass

INVENTOR(S): Hosoya, Yosuke; Yamamoto, Yoshikatsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA.	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE		
WO	WO 2003049217				A1 20030612			WO 2002-JP12750				20021205			205	
	W:	CN,	KR,	US												
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY, CZ,	DE,	DK, E	E, ES	S, FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	ΙΤ,	
		LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE, SI,	SK,	TR								
JP	2003	1737	76		А	2003	0620	JP	200	1-3732	66		2	20011	206	
EP	1453	126			A1	2004	0901	EP	2002	2-7837	74		2	20021	205	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES,	FR,	GB, G	R, I	Γ, LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	FΙ,	CY,	TR, BG,	CZ,	EE, S	K							
US	2004	0058	244		A1	2004	0325	US	2003	3-4705	05		2	20030	729	
US	7374	841			В2	2008	0520									
US	2008	0090	151		A1	2008	0417	US	200	7-8726	09		2	20071	015	
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:				JP	200	1-3732	66		A 2	20011	206	
								WO	2002	2-JP12	750	•	W 2	20021	205	
								US	2003	3-4705	05		A3 2	20030	729	

- TI Cathode active mass and secondary battery using the active mass
- IT Battery cathodes

(cathodes containing high stable and high conductive composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; cathodes containing high stable and high conductive composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

193214-63-0, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide ΤT (Al0.05Co0.25LiMn0.1Ni0.602) 193215-23-5, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.25LiMn0.2Ni0.502) Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiMn0.3Ni0.602) 217309-43-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.3Ni0.402) 536977-37-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.25Ni0.4502) 536977-38-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.45Ni0.25O2) 536977-39-6 536977-40-9, Iron lithium manganese nickel oxide (Fe0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502) 536977-41-0, Chromium lithium manganese nickel 536977-42-1, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.05LiMn0.3Ni0.6502) vanadium oxide (LiMn0.3Ni0.65V0.0502) 536977-43-2, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide (LiMn0.3Ni0.65Ti0.0502) 536977-44-3, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (LiMg0.15Mn0.3Ni0.5502) 536977-45-4,

Gallium lithium manganese nickel oxide (Ga0.05LiMn0.3Ni0.6502) 536977-46-5 536977-47-6 536977-48-7 536977-49-8 536977-50-1 536977-51-2 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cathodes containing high stable and high conductive composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries) AB The cathode active mass (21) comprises a high stable composite oxide LixNi1-y-zMnyMIzO2 (MI is ≥ 1 element selected from groups 2-14; x = 0.9-1.1; y = 0.25-0.45; and z = 0.01-0.3) and a high conductive composite oxide LisMII1-t-uMntMIIIuO2 (MII = Ni and/or Co; MIII is ≥1 element selected from groups 2-14; $0.9 \le s < 1.1$; t = 0.05-0.20 and u = 0.05-0.200.01-0.10). The battery has a cathode, containing the above active mass, an anode, containing a Li intercalating active mass, and a nonaq. electrolyte solution THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 15 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 89 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:377212 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:371760 TITLE: Cathode active mass and battery thereof Li, Guohua Sony Corporation, Japan INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 45 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. ____ _____ ______ WO 2003041193 A1 20030515 WO 2002-JP11667 20021108 W: CA, CN, KR, US RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR A 20030523 JP 2003151548 JP 2001-344224 20011109 JP 3873717 B2 20070124 A1 20030515 CA 2002-2431948 20021108 A1 20040804 EP 2002-780051 20021108 CA 2431948 EP 1443575 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK В 20070821 TW 285975 TW 2002-91132910 20021108 US 2003-466014 20030709 JP 2001-344224 A 20011109 WO 2002-JP11667 W 20021108 A1 US 20040053133 20040318 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: ΤТ Cathode active mass and battery thereof ΙT Battery cathodes (compns. of aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide cathode active mass for batteries) ΙT 524724-01-4 524724-03-6 524724-05-8 524724-07-0 524724-09-2, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1Li1.3Mn0.5Ni0.402) RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (compns. of aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide cathode active mass for batteries) AΒ The active mass is Li1Mnb1Nib2Cob3AlcOd, where 1.1 \leq a \leq 1.5, 0 < b1, 0 < b2, 0 < b3, 0 < c, 0.9 < (b1+b2+b3+c) < 1.1, a \geq 1.1+(b1+b2+b3+c), and 1.8 <d <2.5. The battery uses the active mass. REFERENCE COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

ANSWER 90 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN T.3 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:317544 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:306836 A spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode TITLE: active material for nonaqueous electrolyte lithium secondary battery INVENTOR(S): Noguchi, Takehiro; Numata, Tatsuji PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NEC Corporation, Japan Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. EP 1304752 EP 1304752 A2 20030423 A3 20060412 EP 2002-22886 20021014 EP 1304752 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK A 20030/11 US 2002-270946
B2 20060411
B 20031201 TW 2002-91123882 20021016
A 20030423 CN 2002-148005 20021018
JP 2001-320675 A 20011018 A JP 2003197194 US 7026070 B2 TW 564572 CN 1412872 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: A spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaqueous electrolyte lithium secondary battery Secondary batteries ΙT (lithium; spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery) ΙT Battery cathodes (spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery) 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide (Li(OH)) 10377-48-7, Lithium sulfate 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide (Li20), processes RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process) (spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery) ΤТ 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery) 12031-75-3P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide LiMn1.5Ni0.504 123744-41-2P, ΤТ Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide LiMn1.2Ni0.5Ti0.304 288387-95-1P, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide LiMn1.45Ni0.5Ti0.0504 508200-26-8P, Lithium manganese nickel titanium 508200-28-0P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn1.4Ni0.5Ti0.104) titanium oxide (LiMn1.35Ni0.5Ti0.15O4) 508200-30-4P, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide (LiMn1.3Ni0.5Ti0.2O4) 508200-32-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide silicate (LiMn1.3Ni0.503.2(SiO4)0.2) 508200-33-7P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide silicate (LiMn1.1Ni0.502.4(SiO4)0.4) 508200-34-8P 508200-35-9P 508200-36-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn1.4Ni0.4O4) 508200-37-1P 508200-38-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.4LiMn1.3Ni0.3O4) 508200-39-3P 508200-40-6P, Iron lithium

manganese nickel oxide (Fe0.2LiMn1.4Ni0.4O4) 508200-41-7P 508200-43-9P, Chromium lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.2LiMn1.4Ni0.4O4) 508200-44-0P 508200-45-1P, Copper lithium manganese nickel oxide (Cu0.05LiMn1.5Ni0.45O4) 508200-46-2P RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(spinel lithium manganese composite oxide cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte lithium secondary battery)

AB A pos. electrode active material for a secondary battery contains a spinel lithium manganese composite oxide expressed by a general formula of Lia(MxMn2-x-yAy)04 where x, y and z are pos. values which satisfy 0.4 < x, 0 < y, x+y < 2, and 0 < a < 1.2; "M" denotes Ni and at least one metal element selected from the group consisting of Co, Fe, Cr and Cu; "A" denotes at least one metal element selected from the group consisting of Si and Ti. The ratio y of A has a value of 0.1 < y in case where A includes only Ti. Accordingly, it is possible to acquire a material for the pos. electrode of a lithium ion secondary battery , which has a high capacity and a high energy d. with a high voltage of 4.5 V or higher with respect to Li.

L3 ANSWER 91 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:222213 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:240689

TITLE: Method for preparation of battery active

material with excellent electrochemical characteristics and thermal stability

INVENTOR(S): Kweon, Ho-Jin; Suh, Jun-Won; Yoon, Jang-Ho; Park,

Jung-Joon

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung SDI Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 25 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	. DATE		
				_		
US 20030054250	A1	20030320	US 2002-189384		20020708	
US 7108944	В2	20060919				
KR 2003008704	A	20030129	KR 2001-43554		20010719	
CN 1399363	A	20030226	CN 2002-2126435		20020719	
JP 2003100296	A	20030404	JP 2002-210922		20020719	
US 20060269659	A1	20061130	US 2006-498868		20060804	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			KR 2001-43554	Α	20010719	
			US 2002-189384	A3	20020708	

TI Method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochemical characteristics and thermal stability

IT Alkali metals, uses

Alkaline earth metals

Group IIIA elements

Group IVA elements

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (coating; method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

Chalcogenides

Intercalation compounds

Oxides (inorganic), uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(lithiated; method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT Metals, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT 116327-69-6, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide Co0.1LiNi0.902

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(Sr-doped; method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

TT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses 7440-09-7, Potassium, uses 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses 7440-23-5, Sodium, uses 7440-31-5, Tin, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses 7440-38-2, Arsenic, uses 7440-42-8, Boron, uses 7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses 7440-55-3, Gallium, uses 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses 7440-62-2, Vanadium, uses 7440-67-7, Zirconium, uses 7440-70-2, Calcium, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(coating; method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT 7440-24-6, Strontium, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (cobalt lithium nickel oxide doped with; method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT 555-31-7, Aluminum isopropoxide 13780-71-7, Boronic acid
 RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
 process); PROC (Process)

(method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethylcarbonate 12057-17-9, Lithium manganese oxide limn2o4 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 18282-10-5, Tin dioxide 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 24623-77-6, Aluminum hydroxide oxide alooh 501662-97-1 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

TT 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 24937-79-9, Pvdf RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (method for preparation of battery active material with excellent electrochem. characteristics and thermal stability)

AB An active material for a battery has a surface treatment layer that includes a conductive agent and at least one coating-element-containing compound selected from the group consisting of a coating-element-containing hydroxide, a coating-element-containing oxyhydroxide, a

coating-element-containing

oxycarbonate, a coating-element-containing hydroxycarbonate, and a mixture thereof.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 92 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:173992 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:224204
TITLE: Battery

INVENTOR(S): Adachi, Momoe; Fujita, Shigeru; Endo, Takuya;

Iwakoshi, Yasunobu; Shibamoto, Goro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 162 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
	WO	2003	0197	 13		A1	A1 20030306			WO 2002-JP8498					20020823			
		W:	CN,	JP,	KR,	US												
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE	E, ES	, FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IE,	ΙΤ,
			LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SK,	TR									
	EΡ	1443	584			A1	2	2004	0804		EΡ	2002	-7628	28		2	0020	823
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	R, IT	, LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	FΙ,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	SK								
	CN	1557	036			A	2	2004	1222		CN	2002	-8183	84		2	0020	823
	CN	1770	542			Α	2	2006	0510		CN	2005	-1011	3835		2	0020	823
	CN	1770	543			Α	2	2006	0510		CN	2005	-1011	3836		2	0020	823
	US	2004	0234	853		A1	2	2004	1125		US	2004	-4866	35		2	0040	211
PRIO	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:						JΡ	2001	-2545	47		A 2	0010	824
											CN	2002	-8183	84		A3 2	0020	823
											WO	2002	-JP84	98		W 2	0020	823

- TI Batterv
- IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; secondary lithium batteries containing electrolytes, Li or Li-intercalating anodes and Li composite oxide cathodes with controlled concentration of Li2CO3 and Li2SO4)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 12668-36-9 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anode; secondary lithium batteries containing electrolytes, Li or Li-intercalating anodes and Li composite oxide cathodes with controlled concentration of Li2CO3 and Li2SO4)

- IT 12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2)
 - RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathode; secondary lithium batteries containing electrolytes, Li or Li-intercalating anodes and Li composite oxide cathodes with controlled concentration of Li2CO3 and Li2SO4)

TT 7791-03-9, Lithium perchlorate 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate 90076-65-6 132843-44-8 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte; secondary lithium batteries containing electrolytes, Li or Li-intercalating anodes and Li composite oxide cathodes with controlled concentration of Li2CO3 and Li2SO4)

96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 108-32-7, ΙT Propylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 872-36-6, Vinylene 4427-96-7, Vinyl ethylene carbonate 12031-65-1, Lithium carbonate nickel oxide (LiNiO2) 113066-92-5, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 118557-79-2, Cobalt iron lithium oxide (Co0.9Fe (Co0.9LiNi0.102) 128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.5Ni0.502) 185746-84-3, Aluminum lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMq0.05Ni0.902) 202916-35-6, Chromium cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Cr0.05Co0.2LiNi0.7502) 287718-97-2, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.05Ni0.902) 346417-97-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.33Ni0.33O2) 364589-12-8, Aluminum cobalt lithium titanium oxide (Al0.05Co0.9LiTi0.05O2) 475637-37-7,

Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.8LiNi0.15O2) 478814-69-6, Aluminum cobalt lithium magnesium oxide (Al0.05Co0.9LiMg0.0502) 500867-92-5, Cobalt lithium magnesium manganese oxide (Co0.8LiMq0.05Mn0.1502) 500867-93-6, Aluminum iron lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Fe0.05LiNi0.802) 500867-94-7, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.2Co0.3LiNi0.502) 500867-98-1, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide (Co0.45LiMg0.05Ni0.502) 500867-99-2, Cobalt lithium nickel 500868-00-8, Cobalt iron lithium titanium oxide (Co0.35LiNi0.6Ti0.0502) nickel oxide (Co0.25Fe0.1LiNi0.6502) 500868-01-9 500868-02-0 500868-03-1 500868-04-2 500868-05-3 500868-09-7 500868-10-0 500868-11-1 500868-12-2 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (secondary lithium batteries containing electrolytes, Li or Li-intercalating anodes and Li composite oxide cathodes with controlled concentration of Li2CO3 and Li2SO4) The battery has a cathode, containing a Li composite oxide active

AB The battery has a cathode, containing a Li composite oxide active mass having Li and/or Ni and O, an anode containing a Li intercalating material and/or Li in its active mass, and an electrolyte-impregnated separator in between; where the battery has charging voltage ≥4.25 V, and a total amount of Li carbonate and Li sulfate is 1.0 mass % of the cathode active mass. Preferably, the electrolyte has the concentration of a proton impurity ≤20 ppm and water ≤20 ppm.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 93 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:172058 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:224152

TITLE: Lithium containing transition metal composite oxide and

its manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Suhara, Manabu; Mihara, Takuya; Fujie, Yoshinori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seimi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003068298 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	А	20030307	JP 2001-253916 JP 2001-253916	20010824 20010824

TI Lithium containing transition metal composite oxide and its manufacture

IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and manufacture of lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

IT 501124-48-7P 501124-49-8P 501124-50-1P 501124-51-2P 501124-52-3P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(compns. and manufacture of lithium transition metal composite oxides for secondary lithium battery cathodes)

AB The oxide is represented by LiaNixCoyMnzMpO2 (a = 1.0-1.2; $0.2 \le x < 0.5$; $0.2 < y \le 0.45$; z = 0.2-0.5; p = 0.0005-0.05; x+y+z+p=1; M = group IVB or VB metal). The oxide is prepared by firing a mixture of a Ni-Co-Mn copptd. composite compound, a Li compound and a M compound at $800-1000^{\circ}$ in a O containing atmospheric

L3 ANSWER 94 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:75480 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:140039

TITLE: Cathode active mass and secondary nonaqueous

electrolyte battery thereof

Okabe, Kazuya; Shiosaki, Ryuji; Yufu, Hiroshi INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yuasa Corporation, Japan SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003031219	А	20030131	JP 2001-213298	20010713
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-213298	20010713

Cathode active mass and secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery ТΤ thereof

Battery cathodes ΤТ

> (compns. of cathode active mass containing Li composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

193215-92-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502) 193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 317831-74-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.5Ni0.402) 404904-11-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.3Ni0.3O2) 405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2)

405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2)

459408-91-4 459408-93-6 459408-94-7

459408-97-0 459408-95-8 493326-93-5, Cobalt lithium manganese

nickel oxide (Co0.33LiMn0.34Ni0.3302)

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(compns. of cathode active mass containing Li composite oxides for secondary lithium batteries)

The active mass comprises a Li composite oxide: AΒ $\text{Li}1+\alpha[\text{MnxNiyCozMb}]02$, where M = element excluding Mn, Ni, Co, and Li; $\alpha = 0-0.1$, $-0.1 \le x-y \le 0.1$; $0 < z \le 0.4$; and $x, y \ge 0.3.$

ANSWER 95 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:26944

TITLE: Gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable

batteries

INVENTOR(S): Lampe-Onnerud, Christina; Onnerud, Per; Shi, Jie;

Dalton, Sharon; Koizumi, Tomoyoshi; Nagai, Aisaku

Kureha Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20020192552	A1	20021219	US 2002-73674	20020211
US 6921609	В2	20050726		
US 20020192556	A1	20021219	US 2002-73678	20020211
US 6855461	В2	20050215		
TW 550844	В	20030901	TW 2002-91112811	20020612
WO 2002103823	A2	20021227	WO 2002-JP5896	20020613

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WO 2002103823
                                 20040115
                         А3
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
             GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     WO 2002103824
                                20021227
                                            WO 2002-JP5897
                          Α2
     WO 2002103824
                          А3
                                 20040422
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 2002309278
                          Α1
                                20030102
                                            AU 2002-309278
                                                                     20020613
     AU 2002309279
                          Α1
                                 20030102
                                             AU 2002-309279
                                                                     20020613
                                           EP 2002-736084
                                20040407
                          Α2
     EP 1405358
                                                                     20020613
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     EP 1433213
                          Α2
                                20040630
                                            EP 2002-736085
                                                                     20020613
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004531034
                          Τ
                                             JP 2003-506028
                                 20041007
                                                                     20020613
                           Т
     JP 2004533104
                                 20041028
                                             JP 2003-506029
                                                                     20020613
                                             US 2001-298791P
                                                                P 20010615
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 2001-298798P
                                                                 P 20010615
                                             US 2002-73674
                                                                  A 20020211
                                             US 2002-73678
                                                                  A 20020211
                                             WO 2002-JP5896
                                                                  W 20020613
                                             WO 2002-JP5897
                                                                  W
                                                                     20020613
     Gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable batteries
ΤI
ΙT
     Battery cathodes
        (gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable batteries
ΤТ
     Carbon black, uses
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable batteries
        )
     Secondary batteries
ΙT
        (lithium; gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable
        batteries)
ΙT
     12190-79-3, Cobalt lithium oxide colio2 113066-89-0, Cobalt lithium
     nickel oxide Co0.2LiNi0.802 131344-56-4, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide
     207803-50-7, Aluminum Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel oxide
                                                                    217309-42-7,
     Copper lithium nickel oxide Cu0.2LiNi0.802 478037-16-0 478037-17-1
                  478037-19-3, Cobalt lithium nickel borate oxide
     478037-18-2
     (Co0.1Li1.1Ni0.87(BO3)0.0301.91) 478037-20-6
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable batteries
     174616-26-3P, Cobalt lithium nickel borate oxide
ΙT
     Co0.1LiNi0.87(BO3)0.0301.91 179802-94-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese
```

nickel oxide Co0.05LiMn0.05Ni0.902 478037-21-7P 478037-22-8P 478037-23-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05LiMn0.1Ni0.902)

RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(gradient cathode material for lithium rechargeable batteries)

A composition suitable for use as a cathode material of a lithium AΒ battery includes a core material having an empirical formula LixM'zNi1-y M''yO2; "x" is equal to or greater than about 0.1 and equal to or less than about 1.3; "y" is greater than about 0.0 and equal to or less than about 0.5; and "z" is greater than about 0.0 and equal to or less than about 0.2. M' is at least one member of the group consisting of sodium, potassium, nickel, calcium, magnesium and strontium. M'' is at least one member of the group consisting of cobalt, iron, manganese, chromium, vanadium, titanium, magnesium, silicon, boron, aluminum and gallium. A coating on the core has a greater ratio of cobalt to nickel than the core. The coating and, optionally, the core can be a material having an empirical formula Lix1 Ax2 Ni1-y1-z1 Coy1Bz1 Oa; "x1" is greater than about 0.1 and equal to or less than about 1.3; "x2" "y1" and "z1" each is greater than about 0.0 and equal to or less than about 0.2; "a" is greater than 1.5 and less than about 2.1; "A" is at least one element selected from the group consisting of barium, magnesium, calcium and strontium; and "B" is at least one element selected from the group consisting of boron, aluminum, gallium, manganese, titanium, vanadium and zirconium.

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 96 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:946881 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:15281

TITLE: Lithium ion battery passive charge

equalization

INVENTOR(S): Hall, John C.; Lackner, Anna M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20020187372	A1	20021212	US 2001-855235	20010514
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-855235	20010514

TI Lithium ion battery passive charge equalization

IT Schottky diodes

(lithium ion battery passive charge equalization)

IT Fluoropolymers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(lithium ion battery passive charge equalization)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium ion battery passive charge equalization)

TT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses 12031-65-1, Lithium nickel oxide linio2 24937-79-9, Polyvinylidene fluoride 39300-70-4, Lithium nickel oxide 113066-89-0, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide co0.2lini0.8o2 131344-56-4, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 152991-98-5, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide 172484-44-5, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide Al0.25LiNi0.7502 177997-13-6, Aluminum

cobalt lithium nickel oxide 179802-96-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.702 182442-95-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 182442-96-2, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide 186298-17-9, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide 193214-24-3, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802 221689-64-1, Cobalt lithium magnesium nickel titanium oxide Co0.2LiMg0.05Ni0.7Ti0.05O2 245437-21-2, Cobalt iron lithium nickel oxide Co0.2Fe0.1LiNi0.702 245511-77-7, Cobalt lithium nickel fluoride oxide 477561-13-0 477561-14-1, Cobalt lithium nickel fluoride oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.8F0.0501.95) 477561-15-2

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(lithium ion battery passive charge equalization)

AB An electrochem. battery includes at least two elec. interconnected electrochem. cells. Each electrochem. cell has an anode including carbon, and a cathode including a modified lithium metal oxide including at least one addnl. element selected from the group consisting of nickel, aluminum, magnesium, titanium, and combinations thereof. A Schottky diode is connected between the anode and the cathode. The battery is balanced by fully discharging it to a fully discharged state, and then operated in cycles of charging and discharging.

L3 ANSWER 97 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:716671 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:235265

TITLE: Cathode active mass and secondary nonaqueous

electrolyte battery thereof

INVENTOR(S): Okabe, Kazuya; Shiozaki, Ryuji; Fujii, Akihiro; Ito,

Akinori; Yufu, Hiroshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yuasa Corporation, Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PA:	TENT :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		-	APPI	LICAT	ION :	NO.		D.	ATE	
	WO	2002	 0737	 18		A1	_	2002	0919	,	 WO 2	2002-	 JP22	 84		2	0020	312
		W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
			PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,
			UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW							
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,
			CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,
			BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
	ΑU	2002	2375	69		A1		2002	0924		AU 2	2002-	2375	69		2	0020	312
	EP	1372	202			A1		2003	1217		EP 2	2002-	7039	70		2	0020	312
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR						
	TW	5600	98			В		2003	1101		TW 2	2002-	9110	4740		2	0020	313
RIC	RIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						JP 2	2001-	7148	6		A 2	0010	314
										1	JP 2	2001-	8043	0		A 2	0010	321
											JP 2	2001-	8043	4		A 2	0010	321
										,	WO 2	2002-	JP22	84	1	w 2	0020	312
гт	Cat	+ hodo	- c+	i	m	224	000	00000				1	~ ~+ ~	- 1 + .	a ha	++		

- TI Cathode active mass and secondary nonaqueous electrolyte battery thereof
- IT Battery cathodes

(compns. and BET surface and x ray diffraction patterns of lithium

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manganese nickel oxide based cathode active mass for secondary lithium
       batteries)
ΤТ
    128975-24-6, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.5Ni0.502)
    193215-96-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2)
    405890-05-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.45Ni0.45O2)
    459408-72-1, Lithium manganese nickel borate oxide
     (LiMn0.48Ni0.48(BO3)0.0501.85)
                                     459408-73-2, Lithium manganese nickel
    vanadium oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.48V0.0502)
                                             459408-74-3, Aluminum lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2) 459408-75-4, Lithium
    magnesium manganese nickel oxide (LiMg0.05Mn0.48Ni0.48O2)
                                                                459408-76-5,
    Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2)
    459408-77-6, Chromium lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Cr0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2)
                               459408-78-7, Lithium manganese nickel titanium
                                     459408-79-8, Iron lithium manganese
    oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.48Ti0.0502)
    nickel oxide (Fe0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2) 459408-80-1, Copper lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Cu0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.48O2)
                                                    459408-81-2, Lithium
    manganese nickel zinc oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.48Zn0.0502)
                                                          459408-82-3,
    Lithium manganese nickel vanadium oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.47V0.0502)
    459408-83-4, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Al0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.4702)
                              459408-84-5, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel
    oxide (LiMg0.05Mn0.48Ni0.4702)
                                    459408-85-6, Cobalt lithium manganese
    nickel oxide (Co0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.47O2) 459408-86-7, Chromium lithium
    manganese nickel oxide (Cr0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.4702) 459408-87-8, Lithium
    manganese nickel titanium oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.47Ti0.05O2)
                                                              459408-88-9,
    Iron lithium manganese nickel oxide (Fe0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.4702)
    459408-89-0, Copper lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Cu0.05LiMn0.48Ni0.4702)
                              459408-90-3, Lithium manganese nickel zinc
    oxide (LiMn0.48Ni0.47Zn0.0502)
                                     459408-91-4 459408-92-5
     459408-93-6 459408-94-7 459408-95-8
    459408-96-9
                  459408-97-0 459408-98-1
    459408-99-2
    RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)
        (compns. and BET surface and x ray diffraction patterns of lithium
       manganese nickel oxide based cathode active mass for secondary lithium
       batteries)
AB
    The Li Mn Ni oxide based cathode active mass has a BET surface 0.3-1.5
    m2/q. Preferably, the oxide is LiMn0.5Ni0.5O2, where part of Mn and Ni
    may be replaced by Li, B, Mg, Al, Ti, V, Cr, Fe, Co, Cu, and/or Zn; and
    has a layered structure with specified peaks on its CuK\alpha powder x
    ray diffraction pattern. The battery is a secondary Li
    batterv.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 98 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                        ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        137:172442
TITLE:
                        Lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaqueous lithium
                        cells and batteries
                        Thackeray, Michael M.; Johnson, Christopher S.; Amine,
INVENTOR(S):
                        Khalil; Kim, Jaekook
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        The University of Chicago, USA
                        U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 21 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
SOURCE:
                        Ser. No. 887,842.
                        CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:
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US 200201	.14995 A1	2002082	2 US	2001-989844		20011121
US 668014	:3 B2	2004012)			
US 200201	.36954 A1	2002092	5 US	2001-887842		20010621
US 667708	2 B2	2004011	3			
US 200400	81888 A1	2004042) US	2003-688004		20031017
US 713525	2 B2	2006111	1			
US 200600	99508 A1	2006051	L US	2005-271462		20051110
PRIORITY APPLN	I. INFO.:		US	2000-213618P	P	20000622
			US	2001-887842	Α2	20010621
			US	2001-989844	A3	20011121
			US	2003-688004	A2	20031017

- TI Lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaqueous lithium cells and batteries
- IT Battery cathodes

(lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaq. lithium cells and batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaq. lithium cells and batteries)

IT 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonag. lithium cells and

batteries)
IT 448896-96-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.15Li1.09Mn0.18Ni0.5802) 448896-98-8P 448896-99-9P,
Lithium manganese titanium oxide (Li1.07Mn0.79Ti0.1402) 448897-00-5P,

Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.2Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 448897-01-6P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.27Mn0.6Ni0.13O2) 448897-02-7P, Lithium manganese nickel titanium oxide (Li1.02Mn0.46Ni0.46Ti0.05O2) RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (lithium metal oxide cathodes for nonaq. lithium cells and
batteries)

AB A lithium metal oxide pos. electrode for a nonaq. lithium cell is disclosed. The cell is prepared in its initial discharged state and has a general formula xLiMO2.(1-x)Li2M'O3 in which 0<x<1, and where M is one or more ion with an average trivalent oxidation state and with at least one ion being Mn or Ni, and where M' is one or more ion with an average tetravalent oxidation state. Complete cells or batteries are disclosed with anode, cathode and electrolyte as are batteries of several cells connected in parallel or series or both.

L3 ANSWER 99 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:391431 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:372306

TITLE: Cathode active material for nonaqueous electrolyte

secondary battery

INVENTOR(S): Naruoka, Yoshinori; Toriyama, Junichi; Terasaki,

Masanao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Storage Battery Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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EP 1207575
                         A2 20020522 EP 2001-126790
                                                                   20011109
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2002151076
                        Α
                                20020524
                                          JP 2000-346973
                                                                   20001114
     US 20020086210
                                           US 2001-986431
                         Α1
                                20020704
                                                                   20011108
     US 6893776
                         В2
                                20050517
     CN 1356737
                          Α
                                20020703
                                           CN 2001-134921
                                                                   20011114
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            JP 2000-346973
                                                                A 20001114
    Cathode active material for nonaqueous electrolyte secondary
     battery
     Battery cathodes
ΙT
     Particle size
     Secondary batteries
     Surface area
        (cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte secondary
        battery)
     Carbon black, uses
ΤT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (cathode active material for nonaq. electrolyte secondary
        battery)
                                  105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate
ΤT
     96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate
                                                               21324-40-3,
     Lithium hexafluorophosphate
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (cathode active material for nonag, electrolyte secondary
        battery)
     193215-08-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.25LiMn0.2Ni0.5502
ΙT
     193215-51-9P, \ \texttt{Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide Co0.15LiMn0.3Ni0.5502}
     247565-51-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     Co0.15Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.5502
                                424823-63-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
     oxide (Co0.09LiMn0.18Ni0.7302) 424823-64-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.18Ni0.6202)
                                          424823-65-4P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.19Ni0.5102) 424823-66-5P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.09LiMn0.29Ni0.6202)
                                                              424823-67-6P,
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.29Ni0.5102)
     424823-68-7P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.15Li1.02Mn0.3Ni0.5502)
                                 424823-69-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Co0.14Li1.04Mn0.31Ni0.5502)
                                                424823-70-1P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Co0.16Li1.07Mn0.29Ni0.5502)
                                                          424823-71-2P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.08Mn0.3Ni0.5502)
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05Li1.09Mn0.15Ni0.802)
     424823-73-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.05Li1.08Mn0.25Ni0.702)
                                  424823-74-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese
     nickel oxide (Co0.35Li1.04Mn0.15Ni0.502)
                                               424823-75-6P, Cobalt lithium
     manganese nickel oxide (Co0.25Li1.03Mn0.15Ni0.602) 424823-76-7P, Cobalt
     lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.02Mn0.35Ni0.502)
                                                                 424823-77-8P,
     Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1Li1.06Mn0.15Ni0.7502)
     424823-78-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
     (Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.35Ni0.4502) 424823-79-0P
     RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cathode active material for nonag, electrolyte secondary
        battery)
AΒ
     A pos. active material for the nonag. electrolyte secondary
     battery comprises a lithium-nickel composite oxide represented by
     the compositional formula LiaNi1-b-cCobMncO2 (a \leq 1.09, 0.05
     \leq b \leq 0.35, 0.15 \leq c \leq 0.35, and 0.25 \leq
     b+c \leq 0.55). By the X-ray diffractometry with the CuK\alpha ray,
     the lithium-nickel composite oxide exhibits an intensity ratio R (I012 \&
     I006/I11) of not greater 0.50, wherein R is the ratio of the sum of the
     diffraction peak intensity I012 on the 012 plane and the diffraction peak
     intensity I006 on the 006 plane to the diffraction peak intensity I101 on
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the 101 plane. The crystallinity of the pos. active material of the compositional formula Li1Ni1-b-cCobMncO2 can be kept high and it is possible to secure the good capacity d. and cycle life performance.

L3 ANSWER 100 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:193286 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:234679

TITLE: High-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries

INVENTOR(S): Kuribayashi, Isao
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): K.E.E. Y. K., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002075369	A	20020315	JP 2000-308407	20000904
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-308407	20000904

TI High-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries

IT Carbonaceous materials (technological products)

Coke

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(anode; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT Carbon fibers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(graphite, Melblon Milled FM 14, anode; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT Battery anodes

Battery cathodes

Battery electrolytes

Safety

Secondary battery separators

(high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT Paper

(separator support; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 394709-68-3, GDA 2K

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(anode; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes) $\,$

IT 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 108-32-7, Propylene carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 623-53-0, Ethyl methyl carbonate

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte solution; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT 14283-07-9, Lithium tetrafluoroborate 21324-40-3, Lithium hexafluorophosphate

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material

use); USES (Uses)

(electrolyte; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries
using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT 204199-29-1, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.05Li1.05Mn1.9504) 394671-68-2, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.05Li1.04Mn1.9504)

394679-88-0 403671-95-4 403671-96-5

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

IT 54675-89-7, Propylene-tetrafluoroethylene-vinylidene fluoride copolymer RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(paper-supported microporous membrane separator; high-capacity secondary lithium ion batteries using improved mixed oxide cathodes)

AB The batteries contain a cathode containing mixts. of 5-80 weight% LiaCobAlcNidMn(2-b-c-d)04 (a = 1.03-1.06, b = 0.005-0.075, c = 0-0.05, d = 0-0.05) and 20-95 weight% LiaMnbAlcCodNi(1-b-c-d)02 (a = 1.00-1.02, b = 0.15-0.225, c = 0-0.10, d = 0.005-0.075) as active materials, an anode containing carbonaceous active materials, and a separator. Preferably, the separator is a fine cellulosic fiber paper-supported microporous membrane of propylene-vinylidene fluoride-tetrafluoroethylene copolymer impregnated with specific electrolyte solns. The batteries show high tolerance to overcharge, high capacity, and long cycle life.

L3 ANSWER 101 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:104873 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:153889

TITLE: High-capacity secondary nonaqueous battery

with cathode containing plural metal mixed oxides

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002042816 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	20020208	JP 2000-256443 JP 2000-256443	20000725 20000725

TI High-capacity secondary nonaqueous battery with cathode containing plural metal mixed oxides

IT Battery cathodes

(cathode containing spinel-structure Mn compound, Li nickelate, and Li cobaltate for secondary battery)

IT Carbon fibers, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(graphite, Melblon Milled FM 14, anode; cathode containing spinel-structure Mn compound, Li nickelate, and Li cobaltate for secondary battery)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; cathode containing spinel-structure Mn compound, Li nickelate, and Li cobaltate for secondary battery)

IT 7782-42-5, Graphite, uses 394709-68-3, GDA 2K

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(anode; cathode containing spinel-structure Mn compound, Li nickelate, and

cobaltate for secondary battery) 160152-00-1, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLi1.0102) 394671-68-2, Cobalt ΤТ lithium manganese oxide (Co0.05Li1.04Mn1.9504) 394679-88-0 394680-06-9, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.05Li1.04Mn1.9304) 394680-11-6 394680-14-9 394680-17-2, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.8Li1.01Ni0.202) 394680-21-8 394680-24-1 394680-27-4 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cathode containing spinel-structure Mn compound, Li nickelate, and Li cobaltate for secondary battery) The title battery is equipped with a carbonaceous anode and a AB cathode containing (A) spinel-structure Mn compound LiaCobAlcNidMn(2-b-c-d)O4 (a = 1.03-1.06; b = 0.015-0.05; c = 0-0.05; d = 0-0.05) 10-70, (B) modified Li nickelate LiaMnbAlcCodNi(1-b-c-d)02 (a = 1.00-1.02; b = 0.15-0.225; c = 0-0.10; d = 0.01-0.075) 5-85, and (C) modified Li cobaltate LiaMnbFecAldNieCo(1-b-c-d-e)O2(a = 1.00-1.03; b = 0.00005-0.01; c = 0.0005-0.01; c = 0.00005-0.01; c = 0.0005-0.01; c =0.00005-0.009; d = 0-0.01; e = 0-0.3) 5-85%. The battery has high thermal stability and overcharging resistance. ANSWER 102 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:98450 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:169901 Modified lithium nickelate and manufacture thereof TITLE: Kuribayashi, Isao INVENTOR(S): K.E.E. Y. K., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ______ JP 2002037631 A 20020206 JP 2000-256445 20000725 JP 2000-256445 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 20000725 Modified lithium nickelate and manufacture thereof Secondary batteries ΤT (lithium; modified lithium nickelate for Li-ion secondary battery pos. electrode active substance) ΙT Heat treatment (manufacture of modified lithium nickelate for Li-ion secondary battery pos. electrode active substance) 397329-98-5 397329-99-6 397330-00-6 ΤT 397330-01-7 397330-03-9 397330-04-0 RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (modified lithium nickelate for Li-ion secondary battery pos. electrode active substance) The invention relates to a novel modified lithium nickelate used as a pos. AΒ electrode active substance of a Li-ion secondary battery having high capacity and long lifetime. The modified lithium nickelate is represented by LiaMnbAlcCodNi(1-b-c-d)O2 (1.00≤c≤1.02, $0.15 \le b \le 0.225$, $0 \le c \le 0.05$, $0.01 \le d \le 0.075$). The process comprises the steps of (1) heating a mixture containing a Ni compound, an organic Mn salt, an Al compound, and a Co compound, (2) crushing, and then adding a Li compound, (3) heating in an O2 atmospheric, (4) cooling, and then crushing, (5) heating at 700-900° in an

02 atmospheric, and further heating at 850-900°.

L3 ANSWER 103 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:489781 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:79487

TITLE: Nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide

materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion

polymer batteries

INVENTOR(S): Yang, Kaiyuan; Agarwal, Naveen; Kim, Jaeho; McGrath,

Kevin P.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kimberly-Clark Worldwide, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

P.		ENT I				KIN	D	DATE						ION I				ATE	
W		2001																0001	 222
		W:						AU, DM,											
			HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KE	2,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,
			LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MΣ	ζ,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,
			SD, ZA,		SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TF	۲,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	ζ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙΊ	Γ,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			ΒJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	MI	٠,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	ΤG		
U	S	2002	0006	550		A1		2002	0117		US	20	000-	7427:	38		2	0001	221
U	S	6350.	543			В2		2002	0226										
		2002									US	20	000-	7427.	54		2	0001	221
U	S	6623	886			В2		2003	0923										
C.	A	2394	146			A1		2001	0705		CA	20	000-	2394:	146		2	0001	222
E.	Ρ	1247																	
		R:	•		•			ES,						LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	ΑI	,	TR						
C:	N	1307	374			А		2001	0808		CN	20	000-	1376	36		2	0001	228
T'	W	5239	58			В		2003	0311		ΤW	20	000-	8912	8101		2	0010	328
I	N	20020	CN00	974		A		2005	1028		IN	20	002-	CN97	4		2	0020	624
M	X	20021 7676	PA06	464		Α		2002	1129		MX	20	102-	PA64	54		2	0020	627
K.	R	7676	14			B1		2007	1018		KR	20	102-	7084	41		2	0020	628
		2003									US	20	003-	4561	06		2	0030	606
_	-	7258				В2		2007	0821										
RIORI	ТΥ	APP.	LN.	INFO	.:						US	19	199-	1739	11P		P 1	9991 0001	229
											ÜS	20	000-	7427	38		A 2	0001	221
											US	20	000-	7427.	54		A 2	0001	221
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TI Nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries)

IT Battery cathodes

(nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries)

IT 7439-93-2, Lithium, uses 7440-44-0, Carbon, uses RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries) 346705-97-3P 346705-98-4P 346705-99-5P ΤТ 346706-00-1P 346706-01-2P 346706-02-3P 346706-03-4P 346706-44-3P RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries) 546-89-4, Lithium acetate 554-13-2, Lithium carbonate 1310-65-2, Lithium hydroxide 1310-66-3, Lithium hydroxide monohydrate 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7447-41-8, Lithium chloride, reactions 7789-24-4, Lithium fluoride, reactions 7790-69-4, Lithium nitrate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-48-7, Lithium sulfate 10377-51-2, Lithium iodide 10377-52-3, Lithium phosphate 10377-66-9, Manganese nitrate 13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate 13473-90-0, Aluminum nitrate RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (nickel-rich and manganese-rich quaternary metal oxide materials as cathodes for lithium-ion and lithium-ion polymer batteries) Pos. electrode-active materials for use in lithium-ion and lithium-ion AB polymer batteries contain quaternary composite oxides of manganese, nickel, cobalt and aluminum where one of the four is present at levels of >70 mol%.; for example, LixMn0.2Ni0.7Co0.05On and LixMn0.7Ni0.2Co0.05Al0.05On. The composite oxides can be lithiated to form pos. electrode-active materials that are stable over at least ten charge/discharge cycles at voltage levels over 4.8 V, and have capacities of over 200 mAh/g. Methods for producing the materials and electrochem. cells and batteries that include the materials are also provided. REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 104 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:388985 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:7767 TITLE: Cathode active material for secondary lithium battery, and its use in the battery INVENTOR(S): Ota, Satoshi; Hayashi, Koji; Yamato, Koji; Kobayashi, Koji; Yuqamidani, Makoto; Kitamura, Hajime; Miyashita, Takahiro PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chuo Denki Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.ent. LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ____ _____ ______ JP 1999-330095 19991119 JP 1999-330095 19991119 JP 2001148249 A 20010529 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Cathode active material for secondary lithium battery, and its use in the battery ΤТ Battery cathodes (Li Ni Mn Co oxide cathode for Li battery with high energy d.

and high-temperature cycle performance)
Secondary batteries
 (lithium; Li Ni Mn Co oxide cathode for Li battery with high
 energy d. and high-temperature cycle performance)
341030-32-8P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75Ni0.2504)

ΤТ

ΙT

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(Co0.2Li1.03Mn0.6Ni0.2O4)
                                                  341030-36-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
       oxide (Co0.05Li1.03Mn0.71Ni0.2404)
                                                               341030-38-4P, Cobalt lithium
                                                                                           341030-40-8P, Cobalt
       manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.03Mn0.64Ni0.2104)
       lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3Li1.03Mn0.53Ni0.1704)
                                                                                                      341030-42-0P,
       Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4Li1.03Mn0.45Ni0.15O4)
       341030-44-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
       (Co0.23Li1.03Mn0.68Ni0.0904)
                                                       341030-46-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese
       nickel oxide (Co0.18Li1.03Mn0.53Ni0.2904)
                                                                          341030-48-6P, Cobalt lithium
       nickel oxide (Co0.75Li1.1Ni0.2504)
                                                                 341030-50-0P, Lithium manganese
       nickel oxide (Li0.95Mn0.75Ni0.25O4)
                                                                 341030-54-4P, Lithium manganese
       nickel oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75Ni0.2504.02)
                                                                      341030-56-6P, Lithium manganese
       nickel oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75Ni0.2504.06)
                                                                      341030-58-8P, Lithium manganese
       nickel oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75Ni0.2503.95)
                                                                      341030-60-2P
                                                                                            341030-62-4P
       341030-64-6P
                            341030-66-8P, Iron lithium manganese oxide
       (Fe0.25Li1.03Mn0.7504) 341030-68-0P 341030-71-5P
                            341030-75-9P, Copper lithium manganese oxide
       341030-73-7P
        (Cu0.25Li1.03Mn0.7504) 341030-77-1P 341030-78-2P
       341030-80-6P 341030-82-8P, Lithium manganese zinc oxide
       (Li1.03Mn0.75Zn0.2504)
                                              341030-84-0P
                                                                   341030-86-2P
                                                                                           341030-88-4P
       341030-90-8P, Cerium lithium manganese oxide (Ce0.25Li1.03Mn0.7504)
       341030-92-0P 341030-94-2P 341030-96-4P
       341030-99-7P, Lithium manganese vanadium oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75V0.2504)
       341031-01-4P
                              341031-03-6P
                                                    341031-05-8P 341031-07-0P, Lithium
       manganese tin oxide (Li1.03Mn0.75Sn0.2504) 341031-09-2P
       341031-11-6P 341031-13-8P 341031-14-9P, Chromium
       lithium manganese oxide (Cr0.25Li1.03Mn0.7504) 341031-15-0P
       341031-16-1P 341031-17-2P 341031-18-3P
                                                                           341031-19-4P
       341031-20-7P
                              341031-21-8P
                                                     341031-22-9P
                                                                           341031-23-0P
       RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP
        (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
            (Li Ni Mn Co oxide cathode for Li battery with high energy d.
            and high-temperature cycle performance)
       The material is made of Li1-a(Ni1-b-c-dMnbCocMd)2-eO4+f (M = element added
AΒ
       in trace amount; a = -0.15 to 0.10; b = 0.40-0.80; c = 0-0.30; d = 0-0.55; e = 0.40-0.80; e = 0.
       = -0.2 to 0.2; f = -0.2 to 0.5; 1 - b - c - d \leq0.3) and does not
       show potential inflection or plateau in 3.5-4.5 V region of
       charge-discharge curve described for 3.5-5.2 V with Li anode. The
       battery using the material has high energy d. and high-temperature cycle
       performance.
       ANSWER 105 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                      DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                                      133:153161
                                      In-situ X-ray diffraction of layered LiCoO2-type
TITLE:
                                      cathode materials
                                      Rodriguez, Mark A.; Ingersoll, David; Doughty, Daniel
AUTHOR(S):
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                                      Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM,
                                      87185-1405, USA
SOURCE:
                                      Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (2000),
                                      99-24(Intercalation Compounds for Battery Materials),
                                      CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374
PUBLISHER:
                                      Electrochemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                      Journal
LANGUAGE:
                                      English
ΤI
       In-situ X-ray diffraction of layered LiCoO2-type cathode materials
ΙT
       Battery cathodes
       Crystal structure
       X-ray diffraction
```

341030-34-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(in-situ X-ray diffraction of layered LiCoO2-type cathode materials)
IT 113066-89-0, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide co0.2lini0.8o2
287170-93-8

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(in-situ X-ray diffraction of layered LiCoO2-type cathode materials)

AB We have investigated LiNi0.8Co0.2O2 (Sumitomo) and

LiNi5/8Co1/4Mn1/16Al1/16O2 (Sandia chemical preparation method) cathode powders

via in-situ X-ray Diffraction and Cyclic Voltammetry using a "coffee-bag"

type electrochem. cell. Both cathode materials did not show a monoclinic

distortion during de-intercalation but sustained the hexagonal structure

up to 4.3 V. The doping of Co into the LiNiO2 structure appears to

stabilize this lattice as the hexagonal structure over the full range of

charging (up to 4.3 V). The LiNi5/8Co1/4Mn1/16Al1/16O2 cathode material

exhibited a 160 mAh/g capacity (to 4.1 V) on its 1st cycle, while

displayed a much smaller volume change (as compared to LiNi0.8Co0.2O2)

during de-intercalation. This reduced overall volume change (2.5 vol%) may

have important implications for cycle life of this material.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 106 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:362747 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:7013

TITLE: Cathodes for secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Matsubara, Yukio; Ueda, Masami; Kikutani, Kazuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000149923	A	20000530	JP 1998-312817	19981104
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-312817	19981104

- TI Cathodes for secondary lithium battery
- IT Battery cathodes

(Li Ni oxide containing Co, Al, Mn, and B for secondary Li battery cathodes)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; Li Ni oxide containing Co, Al, Mn, and B for secondary Li battery cathodes)

IT 270918-89-3P 270918-90-6P 270918-91-7P 270918-92-8P 270918-93-9P 270918-94-0P 270918-95-1P

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Li Ni oxide containing Co, Al, Mn, and B for secondary Li battery cathodes)

AB The title cathode contains Liy(Ni1- (a+b+c)CoaAlbMnc)1-dBdO2 (y = 0.9-1.3; 0.1 < (a + b + c) \leq 0.3; 0.01 < a \leq 0.2; 0.01 < b \leq 0.1; 0.01 < c \leq 0.1; d = 0-0.03). The cathode is manufactured by mixing Li compds. with Ni1-(a+b+c)CoaAlbMnc(OH)(2+b- nz)(An-)2.mH2O (I; A is n valent anion; n = 1-3; z = 0.03-0.3; 0 \leq m <2) in aqueous media, and firing after spraying the slurry or freeze drying at 600- 900° under oxidizing atmospheric for \geq 4 h. The process may contain mixing I with B compds. in aqueous media before mixing with Li compds. A secondary Li battery using the cathodes is also claimed.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:706080 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:312432

TITLE: Cathode active mass for secondary lithium

batteries and batteries using them

INVENTOR(S): Miyashita, Takahiro; Kitamura, Hajime; Yamato, Koji;

Ota, Satoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chuo Denki Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11307094	A	19991105	JP 1998-109746	19980420
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-109746	19980420

TI Cathode active mass for secondary lithium batteries and

batteries using them

IT Battery cathodes

(Li mixed oxides containing Ni, Mn, and Co for cathodes in batteries)

IT Secondary batteries

(lithium; Li mixed oxides containing Ni, Mn, and Co for cathodes in batteries)

IT Alkali metals, uses

Alkaline earth metals

Group IIB elements

Group IIIA elements

Group IVA elements

Transition metals, uses

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(mixed oxides containing; Li mixed oxides containing Ni, Mn, and Co for cathodes in batteries)

ΤТ 247565-29-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.05Mn0.2Ni0.6502) 247565-30-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.9Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-32-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.92Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-33-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.94Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-34-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.95Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-35-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li0.98Mn0.04Ni0.79O2) 247565-36-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17LiMn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-37-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li1.08Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-38-4, Cobalt lithium manganese

nickel oxide (Co0.17Li1.15Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-38-4, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.17Li1.15Mn0.04Ni0.7902) 247565-39-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.02Ni0.7902) 247565-40-8, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.08Ni0.7902) 247565-41-9, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.502)

247565-42-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide

(Co0.2Li1.05Mn0.4Ni0.4O2) 247565-43-1, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.7O2) 247565-45-3, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.03Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.68O2) 247565-47-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.65O2) 247565-48-6, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.08Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.63O2) 247565-50-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.6O2) 247565-51-1, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.55O2) 247565-52-2, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.25Li1.05Mn0.3Ni0.3Ni0.45O2)

247565-53-3 247565-54-4 247565-55-5

247565-57-7 247565-59-9 247565-61-3 247565-63-5 247565-65-7

247565-66-8 247565-69-1 247565-71-5

247565-73-7 247565-76-0 247565-77-1 247565-78-2 247565-79-3 247565-80-6 247565-81-7 247565-82-8 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (Li mixed oxides containing Ni, Mn, and Co for cathodes in batteries) The title cathode active mass comprises Li1-aNi1-b-c-dMnbCocMdO2 (M is an addn1. element; a = -0.15 to 0.10; b = 0.02-0.45; c = 0-0.50; d = 0-0.20) and shows remained Li amount x = 0.20-0.30 after Li desorption and heat generation 0-30% while heating at 175-300° vs. that of LixNiO2. Secondary batteries using the cathodes are also claimed. The active mass provides high capacity, long cycle life, low cost, and good thermal stability. ANSWER 108 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:163152 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:239957 TITLE: Secondary lithium battery having coated mixed oxide particles as cathode active mass INVENTOR(S): Sunagawa, Takuya; Ohshita, Ryuji; Watanabe, Hiroshi; Noma, Toshiyuki; Nishio, Koji PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE ____ _____ _____ A 19990309 JP 1997-247779 19970827 JP 1997-247779 19970827 JP 11067209 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Secondary lithium battery having coated mixed oxide particles as cathode active mass Battery cathodes (Li battery having coated mixed oxide particles as cathode active mass for storage stability in charging state) 12190-79-3P, Cobalt lithium oxide (CoLiO2) 118557-79-2P, Cobalt iron lithium oxide (Co0.9Fe0.1LiO2) 134398-46-2P, Cobalt lithium tungsten oxide (Co0.9LiW0.102) 134398-47-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (Co0.9LiMn0.102) 147521-48-0P, Cobalt lithium vanadium oxide (Co0.9LiV0.102) 150030-49-2P, Cobalt copper lithium oxide (Co0.9Cu0.1LiO2) 154471-92-8P, Cobalt lithium borate oxide (Co0.9Li(BO3)0.101.7) 163219-55-4P, Cobalt lithium oxide silicate (Co0.9LiO1.6(SiO4)0.1) 199923-74-5P, Aluminum cobalt lithium oxide (Al0.1Co0.9LiO2) 221332-84-9P, Cobalt gallium lithium oxide (Co0.9Ga0.1LiO2) 221332-94-1P, Chromium cobalt lithium oxide (Cr0.1Co0.9LiO2) 221333-00-2P, Cobalt lithium zinc oxide (Co0.9LiZn0.102) RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (Li battery having coated mixed oxide particles as cathode active mass for storage stability in charging state) 193214-71-0P, Aluminum cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.602) RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (Li battery having coated mixed oxide particles as cathode active mass for storage stability in charging state)

In the battery, the cathode active mass comprises base particles

AΒ

ΙT

ΤТ

AB

having a composition LiaCobMncMldNil-(b+c+d)O2 (M1= B, Al, Si, Fe, V, Cr, Cu, Zn, Ga, and/or W; 0< a <1.2; 0.1 \leq b <0.5; 0.05 \leq c <0.4; $0 \le d < 0.4$; $0.15 \le b + c + d < 0.7$) coated with a mixed oxide having a composition LieCol-fM2fO2 (M2 = Mn, B, Al, Si, Fe, V, Cr, Cu, Zn, Ga, and/or W; 0< e <1.2; 0 \leq f <0.5). Since the base particles have high structural stability and the coating layer improves storage stability of the particles in charging state., the battery shows good cycling performance and high storage stability in charging state.

ANSWER 109 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:703437 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:304531

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:62077a,62080a

TITLE: Cathode material for use in nonaqueous-electrolyte

battery, its preparation, and

nonaqueous-electrolyte battery having cathode prepared from this material

Sunagawa, Takuya; Watanabe, Hiroshi; Ohshita, Ryuji; INVENTOR(S):

Fujimoto, Masahisa; Nohma, Toshiyuki; Nishio, Koji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT	NO.			KINI	D -	DATE		AP	PLIC.	ATI	ON I	NO.			DATE	
	872 872				A1 B1		1998 2003		EP	199	8-1	.067	25			19980	414
	R:	AT,	BE,	•	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB, G	R, I	Τ,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	PT,
		89731		шΙ,	A	·	1998			199	, ,		_			19970	
		25957 1607			A B2		1999 2004		JP	199	7-2	2301	45			19970	827
PRIORIT	Y AP	PLN.	INFO	.:						199 199			_			19970 19970	
									JP	199	7-2	2301	45		A	19970	827

- Cathode material for use in nonaqueous-electrolyte battery, its preparation, and nonaqueous-electrolyte battery having cathode prepared from this material
- ΙT Secondary batteries

(lithium, lithium-ion; performance of)

Battery cathodes ΤT

(lithium-metal compound oxide for use in nonaq.-electrolyte)

146956-42-5P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.2Ni0.402) ΤТ 176206-89-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.3LiMn0.2Ni0.502) 179802-94-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.05LiMn0.05Ni0.902) 179802-96-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.702) 190902-70-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.05Ni0.8502) 191024-83-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.1Ni0.502) 193214-71-0P 193215-05-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.2Ni0.602) 193215-92-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502) 214473-55-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.01LiMn0.09Ni0.902) 214473-56-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.09LiMn0.01Ni0.902) 214473-57-1P 214473-59-3P 214473-60-6P 214473-63-9P 214473-65-1P 214473-66-2P 214473-68-4P 214473-69-5P

214473-70-8P 214473-71-9P 214473-72-0P

214473-73-1P 214473-74-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.45LiMn0.05Ni0.502) 214473-75-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.85Ni0.0502) 214473-76-4P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.9LiMn0.05Ni0.0502) 214473-77-5P 214473-78-6P 214473-79-7P 214473-80-0P 214473-81-1P 214473-82-2P 214473-85-5P 214473-86-6P 214473-87-7P 214473-88-8P RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (cathode material for use in nonaq.-electrolyte battery and its preparation) 96-48-0, γ -Butyrolactone 96-49-1, Ethylene carbonate 105-58-8, Diethyl carbonate 616-38-6, Dimethyl carbonate 14283-07-9, Lithium fluoroborate 21324-40-3, Phosphate(1-), hexafluoro-, lithium 132843-44-8, Lithium bis(pentafluoroethylsulfonyl)imide RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (cathode material for use in nonaq.-electrolyte battery containing) The title battery includes an anode, a nonaq.-electrolyte, and a cathode using a Li-metal compound oxide as a cathode, which contains at least Ni, Co, and Mn, and has a peak with a full width at half maximum of $\leq 0.22^{\circ}$ at $2\theta = 18.71 \pm 0.25^{\circ}$ as measured by the powder x-ray diffraction anal. using a Cu $K\alpha$ x-ray source or employing a cathode material composed of a Li-metal compound oxide which contains at least Ni, Co and Mn, and a nonag. electrolyte which includes a solvent containing ethylene carbonate and a solute containing ≥1 type of F-containing compound REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 110 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 1998:505297 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>> ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:191546 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:38873a,38876a TITLE: Nonaqueous-electrolyte alkali metal secondary batteries using alkali metal nickel mixed oxide boride cathodes INVENTOR(S): Ikawa, Akiko; Tsuoka, Shigeo; Komatsu, Yoshimi; Yamauchi, Hisako; Yoshikawa, Masanori; Muranaka, Kivoshi PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi, Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: Nonaqueous-electrolyte alkali metal secondary batteries using

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10208743	A	19980807	JP 1997-15031	19970129
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-15031	19970129
TI Noncessour clocked	1+ 0 011	rali matal d	accordary battarica wain	~

TΙ alkali metal nickel mixed oxide boride cathodes

Battery cathodes ΤТ

Safety

ΙT

AB

L3

(nonaq.-electrolyte alkali metal secondary batteries using alkali metal Ni Al mixed oxide cathodes)

7439-93-2, Lithium, uses ТТ

RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material

use); USES (Uses)

(batteries; nonaq.-electrolyte alkali metal secondary batteries using alkali metal Ni Al mixed oxide cathodes)

IT 211755-91-8, Cobalt lithium nickel borate oxide (Co0.3Li0.05-

1.2Ni0.69(BO3)0.0101.97) 211755-93-0, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1Li0.05-1.2Mn0.01Ni0.8901.99) 211755-94-1 211755-96-3,

Lithium manganese nickel borate oxide (LI0.05-

1.2Mn0.3Ni0.69(BO3)0.0101.97) 211755-98-5, Lithium magnesium manganese nickel oxide (Li0.05-1.2Mg0.01Mn0.1Ni0.8901.99) 211755-99-6

211756-01-3 211756-03-5 211756-05-7 211756-06-8

211756-07-9 211756-10-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(cathode active mass; nonaq.-electrolyte alkali metal secondary batteries using alkali metal Ni Al mixed oxide cathodes)

AB The title batteries comprise AwMgvNixMyBzO2 (A = alkali metal; M = Mn, Co; w = 0.05-1.2; v = 0.001-0.02; x = 0.6-0.95; y = 0.05-0.4; z = 0.001-0.02) as cathode active mass and electrolytes containing Li salts. The cathodes have high capacity and the batteries show long cycling life and decreased overvoltage during charging and discharging and are safety.

L3 ANSWER 111 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:493959 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:163986

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:33305a,33308a

TITLE: Nonaqueous-electrolyte lithium secondary

batteries showing excellent cycling

characteristics

INVENTOR(S): Isakawa, Takuya; Fujimoto, Hiroyuki; Watanabe,

Hiroshi; Noma, Toshiyuki; Nishio, Akiji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sanyo Electric Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10199525	А	19980731	JP 1997-5136	19970116
JP 3281829	B2	20020513		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1997-5136	19970116

TI Nonaqueous-electrolyte lithium secondary batteries showing excellent cycling characteristics

IT Battery cathodes

(Li secondary batteries with cathodes containing substituted Li(Ni,Co,Mn)O2)

IT 193215-20-2P 211238-69-6P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide

(Co0.04LiNi0.9502) 211238-76-5P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.04Ni0.9502) 211238-86-7P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide

(Al0.04LiNi0.9502) 211238-94-7P 211239-01-9P

211239-08-6P 211239-14-4P 211239-20-2P

211239-28-0P 211239-33-7P 211239-42-8P

211239-50-8P 211239-57-5P 211239-60-0P

211239-66-6P 211239-71-3P 211239-75-7P

211239-77-9P 211239-82-6P 211239-88-2P

211239-93-9P 211239-99-5P 211240-04-9P

211240-08-3P 211240-14-1P 211240-19-6P

211240-25-4P 211240-30-1P 211240-34-5P

211240-39-0P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(cathodes; Li secondary batteries with cathodes containing substituted Li(Ni,Co,Mn)O2)

AB The title batteries use cathodes containing LiaCobMncMdNi1-(b+c+d)O2 (M = Y, B, Al, Si, Ti, Fe, V, Cr, Cu, Zn, Ga, Ge, Rb, Rh, Pd, W; 0 < a < 1.2; 0 < b < 0.5; 0 < c < 0.4; 0 < d < 0.4; 0 < b + c + d < 0.5). By substituting a part of Ni in LiaCobMncNi1-(b+c)O2 with M, undesired elution of Mn into the electrolytes is suppressed.

L3 ANSWER 112 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:543493 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:138098

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:26597a,26600a

TITLE: Cathode active material for secondary lithium

battery, manufacture of this material, and

secondary lithium battery

INVENTOR(S): Aoki, Takashi; Nagata, Mikito; Tsukamoto, Junichi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Japan Storage Battery Company Limited, Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 782206	A1	19970702	EP 1996-120921	 19961227
EP 782206	B1	20030416		
R: DE, FR,	GB			
JP 09237631	A	19970909	JP 1996-342516	19961205
JP 3897387	B2	20070322		
CN 1156910	A	19970813	CN 1996-114088	19961227
US 5718989	A	19980217	US 1996-774226	19961227
US 5795558	A	19980818	US 1997-947494	19971009
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO).:		JP 1995-353033	A 19951229
			JP 1996-342516	A 19961205
			US 1996-774226	A3 19961227

- II Cathode active material for secondary lithium battery, manufacture of this material, and secondary lithium battery
- IT Battery cathodes

(active material for secondary lithium)

ΤТ 12031-65-1P, Lithium nickel oxide (LiNiO2) 113066-89-0P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.2LiNi0.802) 116327-69-6P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide 143623-49-8P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.1LiNi0.902) 143623-51-2P, Cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Co0.25LiNi0.7502) 144973-42-2P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15LiNi0.8502)149887-20-7P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.3Ni0.702) 163596-49-4P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.1Ni0.902) (LiMn0.2Ni0.802) 164175-46-6P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide 164175-47-7P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05LiNi0.9502) (Al0.2LiNi0.802) 172484-40-1P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide 179186-44-8P, Lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiNi0.902) 179802-95-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (LiMn0.4Ni0.602) 179802-96-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel (Co0.1LiMn0.1Ni0.8O2) oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.702) 190902-69-3P, Aluminum lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15LiNi0.8502) 193214-22-1P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.1LiNi0.8502) 193214-24-3P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.15LiNi0.802) 193214-25-4P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.2LiNi0.75O2) 193214-27-6P, Aluminum cobalt

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lithium nickel oxide (Al0.05Co0.25LiNi0.702) 193214-33-4P, Aluminum
                                                 193214-37-8P, Aluminum
cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.1LiNi0.802)
                                                    193214-39-0P,
cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.15LiNi0.7502)
Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.2LiNi0.702)
                                                            193214-41-4P,
Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.1Co0.25LiNi0.6502)
193214-44-7P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.1LiNi0.75O2)
193214-45-8P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.15LiNi0.702)
193214-46-9P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.25LiNi0.602)
193214-47-0P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.2Co0.1LiNi0.7O2)
193214-48-1P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.2Co0.15LiNi0.6502)
193214-49-2P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.2Co0.2LiNi0.602)
193214-50-5P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.2Co0.25LiNi0.5502)
193214-51-6P, Aluminum cobalt lithium nickel oxide (Al0.15Co0.2LiNi0.6502)
193214-53-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.15LiMn0.1Ni0.7502) 193214-55-0P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Co0.25LiMn0.1Ni0.6502)
                               193214-56-1P, Aluminum lithium manganese
nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.1Ni0.8502) 193214-57-2P
193214-58-3P 193214-60-7P 193214-63-0P
193214-64-1P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Al0.1LiMn0.1Ni0.802) 193214-66-3P 193214-69-6P
193214-71-0P 193214-73-2P 193214-75-4P, Aluminum
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.15LiMn0.1Ni0.7502)
193214-77-6P 193214-79-8P 193214-80-1P
193214-83-4P
              193214-86-7P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Al0.2LiMn0.1Ni0.702) 193214-88-9P 193214-89-0P
193214-91-4P 193214-94-7P 193215-00-8P, Cobalt lithium
manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.2Ni0.702) 193215-03-1P, Cobalt
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMn0.2Ni0.6502)
                                                       193215-05-3P.
Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.2Ni0.602)
193215-08-6P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.25LiMn0.2Ni0.5502) 193215-11-1P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.2Ni0.7502) 193215-14-4P 193215-17-7P
193215-20-2P 193215-23-5P
                           193215-24-6P, Aluminum
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiMn0.2Ni0.702) 193215-25-7P
193215-27-9P 193215-28-0P 193215-30-4P
193215-32-6P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Al0.15LiMn0.2Ni0.6502) 193215-33-7P 193215-34-8P
193215-35-9P 193215-36-0P
                           193215-38-2P, Aluminum
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.2LiMn0.2Ni0.602) 193215-41-7P
193215-44-0P 193215-45-1P 193215-48-4P
193215-50-8P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.3Ni0.602)
193215-51-9P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.15LiMn0.3Ni0.5502)
                         193215-53-1P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502)
                             193215-54-2P, Cobalt lithium manganese
nickel oxide (Co0.25LiMn0.3Ni0.4502)
                                     193215-56-4P, Aluminum lithium
manganese nickel oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.3Ni0.6502) 193215-58-6P
193215-60-0P 193215-62-2P 193215-64-4P
193215-66-6P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Al0.1LiMn0.3Ni0.602) 193215-69-9P 193215-71-3P
193215-73-5P 193215-74-6P
                          193215-75-7P, Aluminum
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.15LiMn0.3Ni0.5502)
193215-77-9P 193215-79-1P 193215-82-6P
193215-83-7P
              193215-84-8P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Al0.2LiMn0.3Ni0.502) 193215-85-9P 193215-87-1P
193215-88-2P 193215-89-3P
                           193215-92-8P, Cobalt lithium
manganese nickel oxide (Co0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502)
                                             193215-94-0P, Cobalt
lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.15LiMn0.4Ni0.4502)
                                                        193215-96-2P,
Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.402)
193215-97-3P, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide
(Co0.25LiMn0.4Ni0.3502) 193215-98-4P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel
oxide (Al0.05LiMn0.4Ni0.5502) 193216-00-1P 193216-02-3P
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193216-03-4P 193216-05-6P 193216-08-9P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.1LiMn0.4Ni0.502) 193216-10-3P 193216-13-6P 193216-16-9P 193216-18-1P 193216-21-6P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.15LiMn0.4Ni0.4502) 193216-24-9P 193216-26-1P 193216-30-7P 193216-32-9P 193216-34-1P, Aluminum lithium manganese nickel oxide (Al0.2LiMn0.4Ni0.4O2) 193216-36-3P 193216-38-5P 193216-40-9P 193216-42-1P RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation) (cathode active material for secondary lithium battery) The material is a complex oxide LiNi1-p-q-rCopMnqAlrO2, where q ≤ 0.3 , p ≤ 0.25 , and 0 <r ≤ 0.15 ; q = 0, p = 0.15-0.25, $0 < r \le 0.15$; or $0 < q \le 0.3$, $p \le 0.25$, and 0 < r ≤ 0.15 with p + q ≤ 0.4 . The material is prepared from mixts. of appropriate hydroxides, hydroxide oxides, and a Li compound such as LiOH, Li2CO3, or LiNO3.

L3 ANSWER 113 OF 113 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:172540 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080630>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:172540

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 118:29531a,29534a

TITLE: Secondary lithium batteries

INVENTOR(S): Mishima, Hiromitsu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yuasa Battery Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04267053	A	19920922	JP 1991-50487	19910221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-50487	19910221

TI Secondary lithium batteries

IT Cathodes

AB

(battery, lithium-intercalating transition metal oxide, compns. and manufacture of)

IT 118819-39-9, Cobalt lithium manganese oxide (co0.8limn0.2o2) 146956-41-4 146956-42-5, Cobalt lithium manganese nickel oxide (Co0.4LiMn0.2Ni0.4O2) 146956-50-5, Cobalt lithium vanadium oxide RL: USES (Uses)

(cathodes, lithium-intercalating, for batteries)

IT 7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses

RL: USES (Uses)

(lithium-intercalating metal oxide cathodes containing, for batteries)

AB The batteries use LixMyM1zO2 (M = Fe, Co, and/or Ni; M1 = Ti, V, Cr, and/or Mn) for their cathodes. The batteries have long cycle life and high energy d.